The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, THURSDAY JUNE 22, 1899. XXXVIII—NO. 16

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon, Ohio, J. H. Hunt, President, H. L. McLain, Cashier.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN' dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No, 5 South Erie street.

Some time twixt spring and the wane of the year, you should avail yourself of nature's bounteous and soothing passageway between Cleveland and Buffalo. Go often. Be continuously merry.

The great chain of unsalted seas present as pretty a water-color picture as you could desire to brush against. The humdrum monotony of every day life becomes but a fleeting remembrance, care and ennui give way to the restful delights of the present, and you get your money's worth.

We have a fleet of powerful, commodious and magnificently appointed steamers, which ply between the cities of Cleveland and Buffalo nightly, and Cleveland and Toledo each day.

The Cleveland & Buffalo Transit Company, Cleveland, O

Half Rates to California,

via the Chicago & North-Western Railway, affording the quickest time, grandest scenery, variable routes and perfect service. Chicago to Los Angeles and return $64.50, tickets on sale June 25 to July 8, limited to return until September 4, 1899, on account of Annual Meeting National Educational Association. Illustrated pamphlet sent free on application. For rates and other information ask your nearest ticket agent, or write D. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. 25c a bottle.

Half Rates to Colorado.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railway will sell tickets to Denver, Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Glenwood Springs, Col., at one fare for the round trip, plus $2.00, June 25th to July 11th, tickets limited to October 31, 1899. The Colorado Special leaves Chicago 10:00 a. m.; daily, arrives Denver next afternoon, and Colorado Springs same evening. Only one night en route. All meals in Dining Cars. The Pacific Express leaves Chicago 10:30 p. m. daily, arrives Denver and Colorado Springs the second morning. No change of cars, either train. For particulars call agents of connecting lines or D. W. Aldridge, 127 The Arcade, Cleveland, O.

Slusser's Vegetable Liver Pills

cure Constipation and all Liver Troubles. All druggists. 35 Pills 25c.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

B & B

Read---Heed —to your profit.

45 cent figured Mohairs, 15c—cost the mill more than twice to make. Light gray effects—summery—splendid quality.

75 cent check Suitings 35 cents.

Dollar ones 50c.

Lot of 10 cent Madras Ginghams 6¼c—pretty styles.

Fine 25c Madras 12½c.

Genuine Imported Organdies 10c—neat floral printings on white and light colored grounds—genuine imported—10 cents.

It's good, desirable seasonable goods we're talking about.

Telling you exactly what they're worth.

Prices so far under worth as makes them offerings without equal.

Get samples—Worth writing about this very day.

Superb India and Foulard Silks---handsome summery styles—50c.

And choice wash silks 35c that will interest every woman who wants fashionable hot weather silks.

BOGGS & BUHL,

DEPARTMENT X.

ALLEGHENY, PA.

WATSON IN COMMAND.

Admiral Rased His Flag on the Baltimore.

VISITED BY FLEET CAPTAINS.

Perez Das Marinas Was Easily Taken. Wheaton's Forces Had but Little Opposition—Place Surrounded by Swamps. Wheaton May Retire to Imus.

MANILA, June 21.—Rear Admiral John C. Watson arrived here Tuesday on board the United States transport Zafiro, from Hongkong, and raised his flag on the United States cruiser Baltimore. The commanders of all the warships called upon the admiral during the course of the day.

The troops commanded by General Wheaton entered Perez das Marinas Tuesday, without opposition, except upon the part of small bodies of rebels, who inflicted no losses upon the Americans. The town is an unimportant one, surrounded by swamps.

General Wheaton will probably return to Imus.

A list of the American casualties in Monday's fighting showed that five were killed and 23 wounded. The list included no officers. The wounded were brought to Manila from Bacoor in canoes.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—General Otis sent the following:

MANILA, June 20.

Adjutant General, Washington:

Wheaton at Imus, Cavite province, with four guns, four battalions, Fourth and Fourteenth infantry, Nevada troop cavalry; sent battalion south on reconnoissance direction of Das Marinas yesterday morning. where enemy reported concentrating scattered forces; battalion encountered enemy's force, 2,000, marching to attack Imus; successful impeding its progress. Wheaton with two guns and two battalions hurried forward; repulsed enemy with heavy loss; enemy leaving over 100 dead on field; our loss five killed 23 wounded. Wheaton reinforced last night by battalion Ninth infantry; is driving enemy beyond Das Marinas, now in his possession. Casualties today not reported. Wheaton's qualities for bold and successful attack unsurpassed. OTIS.

HAWKINS FOR BRIGADIER.

Barnett Sent Word MacArthur Was Understood to Have Recommended It. Friends to Investigate.

PITTSBURG, June 21.—Lieutenant Colonel Barnett of the Tenth Pennsylvania, in a letter to his law partner, R. B. Scandrett, dated Cavite, May 2, said in part:

"We cannot understand why Colonel Hawkins does not get his star. The colonel and I talked the matter over, and have come to the conclusion that perhaps it is because brigadier generals are now being mustered out, and the president does not want to appoint any more on that account. No other plausible reason can suggest itself. The colonel wants me to write you to help get the matter straightened out.

"All he wants, and all the regiment wants, is to have him appointed a full brigadier and then ordered home with the Tenth. He does not want a command and the matter ought to be arranged very easily. I understand General MacArthur has already recommended him for full brigadier.

"The delay has worried the old man a good deal, and, between us, he is not in good physical shape at all. He has lost over 75 pounds and doesn't weigh much more than I do."

Why the promotion has been tied up in Washington is past the understanding of the friends of Colonel Hawkins. It is understood that a committee will make it their personal business to know why he has not been promoted when recommended.

STORM AND CLOUDBURST.

Mansfield and Shelby Had Heavy Rains and Londonville a Veritable Deluge—Man Missing.

MANSFIELD, June 21.—A storm of unusual severity occurred here and extended to other points in Ohio, notably Shelby, on the northwest, and Londonville, on the southeast. A number of houses in the lower part of this city were moved from foundations and dwellings and places of business were under water several feet deep.

The street car power house was flooded and traffic on all railroads was suspended. All factories in the lower part of the city were flooded and unable to run. No one was drowned, but there were many narrow escapes. Two hundred people at the Casino were surrounded by the flood. Many waded out, but others were compelled to remain all night in darkness. The total damage in the city is estimated at $50,000, and may be more.

At Shelby the rise in the little stream running through the town was so rapid that citizens were aroused about 2 a. m. by the fire alarm and by ringing of church bells. All cellars were flooded, and the principal streets became running streams and business was at a standstill. The Baltimore and Ohio railroad suffered from washouts.

At Loudonville the storm seems to have gathered strength, and there was a decided cloudburst. Horsetail creek soon broke over its banks with such force that the first house it struck, that of Isaac Hunter, was swept from its foundations and completely destroyed. Hunter is missing and may be drowned. Bridges and roadways have been broken or destroyed, entailing a loss of $100,000. The damage to crops, fences, live stock, etc., will reach perhaps $200,000 more.

Charge Against Ong Dismissed.

CLEVELAND, June 21.—Justice Griswold dismissed the charge of embezzlement preferred several days ago against Judge W. C. Ong by a former client.

ENDANGERED THE TEXAS.

Evidence Alleging That Schley Did so and Expressed Lack of Concern.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Following the statement of Lieutenant Commander Hodgson respecting the events that occurred on the bridge of the Brooklyn, July 3, the navy department made public a report from Captain Chadwick of his examination of Lieutenant Commander Heilner, which said in part:

Lieutenant Commander Heilner stated as follows:

"At one of the early sessions of the board on ships' positions during the action of July 3, I strongly expressed my doubt as to the Brooklyn's position before making the loop, as laid down by Mr. Hodgson; several other navigators, Mr. Comly and Mr. Schuetz, I know sided with me. Mr. Hodgson and I on this particular occasion walked up and down the port side of the cabin of the Brooklyn, in which the board was sitting. It is my impression that Mr. Hodgson claimed that the Brooklyn was 1,100 yards from the leading Spanish ships when the turn was made.

"The board, I think, put it later at 1,400 yards. Mr. Hodgson told me that he felt certain they were closer than 1,400 yards, and that their stadimeter gave 800 yards. He said: 'We were so close that Schley gave the order "hard a port." I said to him, 'you mean starboard, do you not?' The commander said: 'No, I mean port; we are close enough to them now.' Mr. Hodgson then said he called attention to the position of the Texas and told the commodore he thought there was danger of running her down. The commodore replied: 'Damn the Texas; let her look out for herself.' This conversation was repeated to me on several occasions.

"Everything I say now was contained in Mr. Hodgson's statement. The words may have been a litile different. He may have said 'don't you mean starboard, commodore,' instead of the first phraseology; he certainly said 'we are near enough to them now,' and also 'damn the Texas, let her look out for herself.'

"He repeated this conversation to me at least three times during the sessions of the board, because every time a discussion arose I recurred to the position given by him, which I did not think correct. I placed no dependence on any observation by stadimeter or sextant during gun fire."

The navy department gave out the following correction in Captain Chadwick's letter anent the Hodgson statement:

"The typewritten copy of statement of Captain Chadwick and Lieutenant Commander Hodgson, given to the press yesterday (Monday), was in error in the following points:

"At out one-third from the beginning, where published statement reads: 'I intended him to understand there was danger of running into the Texas, he said 'all right,' or words to that effect. I cannot repeat verbatim. It should have read: I intended him to understand there was danger of running into the Texas. He said: 'All right; the Texas must look out for that,' or words to that effect. I cannot repeat verbatim."

CIVILIANS IN WAR.

Committee Reported to the Peace Conference Articles Defining Their Treatment by Armies.

THE HAGUE, June 21.—The Brussels conference sub-committee of the international peace commission convened, Prof. De Martens of the Russian delegation presiding. The drafting committee's report was amended in regard to awarding greater protection to neutral states; defining the rights of civil populations to organize for resistance and the rights of armies as toward armed civilians. The clauses of the report were adopted.

The report of the sub-committee will be presented to the conference, and it is believed that nearly all the powers will adopt the new articles as a basis of instructions for armies when entering the field.

The Geneva convention committee held a plenary session to consider the report of its sub-committee. Captain Mahan of the American delegation again drew attention to the omission of an article defining the exact status of wounded and shipwrecked men falling into the sea during a battle and picked up by neutrals or by hospital ships. He also proposed three additional articles, which were referred to the drafting committee.

The plenary conference met to adopt these additional articles and appointed a committee to draw up a general act embodying the report of the Geneva convention section. This is the first definite result of the convention.

Maher an Easy Winner.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Peter Maher, the Irish heavyweight pugilist, scored a quick victory over his fellow countryman, Mike Morrissey of Tipperary, before the Lenox Athletic club. A light punch on the breast and a right cross to the jaw were the only blows struck, and these were delivered by Maher. The blow that Maher landed on the jaw was insufficient to knock out any man. Both fiddled for a few moments, and then Maher went right to his man with a light left hand, which landed lightly on the chest, and sent his right over to the jaw. Morrissey fell in a neutral corner and lay there resting on his right elbow, while Maher strutted about the ring until the referee counted off ten seconds.

A Printing Ink Combine.

TRENTON, June 21.—Articles of incorporation of the Federal Printing Ink company were filed at the state department. The company is formed for the purpose of manufacturing printing ink and has an authorized capital of $20,000,000. The incorporators and the number of shares held bp each are: Charles W. Mackey, New York, 500 shares; C. Harold Smith, New York, 495 shares, and George P. Vickers, Jersey City, 5 shares.

TOOK A STEAMER RIDE.

President and Party Went to Springfield Today.

GOING TO ADAMS THIS AFTERNOON

Degrees of Doctor of Laws Conferred Upon President McKinley by Both Smith and Mt. Holyoke Colleges—Mrs. McKinley Entertained by Her Niece.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 21.—President McKinley and party enjoyed a steamer ride down the Connecticut river to this place today, where there were receptions and a parade. About 4 p. m. the party will leave Springfield for Adams, Mass., by special train.

Until Wednesday, June 28, will be spent at the home of W. B. Plunkett. The president will leave for Washington on the night of the 28th.

SOUTH HADLEY, Mass., June 21.—President McKinley, besides participating in the commencement exercises at Mount Holyoke college Tuesday by awarding the diplomas to the senior class, among whom was his niece, Miss Grace McKinley, accepted in a brief address the degree of doctor of civil laws, conferred upon him by the college. After the college exercises the president held a reception on a platform in front of the village church, shaking hands with 2,400 people. Then the visitors returned to the Whiting mansion in Holyoke by electric car.

Miss Grace McKinley, the president's niece, spent her time, after she received her degree at the hands of "Uncle William," in entertaining Mrs. McKinley.

The evening was spent very quietly at the Whiting residence and the president and Mrs. McKinley retired early.

Mt. Holyoke college, in conferring a degree upon the president, followed closely after Smith college at Northampton, the trustees of which on Monday night informed the president that they had voted to confer upon him the degree of LL. D.

The president sent the following acknowledgement to President Seeleye of Smith college:

"Receive for yourselves and the trustees my high regard for the honor conferred upon me. Mrs. McKinley joins with me in hearty congratulations to the class of '99."

JONES BELIEVES IN TRUSTS.

Says They Indicate a Sentiment Tending to Public Ownership.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Mayor S. M. Jones of Toledo, in a letter to The Record on trusts, said in part:

"The triumph of the trust is one of the marvels of the closing years of the nineteenth century, but they are an economic development, strictly in the line of progress, and our problem is not how to destroy them, but how to use them for the good of all.

"What shall we do with a trust, with the continually increasing army of unemployed thrown out by these organizations? I reply, we must organize government (society) in the interest of all, for the good of all, so that we may utilize the economic side of the trust.

"Equality of opportunity or brotherhood is the goal for which the race is struggling, and the trust, while purely selfish in its inspiration, is the expression of the great social spirit now stirring the hearts of the people. The movement toward municipal ownership, toward co-operation of every sort, indicates the channel through which the people are to come into possession of their own. When they are thoroughly enlightened they will simply retake in a perfectly orderly way the properties that have passed out of their hands and became private possessions. The people will own and operate their own trusts; its name will be The Co-operative Commonwealth."

EXPLOSION AT FORT PICKENS.

One Magazine Blew Up, Killing One Man and Injuring Others.

PENSACOLA, Fla., June 21.—The smaller magazine at Fort Pickens blew up, having caught fire from some unknown cause, and was completely wrecked. One corner of the old fort storehouse and several buildings used as quarters by the laborers while at work on the new fortifications were destroyed. Private Wells of Battery H was killed and four men were badly injured, one having his arm and leg broken.

The larger magazine, in which was stored a great quantity of dynamite and other explosives, was in danger, but it and the fort were saved by brave work of Captain Neumann and the marines from the navyyard.

Valuble Yellow Fever Serum.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Dr. Alvah P. Doty, the health officer of the port, is much elated over the successful results of the experiments with a serum produced at his laboratory for the prevention of yellow fever. Dr. Doty says he will send samples of the serum to his agent at Havana, where it is expected it will be used with success in the preservation of the lives of yellow fever patients.

Situation Serious, Said Miles.

NEW YORK, June 21.—"The situation in the Philippines is very serious," said General Nelson A. Miles. "I know nothing concerning the story that the war department is suppressing the news from Manila. But everybody knows that things are very serious there. The question of issuing a call for volunteers has not, I believe, been decided. I do not care to discuss the Philippine matter. I am here on private business."

Loubet Summoned M. Bourgeois.

PARIS, June 21.—It was definitely announced that President Loubet had asked M. Bourgeois, who is head of the Radical delegation at the Hague peace conference, to form a cabinet.

IDLE MEN IN DAWSON.

Hundreds Who Are Unable to Get Away. Two New Gold Strikes Reported.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., June 21.—A number of Klondikers who arrived here on the steamer Dirigo present the dark side of Klondike life. They say that Dawson is crowded with idle men who are willing to work for most any wages.

Thirty-five cents an hour and board yourself was the prevailing wages for common laborer. They said there were hundreds of men with no prospects of securing work, and that the only way they will be able to get out of the country will be through government assistance.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 21.—From advices received here it would seem that a mining expedition, in which Prince Luigi of Italy is interested struck it rich near Port Clarence, Alaska, a government reindeer station.

A letter from Charles E. Chard of this city, one of the party, says he and two others took out $20 a day from Discovery claim with a rocker. He says a man could have worked out $100 a day by sluicing.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 21.—The steamer Tees arrived from Alaska with 50 passengers from Dawson and a small amount of gold dust, estimated at $50,000.

The news of the drowning of Tom Smith of Ottawa in the Klondike river was brought.

The Tees brought what seems an incredible report of a wonderfully rich strike on Dahley river, in the Koyokuk district. Chunks of virgin gold two inches square are said to have been taken out, according to arrivals at Dawson from Circle City and Forty Mile. The report caused a stampede from Dawson, it is said.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

The State Meeting In Session—Talk of Making Columbus the Permanent Headquarters.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., June 21.—The thirty-third annual state encampment of the G. A. R., department of Ohio, opened in the opera house here. After prayer by the chaplain, Mayor Moore delivered an address of welcome, which was responded to by J. H. Winship of Cleveland. The morning session was given over to Department Commander Pugh's address, reports of department officers and appointments of committees.

The afternoon session was devoted to the routine work and the selection of next place of meeting. Cleveland is working for the next encampment. It is stated an effort will be made to have Columbus made the permanent headquarters of the state encampments and a spirited fight against it is likely to result. The active candidates for department commander are Postmaster Monfort of Cincinnati and T. R. Shinn of Ashland. The Woman's Relief corps and Laides of the G. A. R. are also holding conventions.

DRAWBACKS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Report to Agricultural Department Showed Soil Rich—Dangers to Health.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The agricultural department received an interesting report from Lieutenant A. R. Hayne, California heavy artillery, on agriculture in the Philippines, dated Manila. Lieutenant Hayne had been able to make no personal observations beyond the American lines, but he transmitted the translation of an article prepared for him by Senor Manuel del Busto, chief of the agricultural experiment station in Manila.

The great fertility of the soil is pointed out, and it is said that only in a few restricted areas, where three crops a year have been gathered without interruption for several centuries, is there any apparent need of fertilizers.

In addition to the difficulty of securing reliable labor, the agriculturist is confronted at the start with the necessity for an immense amount of work in clearing new land. When this is accomplished and a luxuriant crop raised, it is at the mercy of the first typhoon.

Besides the typhoon, there is to be feared in certain provinces the "dagudo," or dry land wind, which dries up and destroys vegetation. Diseases, so far hardly known to European doctors, result from the turning up of this virgin soil. According to competent medical authority, many of these strange disorders cause death within a few hours, while from others, even if the patient recovers, he is condemned to a wretched and lingering existence.

Another of the great difficulties in the way of agricultural development is the utter lack of roads and shipping points.

The native Filipino is unable to do any large amount of work and cares to do less.

The lack of credit is another serious handicap to enterprise. The minimum cost of money in the Philippines regardless of security is 12 per cent.

The price of nearly all crops is steadily falling as the production retrogrades in quantity and quality.

A Train Robber Sentenced.

HARTVILLE, Mo., June 21.—John Kennedy was convicted of complicity in the train robbery on the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis railroad at Macombe, Mo., on Jan. 3 last, and his punishment fixed at 17 years in the penitentiary.

Killed a Man and Suicided.

PITTSBURG, June 21.—James Armstrong, a millman, shot and killed Thos. Welsh on the South Side, and then committed suicide. It was due to jealously over Welsh's alleged attentions to his wife, who had left him.

Stricken With Paralysis.

COLUMBUS, June 21.—Junius Dreyfus, a glass manufacturer residing at 63 West Eighty-eight street, New York, was stricken with paralysis on a train between Cincinnati and Columbus. He was taken from the train to the state hospital here in a critical condition.

ASSAULTS BY RIOTERS.

Mob After Non-Unionists In Cleveland Car Barn.

MEN BADLY BEATEN ON CARS.

One Operator Fired Into a Crowd, a Striker Being Hit In the Leg—City Council Committee Trying to Settle the Strike.

CLEVELAND, June 21.—A big mob surrounded the South Side barns of the Big Consolidated company, determined to get at the non-union men who are housed there. A special committee of the city council succeeded in inducing the strikers to submit a proposition in writing, and getting the consent of President Everett of the Big Consolidated to submit the same to the board of directors. The strikers' proposition abandoned the demand for the recognition of the union, but asks that all the old men be taken back save those who may be convicted in court of destroying property.

A crowd boarded a Wade Park avenue car near Lindus and Annadale avenues and beat the non-union motorman into insensibility. The conductor deserted his car and fled. Another Wade Park avenue car was stoned and one on the Euclid avenue line was attacked. Many women were on board and shrieked with terror as the stones crashed through the windows. One woman fainted. At the corner of Willson avenue and Quincy street one man was shot and others had narrow escapes. The passengers escaped as best they could when the stones began to fly, but the conductor and motorman were struck repeatedly. The latter drew a revolver and fired three times into the crowd. He then put on all speed and ran his car out of the mob's reach. Geo. Berg, Jr., a striking conductor, was hit in the leg by a bullet, which was extracted. No arrests.

The men got on Scovill avenue car No 224 at different crossings. When Harry C. Clark, the conductor, was taking up fares one of the men gave him a 50 cent piece. As Clark started to make change he was struck on the head from behind by a coupling pin in the hands of another of the prssengers. Several of the others then jumped on him and pounded him into insensibility. The others turned their attention to the motorman, whose name is John Clark. He was also hit on the head and body. He sank to the floor in a semi-unconscious condition. By this time the car, running at high speed, had reached Hackman street. Here the men all left the car. A block further on Clark, the motorman, recovered sufficiently to shut off the current and bring the car to a stop. After a short wait it was run back to the barn. Both men were badly hurt.

A. W. Weigel, a letter carrier, riding on a Euclid avenue car, was struck full in the face by a stone. He was unconscious and covered with blood when help reached him.

At the corner of Central and Willson avenues a crowd of 2,000 persons obstructed the passage of two cross-town cars. Bricks and stones were thrown and the windows of the cars broken. One of the non-union motormen, who gave his name as Charles Jones of Grand Rapids, was hit with a brick and so badly injured that it was necessary to send him to a hospital.

Later a car on the South Side line was attacked near the suburb of Brighton. The motorman and conductor were chased into the woods by a mob and they had not returned when it came time to stop running cars. No arrests were made in either case.

Four hundred employes of the Cleveland Foundry company struck because the company refused to discharge a man who had ridden on a Big Consolidated car. The man was a foreman. When it became known that he had ridden on a car the molders went to the officers of the company and demanded his discharge. The officers refused to comply with the demand and all the men walked out of the works.

TO SETTLE THE STRIKE.

CLEVELAND, June 21.—[By Associated Press]—Committees on both sides of the strike met today with the city council committee to find means to end the strike. The meeting was secret. No attempt was made to run cars over the lines today where trouble was expected.

CASSATT ELECTED.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—[By Associated Press]—Directors of the Pennsylvania railroad today elected A. J. Cassatt president of the Pennsylvania Company which operates lines west of Pittsburg. This puts him in control of the entire system.

AT SPRINGFIELD.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 21.—[By Associated Press]—The President arrived at 11:30 and was taken for a drive through the city and armory grounds. After luncheon the President was taken to the city hall, where a platform was erected.

DAMAGING STORMS.

HILLSBORO, O., June 21.—[By Associated Press]—Three storms burst over this place last night in less than two hours. Hail stones crashed through many windows and much damage was done to crops, fruit and shade trees.

4th of July, C., L. & W. Railway.

One fare for the round trip on July 3d and 4th, good returning until July 5th.

4th of July, Chippewa lake grand celebration. C. L. & W. Ry. Excursion rates.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TWO COLLISIONS.

Wheelwomen Met With Serious Accidents.

MISSES KIEHL AND HARMAN

Miss Kiehl was Injured in Main street at 11 o'clock Monday Morning, and Miss Harman in Erie Street Saturday Evening.

Miss Pearl Kiehl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Kiehl, of 77 West Main street, was riding east on Main street at 11 o'clock Monday morning. Suddenly David Myers, pedaling rapidly, shot around the corner from Erie street. He did not see Miss Kiehl in time to stop, and a collision occurred. The young woman was carried into Goodhart's store, and from there to Craig's drug store. Afterwards she was removed to her home.

Dr. Pumphrey, who was called, found that one rib was broken and another badly injured. Miss Kiehl also complained of internal pains, which led the surgeon to believe that the broken rib had caught the lungs.

Mr. Myers's wheel was ruined, while Miss Kiehl's was scarely damaged at all. Mr. Myers's was not injured.

BICYCLE COLLISION.

Miss Florence Harman Injured Saturday Evening.

Miss Florence Harman, of 164 South East street, after a bicycle collision which occurred early Saturday evening, was carried into the Hotel Massillon partially unconscious. She was badly cut and bruised about the head and face. Her wheel was totally wrecked. The other person who figured in the collision was an unknown man. He stopped long enough to learn that the young woman was not killed.

DECORATED THE GRAVES.

The Knights of Pythias Observe Memorial Day.

Massillon Knights of Pythias, the members of Enterprise Company in uniforms, decorated the graves of the twenty-three brethren whose last resting places are in the Massillon, Newman and West Brookfield cemeteries. West Brookfield and Newman were visited in the morning. Two Pythians are buried in West Brookfield and one in Newman. It was 4 o'clock in the afternoon when the knights reached the Massillon cemetery. The memorial address was delivered by B. F. Winnings, of Canton, at the cemetery.

TO MEET AT SCIO.

Trustees of Scio College to Transact Business.

The Rev. J. I. Wilson, one of the trustees of Scio college, will go to Scio tomorrow to attend the annual meeting of the board. Inasmuch as the Scio oil boom is almost at an end and the town is again settling down to its old ways, Mr. Wilson is of the opinion that the best thing to do now is to allow the college to remain right where it is. Although offered a bonus of $50,000 by one town, Mr. Wilson does not believe that anything will be gained by accepting it. At one time the removal of the institution seemed absolutely necessary, but time has brought changes. The removal of the college is one of the matters the board will discuss.

A DISTRICT ASSOCIATION.

Knights of the Maccabees Talk of Forming One.

Massillon Knights of the Maccabees are agitating the organization of an association for this, the eighteenth, district of that society. They want this association to elect its own officers, who, when in convention, shall preside, not giving way to the officers of the head camp. Another change which is being talked of is that the districting and redistricting be done by the state convention and not by the state officers.

SONS OF HARMON.

The Massillon Branch Holds a Picnic on Sunday.

The Massillon Sons of Harmon, with many friends, disported themselves in the sylvan shades of Wendling's grove, west of the city, Sunday afternoon. There was much to eat and drink. Many musicians were present. Some sang, while others played instruments. The Sons of Harmon are all Germans.

Tetter, eczema and skin diseases yield quickly to the marvelous healing qualities of Banner Salve, made from a prescription of a famous skin specialist of world wide fame. 25c. Rider & Snyder.

POMERENE AND OWEN.

They Come to Massillon to Look up Henderson Matters.

Postoffice Inspector A. P. Owen and Prosecuting Attorney Pomerene spent Sunday in Massillon, investigating matters relative to the case of William Henderson, charged with complicity in the Bender robbery and assault, whose trial began this morning.

Clapper Family Reunion.

The first annual Clapper reunion was held at Fox lake last Saturday, June 17. The people assembled at an early hour, and after a sociable time of a few hours the assembly was called to order, and a chairman elected for the day. A very delicious dinner was then served, after which the assembly was called to order by the chairman. The following programme was rendered:

Song.....Reunion Song
Summit County Choir.
Recitation.....Miss Della Clapper
Recitation.....Miss Bessie Clapper
Song.....Somewhere
Stark County Choir.
Recitation.....Cora Clapper
Recitation.....Orrin Clapper
Song.....The Men Behind the Guns
Summit County Choir.
Recitation.....Miss Edith Clapper
Duet.....Misess Violet and Emma Walters
Recitation.....Miss Grace Lower
Song.....Harvest Home
Stark County Choir.
Recitation.....W. H Rojahn
Song.....The House Where I was Born
Summit County Choir.
Essay.....History of the Clapper Family
Harry Clapper.
Song.....Row the Boat Lightly, Love
Stark County Choir.
Song.....The Echo
Miss Bessie Clapper
Song.....Free the Suffering Cubans
Summit County Choir
Song.....The Old Barn Window
Miss Edith Clapper
Recitation.....Wilson Books
Song.....Sing Again that Glad Refrain
William Robinson.
Song.....Goodnight
Stark and Summit County Choirs

The officers elected for next year's meeting are: President, B. F. Clapper; secretary and treasurer, J. D. Clapper; committee, John Clapper, Theodore Clapper and Frank Clapper.

The next reunion will be held at the same place on the third Saturday in June of 1900. W. H. R.

VACATION TRIPS.

How to Reach Principal Seashore, Mountain and Lake Resorts.

The Pennsylvania lines extend direct to places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic ocean. Atlantic City, Cape May, Asbury Park, Long Branch and resorts on the New Jersey coast are seashore terminals of the Pennsylvania system. Newport, Narragansett and summer havens in New England are reached over the Pennsylvania route via New York. The Adirondacks, White Mountains, Catskills and mountain retreats of the East are also reached through New York. Resorts in the Alleghenies are located upon the Pennsylvania route and may be reached via Pittsburg without changing cars. The Pennsylvania lines also lead to resorts in Michigan and the Lake Region through three gateways: Cleveland, Toledo and Fort Wayne. Full information about rates, through time of trains and the convenient manner in which summer resorts may be reached will be cheerfully furnished upon application to local passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania lines, or by addressing C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. A., Cleveland, O.

Excursions to Cincinnati for National Saengerfest, via Pennsylvania Lines.

June 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th low rate excursion tickets will be sold to Cincinnati, O., via Pennsylvania lines, account meeting of the National Saengerfest Association; return coupons valid Wednesday, July 5th. Ask local ticket agent of Pennsylvania lines about details.

Excursions to Columbus via Pennsylvania Lines.

June 26, 27 and 28 for Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, Ohio State Convention, low rate non-transferable excursion tickets will be sold to Columbus via Pennsylvania lines; return coupons valid Friday, June 30.

First-class Steamboat Service Between Detroit and Cleveland and Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac.

D. & C. floating steel palace steamers are now running daily between Detroit and Cleveland. Two trips per week between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac Island. Regular service will commence on June 17th. Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes. Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., D. & C. Line, Detroit, Mich.

Excursions to Xenia via Pennsylvania Lines.

The Association of ex-pupils of Ohio Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home will hold their 1899 reunion at Xenia on June 27th to 30th. Excursion tickets will be sold June 26th and 27th to Xenia, via Pennsylvania lines. Return coupons valid July 3d.

Excursions to Youngstown via Pennsylvania Lines.

June 19, 20 and 21 for G. A. R. Encampment, Department of Ohio, low rate non-transferable excursion tickets will be sold to Youngstown via Pennsylvania lines; return coupons good Saturday, June 24

CINCINNATI'S GREAT SAENGERFEST.

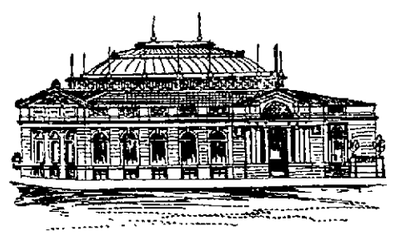
Chorus of 4,000 Male Voices From German Singing Societies.

By Otto Van Arling.

The North American Federation of German Singing societies will hold a great saengerfest during the last week of June in Cincinnati. This organization is composed of 137 societies representing all the territory between Omaha in the west and Pittsburg in the east. Each of these societies will send large delegations, and it is expected that there will be a chorus of 4,000 male voices.

Although the national organization has been in existence formally for only three years, the various societies long ago united for the purpose of holding great meetings. It has been just 50 years since the first of these concerts was given in Cincinnati, so the coming singing festival will be something in the nature of a golden jubilee for the movement.

At a cost of $40,000 the German singing societies of Cincinnati have erected especially for the saengerfest a temporary building of wood and steel. The stage alone has a seating capacity of 4,000, while the auditorium will comfortably accommodate an audience of 10,000. The building is in the form of a square, 275 feet on each side. The stage is built in one corner and there are entrances at each of the other three corners. The floor of the stage slopes upward from the front at



CINCINNATI SAENGERFEST BUILDING.

an angle of 45 degrees, so that each member of the monster chorus may watch the conductor's baton.

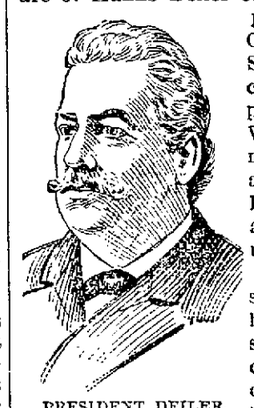
An orchestra of 150 pieces, of which Theodore Thomas' Chicago orchestra will be the nucleus, is to furnish the instrumental music. The conductor is Mr. Louis Ehrgott of Cincinnati. For many weeks he has been busy rehearsing the various parts of the chorus in different cities.

It is hoped that before the saengerfest of 1902 is held the German singing societies of the extreme east and the extreme west, which are as yet unaffiliated, will be brought into the united body.

The object of this federation is purely one of mutual helpfulness, for in gathering thus from the four points of the compass they cannot help but be of assistance to each other in the comparison of ideas and methods.

The federation has an official organ in The Lyra, published in Cincinnati, that contains not only official information of the society, but quantities of useful matter of general interest to the singers as individuals.

The present officers of the federation are J. Hanns Deiler of New Orleans, president; Charles G. Schmidt of Cincinnati, vice president; Jacob Willig of Cincinnati, secretary, and John P. Frenzel of Indianapolis, treasurer.



PRESIDENT DEILER.

Each city considers it a great honor to be chosen as the place of meeting, and once the location for a given year is fixed upon the local societies of that place leave no stone unturned to make their year eclipse all former efforts.

The first record of a German singing society in this country is that of one in Philadelphia, which, founded in the summer of 1836, is still in existence. That same year, six months later, the Liederkranz society of Baltimore came into being.

In 1838 Cincinnati saw its first body of German singers, and in 1846 another one, called the Society For Song and Culture. The year 1848 found two societies in Louisville, the German Liederkranz and the Orpheus; in St. Louis, the Maennerchor; in Milwaukee, the German Liederkranz; a German Maennerchor in Columbus, O., and one in Madison, Ind.

After the first united meeting and concert of the year 1849, there was held an uninterrupted series of annual festivals, till in 1860 the membership had increased fourfold, from 120 to 450 singers, and during these 11 years the societies had met in Cincinnati three times, in Cleveland twice and once each in Louisville, Columbus, Dayton, Canton, Detroit, Pittsburg and Buffalo.

The civil war interfered somewhat with the growth of the societies, and for four years the saengerfests were omitted, for many of the singers were listening to the whiz of bullets rather than the strains of music. But in 1865 the meetings were resumed and have been continued ever since, with the exception that of late years it has been found impractical to get together once each year so large a body of people, hence the saengerfests are now held once every three years, and they are looked upon as great musical events.

ALL SORTS.

Advanced English barmaids object to that name and call themselves "licensed victualler's assistants."

The Jagat Guru Sankaracharyya of Dwarka is lecturing in Calcutta on the "Vedas and the Upanishada."

There was a lively football match near Glasgow recently, in which the spectators took part, with the result that nineteen policemen had to be taken to the hospital.

An "improvement" introduced by the Great Eastern railway consists in widening the cars to the limit of safety in order to allow six passengers to wedge themselves into one seat.

The Arkansas supreme court has decided that a man cannot escape jury duty because he has not paid his poll tax. Heretofore the fact that a man had failed or had refused to pay poll tax has excluded him from such service.

The North Carolina courts have just approved the will of E. T. Clemmons of Forstyth county, who left $100,000 to the Moravian church to built a house of worship and a school, and bequeathed to each member of the congregation an acre of land.

Potato bread is used by the natives of Thuringa to feed their horses, especially when they are worked hard in very cold weather. The animals thrive on it, and their health and strength are excellent.

The American Church Missionary Society has charge of a movement to build Protestant Episcopal hospitals at Havana and Matanzas. Committees have already been appointed to undertake the raising of a fund of $200,000 for the purpose.

Estimated expenditure for the British navy during the coming year is, in American values, $132,970,000. Our own Congress appropriated for similar purposes this spring $56, 098,783. Ten years ago, in 1889, Great Britain spent only $69,210,000 on its navy and the United States $21,378,809.

The story of the finding of the sea serpent on the island of Suwarrow, on the British Columbia coast, has been explored by a Sydney scientist who declares the bones found are those of a zithoid, a rare species of the whole family.

TWO GRATEFUL WOMEN

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Can Do My Own Work."

Mrs. PATRICK DANEHY,
West Winsted, Conn., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It is with pleasure that I write to you of the benefit I have derived from using your wonderful Vegetable Compound. I was very ill, suffered with female weakness and displacement of the womb.

"I could not sleep at night, had to walk the floor, I suffered so with pain in my side and small of my back. Was troubled with bloating, and at times would faint away; had a terrible pain in my heart, a bad taste in my mouth all the time and would vomit; but now, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound, I feel well and sleep well, can do my work without feeling tired; do not bloat or have any trouble whatever.

"I sincerely thank you for the good advice you gave me and for what your medicine has done for me."

"Cannot Praise It Enough."

Miss GERTIE DUNKIN,
Franklin, Neb., writes:

"I suffered for some time with painful and irregular menstruation, falling of the womb and pain in the back. I tried physicians, but found no relief.

"I was at last persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and cannot praise it enough for what it has done for me. I feel like a new person, and would not part with your medicine. I have recommended it to several of my friends."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For all Bilious and Nervous Disorders; Sick Headache, Constipation, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver, and Impure Blood.

Beecham's Pills have the largest sale of any Proprietary Medicine in the world. This has been achieved **without the publication of testimonials.** 10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

VISIT WINONA LAKE.

An Attractive Summer Haven for Rest, Recreation, Entertainment.

Winona Lake, Indiana, on the Pennsylvania Lines, is an attractive summer haven for persons who may desire to combine devotion, entertainment and instruction with rest and recreation. This lake is a beautiful sheet of water nearly two miles long, surrounded by romantic woodland, which has been improved into a grand summer resort with all the comforts and conveniences for a delightful sojourn. The entrance to the grounds adjoins the pretty station of Winona Lake on the Fort Wayne Route.

As the site of Winona Assembly and Summer School, this resort is visited each summer by many who are invigorated in both mind and body by the instructive entertainment and health-giving recreation for which Winona is famous. The educational work of the Summer School is under the supervision of prominent instructors. Fine facilities for athletic pastimes are provided, and the college halls and large auditorium are amply equipped for interesting work. The boating, bathing and fishing are excellent. The permanent buildings include many cosy cottages where accommodations may be secured at reasonable rates. There is also a large hotel, and provision for camping out for those who may enjoy tent life. Supplies are obtainable at the large store on the grounds.

The season of 1899 will open May 15th. Commencing on that date excursion tickets with fifteen day limit will be on sale via Pennsylvania Lines. They may be obtained during May, June, July and August. The sale of season excursion tickets will also begin May 15th, and continue daily until September 13th. Excursion tickets will be good returning until September 15th.

Full information about the attractions at "Beautiful Winona," its Assembly and Summer School, etc., will be cheerfully furnished all who address Mr. Sol. C. Dickey, Secretary, Winona Lake, Ind. Inquiries about excursion rates, time of trains, etc., should be addressed to Passenger and Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or to F. VAN DUSEN, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

A POPULAR WEDDING TRIP

Is to Take a D. & C. Steamer to Mackinac Island, Michigan.

If you want a delightful wedding trip where you are not likely to meet acquaintances, take one of the D. & C. new steel passenger steamers to the Island of Cool Breezes. Staterooms and parlors reserved thirty days in advance. Send two cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., D. & C., Detroit, Mich.

FOR YOUR OUTING GO TO PICTURESQUE MACKINAC ISLAND.

ONE THOUSAND MILES OF LAKE RIDE AT SMALL EXPENSE.

Visit this Historical Island, which is the grandest summer resort on the Great Lakes. It only costs about $13 from Detroit; $15 from Toledo; $18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing $350,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, Soo, Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit, and Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. The palatial equipment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

WARTHORST & Co.

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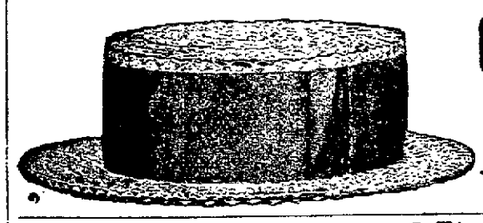

Great Sale —of— Straw Hats

A Great Purchase of Fine Madras Shirts,

manufactured by Clinton H. Smith, finest shirt maker in New York who failed recently. These shirts would be cheap at $1 50, our price $1.00. See them. Investigate for yourself: you risk nothing.

GEO. W. DOLL, CASH HATTER.
4 E. Main St., at the Bridge
LATEST IN GENTS CROOK HANDLE STICKS.

The Big Sale is Going!

REMEMBER IT WILL CONTINUE UNTIL

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Every Department of the "BEE HIVE" included. AN OPPORTUNITY FOR BUYERS WITH READY MONEY.

2000 yds. Brussels Carpets, formerly sold at 65c and 75c will be placed on sale at 49c and 59c yd.

LADIES' WAISTS—750 beautiful ladies' Shirt Waists from which to do your choosing; at the respective prices of 50, 69, 75, 98c and up.

SILK RIBBONS—2000 yds. will comprise one of the lots; Ribbons worth 15 to 25c will go at one price, viz. 10c yd.

HOSIERY—2 cases Misses' Black Hose, plain and ribbed at 5c a pair. One case each of Ladies' Hose in plain and ribbed will go at 5 and 6¼c a pair. For further particulars see descriptive card.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

Something New!

5¢

Large package of the World's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4 pound package. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia

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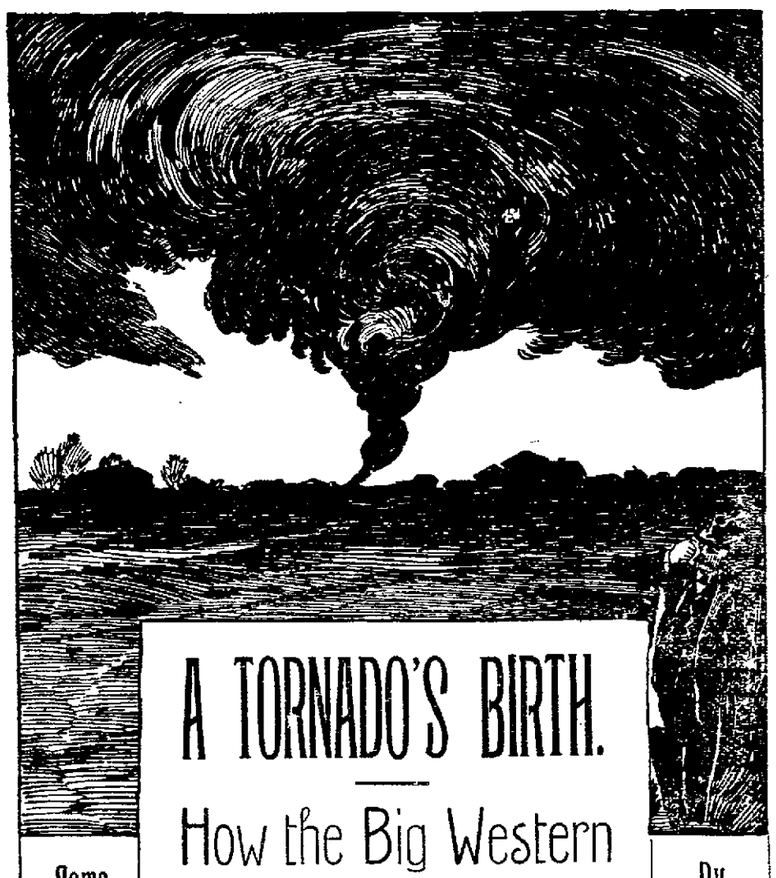

A TORNADO'S BIRTH.

How the Big Western Twisters Come Into Being.

Some Exploded Theories.

By Sewell Ford.

There are plenty of theories about the origin of tornadoes but none that is generally accepted. The experts do not agree and the unscientific citizen is content if he can dodge destruction.

The tornado does not lend itself readily to investigation. It arrives unexpectedly, goes on its way in a brisk business like manner and shows no inclination to stick out its tongue or have its pulse felt. Even the most enthusiastic tornado investigator will abandon his pursuit and hunt the cellar when he meets a tornado face to face.

Under these conditions is it to be wondered that we really know so little about the why and wherefore of the big twisters which every year lay heavy tribute of lives and property?

But from a safe distance scientific gentlemen have watched the progress of whirling windstorms, have inspected its debris strewn path, have interviewed dazed survivors and have deduced elaborate theories. They have also collected many interesting facts about tornadoes. These gentlemen, while not boasting intimate knowledge of tornadoes, can at least claim a nodding acquaintance.

The unscientific public has its own traditions, many of them correct and others which in the light of recent knowledge have been shown to be wholly absurd.

In the first place the terms cyclone and tornado are not synonymous, though often so used. A cyclone is a great storm attended by very high winds. It spreads over a wide area of country. A tornado is a local disturbance affecting a limited area. Cyclones are not ordinarily destructive. Tornadoes do much mischief. Tornadoes sometimes accompany cyclones and hence the confusion of the terms.

In a general way it is agreed that the evolution of a tornado begins with the meeting of large currents of hot air with similar currents of cool air under peculiar atmospheric conditions. In other words there occurs an aerial head on collision. The cold air being heavier forces the hot air to rise. As this takes place the currents assume a rotary motion. This is the storm center. The visible sign of this is the peculiar funnel shaped cloud which accompanies all tornadoes.

A popular idea is that the interior of a tornado cloud is practically a vacuum. This idea is incorrect according to most meteorologists. Inside the funnel the hot air is rushing upward to escape at an unknown speed. As the outer and colder currents revolve the air within is condensed.

A most plausible theory in explanation of the wonderful lifting power of a tornado is that the density of the air within the funnel and at its base makes the air really heavier than wood and stone. Hence the lafter objects float just as a cork does in the water.

Some of the many freaks of tornadoes seem to bear out this theory. It is known that the tornado carries along with it a mass of wreckage which seems to float about in the storm center. The immense velocity of the air currents, combined with the density of the air itself, makes this possible. Thus stones, planks, trees, furniture, wagons, animals and human beings are carried off and dropped when they have made the circuit of the storm cloud from the vortex to the outer rim.

Another erroneous impression is that the western states are more frequently visited by tornadoes than the eastern sections of the country. But the west has no monopoly of the twister, taking its area into account.

In a record of tornadoes kept for seven years by the weather bureau, it appears that the United States suffered from an average of 60 a year. In the course of seven years the funnel shaped cloud was seen in 30 different states.

In those seven years New York state averaged two tornadoes a year, and so did New England. Kansas and Illinois, at first glance, seemed to be the champion tornado states by this record, with Missouri a close third. Kansas and Illinois had an average of nearly seven tornadoes a year for the seven years the record was kept, while Missouri had five. But when difference in area was taken into consideration and the percentage of tornado clouds to each 10,000 square miles of territory was worked out, it did not appear that Kansas, Illinois and Missouri were entitled to so much reputation as breeders of these peculiar storms.

During the seven years the percentage of tornadoes to area placed Massachusetts and Illinois side by side at the top of the list. Indiana in the frequency of tornadoes led Kansas. Georgia, Iowa, Missouri, New Jersey and Ohio were close behind Kansas in their percentages. Michigan, the scene of the most deadly visitation of this kind in 1896, showed for the seven years of the record a remarkably low percentage. It had ten tornadoes in seven years, and when area was taken into account it ranked below Alabama, Connecticut, Louisiana and most of the other states in the frequency of these storms.

One of the peculiar facts about the weather bureau tornado record for seven years was that it seemed to show Texas enjoyed practical exemption from these tornado clouds. But it was not long after the record was published that the town of Sherman, Tex., was destroyed by a twister, and since then Texas has had its full share.

After examining the preliminary conditions of over 600 tornadoes the weather bureau has come to the conclusion that it is generally impossible to give warnings far enough in advance to save any locality from the results of tornadoes. Currents of cold and hot air are constantly roaming about and dodging one another. Once in awhile they meet, and then, before a forecaster can figure out just what is going to happen, lo, the twister has organized for business and is off over the country, ripping and tearing things with the fury of a crazy Titan.

But nature hangs out in the sky warning signals of her own. The best that the weather people can do is to teach people how to read these signals aright.

A sultry, oppressive condition of the atmosphere usually precedes a tornado. The more sensitive physically experience a sickly sensation under the influence of the sun's rays, a want of breath, a peculiar exhaustion.

Another tornado sign is the formation of clouds in the southwest, unlike any ordinary formation. If they are light, their appearance resembles smoke issuing from a burning building or straw stack, rolling upward in fantastic shapes to great heights; sometimes they are like a fine mist or quite white, like fog or steam.

If the premonitory clouds are dark and present a deep greenish hue, this fairly forebodes very great evil; so also if they appear jet black from the center to circumference, or if this deep set color appears only in the center, gradually diminishing in intensity as the outer edges of the cloud or bank of clouds are approached.

Under ordinary circumstances clouds form, move and disappear without exciting special remark or perhaps thought from the casual observer. On the occasion of a tornado the formation and movement of the clouds strike some persons dumb with fear.

There seems to be some strange connection with the almost simultaneous appearance of the clouds in the southwest and northwest, possessing, as they do, such unusually threatening forms. As they approach from opposite directions they are suddenly thrown into the greatest confusion, rolling over each other in a well developed whirl.

Generally, following closely upon the existence of this condition, the funnel shaped tornado cloud appears against the western sky, moving boldly to the front from without this confined mass of flying clouds.

When you note these conditions, it is time to adjourn to the tornado pit. If one of these refuges is not handy, the next best thing is to go down into the cellar, get as close to the west wall as possible and say your prayers.

To All Appearances.

Those earthquakes in the Philippines would seem to imply that the archipelago should be well shaken before taken.—Detroit Free Press.

PLEA BY RUSSIANS.

Asked That Armament of Nations Be Arrested.

PEACE DELEGATES URGED TO ACT.

M. De Staal Spoke and Another Russian Offered Resolution For Restricting Armament For Five Years—Germany Likely to Accept Arbitration.

THE HAGUE, June 24.—M. De Staal, president of the peace conference, at a meeting of the committee introduced the Russian proposals looking to the arrest of armaments and read a declaration disclaiming all intention of proposing a reduction of the armaments at present. But, he added, he was of the opinion that if a standstill could be agreed upon, a reduction would soon come of itself. All the powers, he explained, had conferred with the czar relative to the immense evils of armed peace, and he, M. De Staal, now appealed to them to devote their energies toward the arrest of the continual increase in the cost of armed peace, which he asserted cost more than a tremendous war.

Colonel Gilinsky of the Russian delegation moved that the powers should enter into an understanding for a term of say five years not to increase the effective of the peace footing of their forces, with the exception of the colonial troops, and not to increase the amount of their military budgets beyond their present figure.

The speeches and the resolution were ordered to be printed and circulated, and the discussion was adjourned until Monday.

A naval standstill resolution will be introduced later.

The drafting committee of the arbitration commission considered articles 1 and 7 of the Russian proposals. All that was left now was the drafting of regulations for the board's procedure.

The information from Germany is that Emperor William will not separate himself from the other powers in the arbitration question, and the German delegates anticipate a favorable decision on that point.

The work is now so far advanced that the conference will probably take a holiday after June 28, in order to allow the delegates to refer to their respective governments for final instructions.

A SLOW CONVENTION.

Kentucky Democrats Wrangled a Third Day, but Hoped to Accomplish Something at Today's Session.

LOUISVILLE, June 24.—For the third time in as many days the Democratic state convention last night broke up in disorder. It entered upon the fourth day of its session today without having accomplished anything more than temporary organization. The report of the committee on credentials was reached in the order of business last night, but its consideration was prevented by the disturbing influence of persons who were admitted to the floor of the convention though not entitled to seats. The Hardin people place the responsibility for this on local sympathizers with the Stone-Goebel combination, but the latter candidates disclaim all knowledge of an attempt to pack the convention and declare the disturbance was due to loose methods of the arrangements committee.

What influence the occurrence will have on the chances of the candidates can hardly be foretold, but Hardin is most likely to profit by it. It was thought the convention would get down to work in earnest today.

During the day an attempt to adjourn the convention by the temporary chairman caused an uproar, the delegates refusing to leave. Bronston, a Hardin man, reached the stage and made a hot speech amid shouts of approval of the Hardin men and hostile ones of the Goebel-Stone people. An adjournment was finally secured.

Delay In Completing Cruiser Albany.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The navy department received a letter from the Armstrong Shipbuilding company of England containing the information that the recent fire in their ordnance plant at New Castle would somewhat delay the completion of the cruiser Albany which this country purchased from Brazil prior to the outbreak of the war with Spain.

General Kautz Interred.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The remains of General A. V. Kautz, a gallant soldier of the civil war, arrived from Seattle, Wash., and were interred at Arlington cemetery with appropriate honors Friday, instead of Thursday, as previously stated.

Message From Martinelli.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 24.—At the convention of Foresters, Chief Ranger Cannon read a telegram from Mgr. Martinelli, apostolic delegate, to Rev. R. P. O'Brien, chairman of the convention, conveying his congratulations and blessings to all.

Brother of Late Jay Gould Died.

SALEM, N. Y., June 24.—Abram Gould, only brother of the late Jay Gould, died at the residence of his brother-in-law, Frederick Kegler, in the village of Salem, at the age of 50 years. His home was in St. Louis and he had gone to Salem for his health.

Killed His Wife and Suicided.

NEW YORK, June 24.—In Jersey City a man supposed to be Antonio Macolate, a laborer, shot and killed his wife, Farritta, and then killed himself. The affair took place on a public street.

John G. Moore Died.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The death of John G. Moore of the brokerage firm of Moore & Schley was announced on the stock exchange. He died at his home in this city.

One Leper Perished.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 24.—News was received of the destruction of the d'Arcy Island leper station by fire. One leper is dead and another it was feared will die from injuries received.

ORANGE STATE WARLIKE.

Money Voted For Increase of Armament—May Help Transvaal—British Troops Under Orders.

BLOEMFONTEIN, Orange Free State, June 24.—The volksraad of the Orange Free State voted £9,870 for the increase of artillery, tents and other military supplies. A resolution was adopted directing the government to adopt the Mauser rifle as the national weapon. A proposal to vote £22,500 for ammunition was discussed, but the debate was adjourned.

Trade with Cape Town and Johannesburg was at a comparative standstill.

The Germans who were in sympathy with the Transvaal were holding meetings, at which they adopted resolutions requesting Germany to intercede in behalf of Pretoria.

LONDON, June 24.—The Shropshire regiment was ordered to hold itself in readiness for immediate embarkation for Cape Town.

The secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, in the house of commons, in answering a question, denied the government was reinforcing the British troops in South Africa to a total of 40,000 men.

DUE TO COMPETITION.

Farmer's View of Cause of Low Prices on Products.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Richman Coles, a farmer of Salem county, N. J., was before the industrial commission. He said the farmers of New Jersey had no especial complaint, though there was a general feeling that conditions might be improved. Prices for their products were generally lower, while wages for farmhands were higher than formerly. Within the past 25 years farms in his section had depreciated in value about 50 per cent.

The depreciation in the price of products was not so great. He was inclined to attribute the lower prices to competition from the west and south. He advocated a tariff on farm products, putting them on the same basis as the manufacturers. Such a policy would result in saving to the United States the $300,000,000 or $400,000,000 now sent abroad for articles of an agricultural nature.

GOLD EXPORTING NOT ALARMING.

Secretary Gage Attached No Importance to Engagement of $4,000,000.

WASHINGTON, June 24. — Secretary Gage attaches no importance to the engagement at New York of $4,000,000 in gold for export. "It is a mere incident," he said. "It is possible that the exportation of the gold which was paid to Spain in the settlement of our treaty obligations disturbed the equilibrium somewhat and has necessitated some considerable shipments to again restore the normal conditions of exchange."

Treasury officials are of the opinion that the balance of trade between this country and Europe has little or no influence upon gold shipments. It has come to be a settled conviction that large gold movements are controlled almost entirely by the money markets at home and abroad. The shipments at this time are not regarded as indicating any unfavorable conditions in this country.

FOWLER'S SANITY IN QUESTION.

Application For Duhmes' Extradition Heard In Detroit.

DETROIT, June 24.—The doctors disagreed in their testimony in the hearing upon application for extradition from New York of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Duhme of Cincinnati, charged with the abduction from this city of their nephew, Moses Fowler Chase of Lafayette, Ind., heir to property worth upwards of $500,000.

The point at issue for the governor of Michigan to decide is whether young Chase was or was not mentally incompetent on June 5, the night of which he left Detroit for Cincinnati with the Duhmes, that date being one day after the youth became of age.

BRITISH PROTECTED U. S. VESSELS.

Cause of Trouble Between British and French In Newfoundland Waters.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., June 24.—The friction between the colonial government and the British commodore on the one hand and the French naval officers on the other arose over the action of the British warships in protecting American fishing vessels while securing herring for bait along the French treaty coast.

The American shipmasters complain bitterly of the treatment they have received from the French.

Talk of Duel at The Hague.

THE HAGUE, June 24.—In spite of the refusal of Achmed Riza Bey of the young Turks party to fight a duel with Rechid Bey, secretary of Turkhan Pasha, head of the Turkish delegation at the peace conference, Ammoghian, an Armenian, who was to have been one of the speakers at the meeting of the young Turks party, has written a letter to The Vaterland denying remarks attributed to him, but nevertheless accepting the challenge, which Riza Bey declined on the ground that dueling was unlawful in Holland.

Troops For the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The transport Zealandia sailed from San Francisco for Manila with the First battalion, Twenty-fourth infantry, composed of Companies C, E, G and I, Major J. Milton Thompson commanding, seven officers and 406 men. Twelve men of the signal corps and a detachment of recruits for regiments serving with General Otis are also on board.

Boston Bank Thief Identified.

CHICAGO, June 24.—George Shea, alias Philip Lambele, who made away with $10,000 belonging to the Metropolitan National bank in Boston, and who was arrested in New York, was identified by the Chicago police as Philip Bailey, under indictment in Chicago for robbery.

A Fatal Mine Explosion.

ROSSLAND, B. C., June 24.—An explosion occurred in the War Eagle mine, the scene of the fatality of a month ago, and three men are lying dead at the morgue, another is probably fatally injured and a fifth is seriously hurt.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Stock market continues dull. Today's business was fair for short session. Bank statement was favorable and some traders considered it a good pointer to purchase stocks, basing their statement on the increase in loans. Money 2½ per cent.

BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve decreased	$ 4,235,400
Loans increased	5,558,500
Specie decreased	3,154,500
Legals decreased	422,200
Deposits increased	1,254,900
Circulation decreased	500

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. B. Arnold's exchange:

NEW YORK.

	Open-ing.	High.	Low.	Close
American Sugar	152	151½	150¾	153¾
Atchison (Pfd.)	55	55⅝	55	55⅝
C. B. & Q.	130⅝	132¾	131⅝	132¾
Federal Steel	59	59⅝	58¾	59
U. S. Leather (pfd)				68½
Manhattan	113¾	115¾	113⅝	115⅜
Missouri Pacific	41⅛	41⅜	41⅛	41⅜
Louisville & Nashville	67¼	67¾	61¼	61¼
Northern Pacific (pfd)	76⅜	77	76⅜	77
Peoples' Gas	118⅝	119	118¾	119
Reading	20⅜			
Rock Island	112½	113	112½	113
St. Paul	127	127¾	126¾	127⅜
T. C. I.	64		62¼	63½
Western Union				89

CHICAGO, June 24.—Liverpool cabled wheat ½ penny lower. Market here acted weak, buyers were few and far between new wheat and falling off of exports may cause a crash in September option, and in the meantime shake out the long holders of smaller fry. The close was unsettled.

CHICAGO.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Close
Wheat				
July	73¾	73¾	73	73
Sept.	75½	75½	74½	74½
Dec.	76⅜	77	76	76
Corn.				
July	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	34
Sept.	34¼	34¼	34	34⅛
Oats.				
July.	24⅛	24⅜	24¼	24¼
Sept.	22	22⅜	21⅜	21⅜
Pork.				
July	8 10	8 17	8 05	8 15
Sept.	8 32	8 37	8 25	8 35
Lard				
July	4 97	5 02	4 97	5 00
Sept.	5 10	5 15	5 10	5 15

CHICAGO, June 24.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs steady: $3.50@$3 85: cattle steady.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat	72
Hay, per ton	7 00 to 7 50
Straw, per ton	5 50
Corn	36–38
Oats	26–27
Clover Seed	3 40
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 15
Rye, per bu	3 40
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 25
Wool	15 to 18
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, per bushel	25–30
Onions, per bushel	65
Beets, per bushel	60
Apples	1 00
Cabbage, per dozen	30
Dried peaches, peeled	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled	04 to 05
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
Onions	65
White beans	1 25
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.	
Butter	10–12
Eggs	12
Chickens, live	07
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	14
MEATS AND CHEESE.	
Sausage	06
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	06
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	11
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs	85
Middlings per 100 lbs	90

Excursions to Los Angeles, Cal., via Pennsylvania Lines.

June 24 to July 7, inclusive, for National Educational Association Annual Meeting, excursion tickets will be sold to Los Angeles, Cal., via Pennsylvania Lines; return coupons valid until September 5. Additional information will be given by local ticket agents of Pennsylvania Lines; or C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agent, Cleveland, O.

HUMBERGERS.

THE BIG SALE OF

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS

and

WASH DRESS GOODS

Should be of interest to all.

33c, 49c and 69c the Shirt Waists are marked. Just about one-half their value.

Don't forget the closing sale of Hartford all-wool Carpets at 47 cents a yard. These are 70c goods.

HUMBERGERS.

Warwick Block, Massillon.

NATURAL GAS

A New and complete line of

Natural Gas Goods

Just Received, and are prepared to name very Low Prices.

RANGES—Six sizes.
HOT PLATES—All sizes.
FURNACE BURNERS—16 to 28 inches.
RANGE BURNERS—Two, three and four sections.
GRATE BURNERS—Asbestos, flats and logs.
STOVES—In several sizes.

I have procured exclusive sale of the CELEBRATED O'RIELLY BURNERS, and shall be pleased to explain their GAS SAVING qualities. A complete line of ARTIFICIAL GAS RANGES and LAMPS always on hand.

Rubber Tubing in all lengths for stoves and lamps.

Some Special Prices.

Incandescent Gas Lamps complete	58c
Mantles—Best on the market	17½c
Queen Argand Burners	$1.25
Mesco Dry Batteries	19c
1900 Dry Batteries	25c

Sanitary Plumbing Electrical Construction Work in all its branches. Respectfully.

Both Telephones 101
20 East Charles St.

WALTER H. ALLMAN

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Mrs. J. M. Robison, of Medina, is the guest of Mrs. S. W. Goudy, in South Erie street.

Miss Sarah Corns and Miss Helen Johnson are visiting Mrs. Martha Chapman in Steubenville.

The Sprague umbrella factory at Norwalk, destroyed by fire and wind last fall, is to be rebuilt.

Miss Irene L. Blackledge, of Indianapolis, is a guest of the Misses Hemperly, in South East street.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. McMurry, of Huntington, Ind., are guests at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Becker, in East Charles street.

Nathan Moles, of 220 Front street, who was daily improving, after an attack of gastritis, suffered a relapse last night, and his condition is now serious.

The Rev. O. W. Weber and Edward Rickel will leave for Pittsburg Monday, where they will attend the Augustiana conference of the Lutheran church.

Dr. I. M. Pfouts, Charles Arthur, Andrew Gow, Charles Sailer and Clarence Baumgardner spent Friday angling for the finny inhabitants of Turkeyfoot lake.

Miss Mary Bowman, who has been teaching school at Atkinson college, Madisonville, Ky., during the past year, returned home last week, finding it much cooler here than in the sunny South.

Over one hundred employes of the N. U. Walker Sewer Pipe Company at Wellsville are out on a strike. They demand two weeks' back pay and an increase in wages from $1.25 to $1.50 per day.

Mayor Wise reports that citizens generally are responding liberally to his requests for contributions toward the Fourth of July fund. He says that every cent of the necessary $200 will be secured.

THE INDEPENDENT is in receipt of a letter from the Rev. E. J. Vattmann, post chaplain at Fort Sheridan, announcing his intended departure for Europe on the 24th inst., on a vacation of several months.

John Fantyla, a Slav laborer employed in one of the Nelsonville coal mines, was instantly killed yesterday, an iron pipe which he was carrying accidentally coming in contact with the electric wire which transmits power to the mining machines.

Leonidas Deweese and Thurman Deweese, of Sidney, father and brother, respectively, of H. G. Deweese, arrived in the city last evening, accompanied by the three Masters Deweese, sons of H. G. Deweese, who will remain in Massillon.

A baseball game will be one of the features of the picnic to be held at Meyer's lake by Sunday schools of the Christian churches of Canton and Massillon next Tuesday. Each Sunday school has formed its team, and practicing has been begun.

At a meeting of the grocers' association, of Cleveland, the question of selling all country produce, fruit and vegetables, by weight was discussed. The members declared that this course would be much fairer to all concerned, and will agitate the matter of abolishing all measures.

Hon. Ukichi Hayakana, an official of the Imperial steel works of Japan, visited Alliance today and placed several government orders for heavy machinery, with the Morgan Engineering company. An extensive government order was received yesterday in a cablegram from Denmark.—Alliance Review.

John J. Hullinger is the name of a pensioner at Wooster who has written to the government, asking that the amount of his pension be reduced. He is now receiving $72 per month, and states that $50 is sufficient to keep him in comfort. He was a member of the Sixteenth O. V. I., and has been totally disabled for eight years.

Pittsburg capitalists will build one of the largest soda ash plants in the world at Barberton, at an estimated cost of three million dollars, three hundred acres of land having been purchased recently for that purpose. The new company will be known as the Columbia Chemical Company, and the capacity of the plant will be 120,000 tons annually.

Miss Nellie Porter, daughter of G. N. Porter, of this city, has just been graduated from the medical department of the Tennessee State University, at Knoxville. Miss Porter is now visiting relatives in the South. She will return to Massillon in the course of a week or two, and while here will formulate her plans for the future. Miss Porter graduated from the Massillon high school before entering the university.

A company has been organized at Alliance for the manufacture of pipe organs. Temporary quarters have been secured and work will be commenced at once. The members of the new firm are State Senator Silas J. Williams, Alfred Hillguen and Charles A. Lane. Ample capital and experience are back of the enterprise, and it is proposed to make the new plant one of the foremost of its kind in the United States.

Pittsburg Dispatch: "Cards have been issued announcing the marriage of Mrs. Jennie O. Wilson, daughter of Mr. M. Gisal, of South Negley avenue, to Mr. Karl F. Miller, of New York. The ceremony was performed at noon Wednesday, June 21, by the Rev. Dr. R. M. Russell, pastor of the Sixth United Presbyterian church, at the residence of the bride. After a trip to Canada, Mr. and Mrs. Miller will be at home at 332 South Negley avenue from August 1. Mr. Miller is president of the Franco-American Mining Company, of Arizona." Mr. Miller was formerly a resident of Massillon.

Mrs. Chas. L. Martin, whose husband attempted to murder her near Mt. Union, Wednesday night, was a former resident of this county. Her maiden name was Deamie Texter, and she was raised on a farm between this city and Canton. Her first husband, who died nine years ago, was named Miller, left her a handsome income, which her present husband, she alleges, has squandered. The woman, after escaping from her husband, made her way to Alliance, but refused to swear out a warrant for his arrest. She resides in Cleveland, and left for that city yesterday.

Joseph Vignos, aged 62, one of the best known residents of Louisville, was found dead in Shilling's stable, Thursday afternoon, by Postmaster Kagey. Mr. Vignos had recently purchased a bicycle and he was out for a spin Thursday afternoon. The wheel was standing near where the body was found. He had evidently found something wrong with the running gears of the machine and stepped inside the barn to make repairs. A stroke of appoplexy had seized him and caused instant death. The deceased served four years during the civil war, in the Nineteenth O. V. I. He was post commander of Hart Post No. 555, G. A. R.

Christian Franz, of this city, and Miss Laura Schaeffner, of Canton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schaeffner, were married in St. Mary's Catholic church at 8:30 o'clock Thursday morning, by the Rev. H. V. Kaempker. The groom's best man was Frank Schaeffner, of Tidioute, Pa., brother of the bride, and the bridesmaid was Miss Katie Franz, sister of the groom. The ushers were Charles Flory, of Canton, and Clarence Wernet, of Massillon. The bride's gown was of mousseline de soie. A reception will be given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Wernet, in East Cherry street, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Franz will reside in Massillon.

The annual reunion of the Bachtel families was held at the old Jacob Bachtel homestead one mile from New Berlin yesterday. About fifty representatives of the family were present, including several from Massillon. A bountiful dinner was served, after which a business meeting was held and the following officers elected for the coming year: President, S. P. Bachtel; vice president, William Stover; secretary, Maud B. Price; treasurer, S. P. Killinger; historian, J. O. Bachtel. It was decided to hold the next meeting on the first Saturday in June, 1900, at the residence of Milton Richards, at Uniontown, O. There was a programme of music and recitations closing with the singing of the well known hymn "God Be With Us Till We Meet Again."

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

KILLED IN THE PHILIPPINES.

NORTH LAWRENCE, June 22.—Word has been received here of the death of John Moore, a former resident, who was killed during an engagement at Zapote, in the Philippines, on June 13. Moore enlisted in the Fourteenth United States infantry at Cleveland at the outbreak of the war, and was shortly afterwards sent to the Philippines. He was 22 yaars old. His home was at Magnolia, Stark county, but he was born and brought up in North Lawrence.

MARRIED AT BEACH CITY.

WILMOT, June 22.—Ulrich Reichenbach and Miss Winona Ellis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Ellis, of this place, were married at the residence of the Rev. D. W. Sprinkle, of the United Brethren church, at Beach City, last evening. They were attended by W. G. Agler and Miss Lulu Ellis, sister of the bride. Mr. Reichenbach is wheat threshing contractor. The bride is a niece of John Ellis, of Massillon.

CRYSTAL SPRING AFFAIRS.

CRYSTAL SPRING, June 23.—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Roshe, a son.

Charles Smith, of Massillon, spent Wednesday in town.

Miss Eva Sheffler is visiting in Niles.

The Young Mens' Bachelor Association, of Massillon, danced in Leonard's hall Saturday evening. A grand cake walk took place, which was won by Mr. Levers, of Canal Fulton, and Miss Angel, of West Brookfield.

STANWOOD NOTES.

STANWOOD, June 23.—Jacob Von Gunten jr., and Clark Weirich are drilling for coal in Holmes county.

The festival held at this place Saturday evening was largely attended, and a snug sum was netted.

Wm. Swanger has sold his pleasant home to John Rees for $1,250.

William Roberts, of Massillon, was the guest of his mother, Mrs. John Bowen, over Sunday.

The Misses Barr and Spangle, of Canton, were guests of Miss May Oberlin, Sunday.

A. C. Oberlin and family, have gone to Tiffin, to attend the commencement exercises of Heidelberg University.

FIRE IN A DRUG STORE.

DALTON, June 23.—A can filled with melting carbolic acid was overturned upon the fire of the oil-stove on which it sat, in Dr Pope's drug store this morning. The explosion which followed scattered the fire and damaged the place to the extent of $40.

A SURPRISE PARTY.

WEST BROOKFIELD, June 21.—About fifty persons took peaceful possession of the home of S. A. Peters, of West Brookfield, last evening. The only reason they gave for their presence in such numbers, were, that they had come to remind Mr. Peters before his early slumbers took possession of him, that this was his fifty-eighth birthday. The company was well entertained with songs and music until 10 o'clock, when all sat down to partake of a sumptuous repast, after which devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Burry. About midnight the happy company dispersed, hoping their host might live to see the return of many birthdays, and all his years be crowned with prosperity and happiness.

TERMS ALMOST ALIKE.

Ultimatums of Strikers and Magnates Very Similar.

END OF STRIKE PROBABLY NEAR.

Men Practically Agreed to Submit—Final Decision Likely at a Meeting Friday—Cleveland Mayor Had Intimated He Would Call Out Militia.

CLEVELAND, June 24.—The peace committee of the city council issued a call for a meeting of the strikers, which was held at Arch hall, in which an effort was made to induce the men to agree to the last proposal of the company. The result of the meeting was that a statement was framed by the strikers, which they said was their ultimatum. The statement practically agreed to the proposition of the company. They agreed to allow the company to retain 100 of its present employes and put in a clause which said that hereafter in case of any difficulty between the company and the employes that the latter should have the right to appoint a committee which would discuss the grievances. This is not contrary to the stand taken by the company, which has agreed at all times that all matters pertaining to the employes would be discussed with them. The strikers asked primarily for the recognition of the union.

The council peace committee, however, persuaded them that it was to their benefit to submit and they have practically agreed to do so. The final decision will be reached at a meeting to be held today. This time was asked by both sides in order that both may be sure there is no trick hidden in the statement of either side.

Mayor Farley held a conference with half a dozen officers of the military organization of Cleveland, with a view of obtaining from them a statement of the strength of their respective commands, in case it was deemed wise to call upon Governor Bushnell for a detail of militia to meet conditions.

Among those present were Captains Zimmerman and Beardsley of the Fifth regiment, Captain Scofield of Troop A and Lieutenant Gibson of the naval reserves.

The mayor said he did not propose to wate any time theorizing on the situation. He had determined the time had come when decisive action must be taken and he would not permit any more rioting on the streets of the city if the calling out of all the available troops in the state would prevent it.

Both the mayor and the militia officers refused to discuss the conference, but it was known that the local companies had been warned to be in readiness.

A DEAL OF $50,000.

Two Leases of Oil Land In Findlay Which Have Been Sold.

FINDLAY, June 24.—Sternberg, Mitchell & Parker have sold to Riley Allen of Allentown, N. Y., and W. J. Richardson and George E. Brown of Wellsville, N. Y., two leases of oil territory for $50,000 cash, making one of the most important deals that has taken place in this field.

The leases are the R. M. Watson farm of 112 acres and H. T. Wells and the W. C. Watson farm of 210 acres, with four wells, both in Liberty township, Hancock county. The leases produce 200 barrels per day.

Elks Fair at Youngstown.

YOUNGSTOWN, June 24.—The Elks street fair and carnival is a big success. Their parade and the baby show Friday were interesting features.

ALGER-PINGREE COMBINE.

Campaign Against McMillen to Be Anti-Trust and Elect Senators by Popular Vote.

CHICAGO, June 24.—Secretary of War Alger arrived here from Detroit and confirmed a statement, made by Governor Pingree, that he would stand for election to the United States senate.

Secretary Alger declared himself opposed to the trusts and heartily in favor of the election of senators by direct vote of the people.

"I do not believe in the concentration of wealth," said the secretary. "Monopoly forces the middleman out of commercial existence and the result is disastrous to the masses of the people. Governor Pingree stated my position correctly when he said that I am also opposed to the selection of United States senators by legislative vote. Their election by direct vote of the people will do away with much political intriguing and is bound to come, although it may take years to accomplish it. Senator Burrows will doubtless assist Senator McMillan in his campaign for re-election, but I shall enter the contest with all possible strength."

DETROIT, June 24.—Governor Pingree gave out a public statement to the effect that he had combined with Secretary Alger in the interest of Alger's senatorial candidacy. General Alger will not withdraw under any circumstances, nor will he spend any money in the campaign. The platform of their campaign will include the features of opposition to trusts and a declaration in favor of senatorial elections by a direct vote of the people. The alliance was made at a coference held Thursday night, at which several of the Pingree state leaders and the general and the governor were present.

Rev. Dr. Oliver Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—The Rev. W. Oliver, D. D., rector of St. Luke's Episcopal church, Kearney, Neb., died at the Episcopal hospital, this city. Dr. Oliver was well-known throughout the east and west and was the first rector of St. Luke's church, Altoona, Pa. Death was caused by inflammation of the bladder. He was 85 years of age. Interment will be made at Kearney, Neb.

Receipts In Philippines.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn announced that the receipts from all sources at the port of Manila for the month of April were $456,984; for the port of Iloilo, $45,534; for the port of Cebu, $30,758. Total from all sources for the month, $533,276.

$80,000,000 BIKE TRUST.

List of the Concerns Which, It Was Said, Would Constitute the American Bicycle Company.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The members of the newly-formed American Bicycle company, the so-called bicycle trust capital $80,000,000, held a meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria to arrange final details.

This is a list of the concerns which it was said will constitute the American Bicycle company:

Bicycle manufacturers: Pope Manufacturing company, Hartford; Westerly Wheel works and Gormully & Jeffery Manufacturing company, Chicago; H. A. Lozier & Co., Cleveland; A. G. Spalding & Bros., New York; A. Featherstone & Co., Monarch Cycle Manufacturing company, Chicago; Crawford Manufacturing company, Hagerstown, Md.; A. D. Meiselbach, Milwaukee; Indiana Bicycle company, Indianapolis; E. C. Sterns & Co., and Barnes Cycle company, Syracuse; Eagle Bicycle Manufacturing company, Torrington, Conn.; Black Manufacturing company, Erie, Pa.; Grand Rapids Cycle Manufacturing company, Grand Rapids, Mich.; Acme Manufacturing company, Reading, Pa.; White Sewing Machine company, Cleveland: Ames & Frost, Chicago; Viking Manufacturing company, Toledo; Shelby Cycle company, Shelby, O.; Fanning Cycle Manufacturing company, Chicago; Columbus Cycle company, Columbus; Fay Manufacturing company, Elyria, O.; Geneva Cycle company, Geneva, O.. Milwaukee Engineering company, Milwaukee; Colton Cycle company, Toledo, and the New Buffalo Wheel company, Buffalo.

The manufacturers of material are: American Saddle company, Cleveland; Hartford Rubber works, Hartford; C. J. Smith & Sons company, Milwaukee; Indianapolis Chain and Stamping company and Indiana Rubber company, Indianapolis; Sleveland Machine Screw company, Cleveland; Indiana Novelty company, Plymouth, Ind., and the Geo. L. Thompson company, Chicago.

Dewey Home Contributions.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The contributions to the Dewey home fund received amount to $177, making the total to date $10,308.

Ruhlin Lost the Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 24.—Kennedy was given the decision over Ruhlin at end of 20 rounds.

PEOPLE TESTIFY.

Reference That is Surely Worth Looking Up.

An Ohio Man Who Tells His Friends What Has Done Him Much Good.

We will tell you what will cure the worst kind of a backache caused from the kidneys. We will not only tell you but will refer you to people in all walks of life in the state of Ohio who have used Kid-ne-oids with the best results.

Here is what Mr. Sheldon Westover, 424 West Market street, Tiffin, Ohio, has to say: "My kidneys have given me considerable trouble for several years. I suffered with a severe pain across the small of my back, and for the last few years I have had urinary disorder, the discharges were very frequent and painful; at the same time scant and of a very bad color and odor. My nerves became affected and I could not rest at night. I tried several different kinds of medicine, but nothing did me any good until I got Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. I had taken them a short time when I was relieved, the pain and scalding sensation has all disappeared and all evils have been corrected. Kid-ne-oids are certainly what everyone suffering from kidney disorder should take to get well."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets, and cure backache, nervousness and sleeplessness. They sell at fifty cents a box at all drug stores and at F. E Seaman's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

Any Old Sore,

Cut, bruise, or Sprain quickly healed with Banner Salve the greatest healing remedy in the world. Rider & Snyder.

BUY GOODS IN CHICAGO

Have you tried the Catalogue system of buying EVERYTHING you use at Wholesale Prices? We can save you 15 to 40 per cent. on your purchases. We are now erecting and will own and occupy the highest building in America, employ 2,000 clerks filling country orders exclusively, and will refund purchase price if goods don't suit you.

Our General Catalogue—1,000 pages, 16,000 illustrations, 60,000 quotations—costs us 72 cents to print and mail. We will send it to you upon receipt of 15 cents, to show your good faith.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
MICHIGAN AVE. AND MADISON ST.
CHICAGO.

The Remorse of a Guilty Stomach

Henry McLellan, of Hamilton, Ill., is a veteran of the 16th Illinois Infantry. He said:

"For more than fifteen years I was a sufferer from gastritis in its worst form. I was much reduced in flesh and strength and unable to attend to business. Finally my wife persuaded me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and to my surprise I began to get better. Three boxes effected a cure that has been permanent. When I began to take the pills I weighed 136 pounds; now I weigh 163. These pills did me more good than all the other medicines I have ever taken.

H. K. MCLELLAN."

Subscribed and sworn to before me this second day of December, 1897.

R. R. WALLACE,
Notary Public.
—From the Press, Hamilton, Ill.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes $2.50.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

FOR RENT

FOUR roomed house on Guide street. Possession given May 1st. Inquire of E. F. Bahney.

HALF of a house of six rooms in North Hill street; good well and cistern. Inquire at 70 North East street.

HALL on third floor of Harsh block, for many years occupied by the Odd Fellows. The furniture can be arranged for also. Inquire of W. B. Humberger or F. L. Baldwin.

LIVING rooms over Enterprise Grocery, also five rooms on Muskingum street. Inquire of Wm. A. Pletzcker.

PASTURE—Good pasture on Richville avenue, for a few cows and horses. For particulars see Perry Young at carriage works.

ROOMS—Furnished or unfurnished at 169 Wellman street. Inquire at premises. Mrs. John Vogt.

SEVEN roomed house on East South St. Inquire at 65 South East street.

TWO office rooms, one in Opera Block, one in Stone Block. James R. Dunn.

WANTED.

AGENTS—$100 Weekly and expenses guaranteed good men to sell Arctic Refrigerating Machines for cooling refrigerators; guaranteed 75% cheaper than ice; indestructible, everlasting. Every owner of a refrigerator buys them, as the saving of ice in one month more than pays for machine. Have over 5000 in use 1000 testimonials from leading merchants of the U. S. Greatest monopoly ever offered agents. No competition; exclusive territory assigned good salesmen. Write today and secure your territory before it is taken. Arctic Refrigerating Co., Cincinnati, O.

DEMONSTRATOR—I want reliable resident demonstrator. I loan $5 outfit, give 30 days credit. Employment is pleasant, permanent, respectable. Perfumer Wood, 695 Wood Building, Detroit, Mich.

GIRL—A competent girl for general housework. Inquire at 18 McLain street.

GIRL—An experienced girl for general housework, immediately. Apply at 146 East Cherry street.

HOUSE—To rent 5 to 7 roomed house in good location, near school. Inquire of J. H. Reynolds, Scio, O.

MAN—A good man to work in the barn. Steady employment to right person. Wm. Bantz, West Side Livery.

MAN—A capable energetic young business man to manage the Massillon Branch of the Clerks Employment Association and Advertising Business Exchange of Akron; an exceedingly good paying position to the right party. Personal interview requested at rooms 1 and 2, 156 South Main street, Akron, O.

FOR SALE.

BICYCLE—First-class drop frame bicycle in good condition. Used only one year. Apply at Independent office.

BOILER in good condition; size 18x44—2¼ inch flues. John Bimeler, Zoar, O.

ENGINE—One vertical 5-horse power Engine on truck $50 00; one vertical 5-horse power engine on base, $80.00; one vertical 6 horse boiler with horizontal engine, $60.00 these engines are in good running order. Cope Bros, E Greenville, O.

FRAME house at 57 East South street: will sell cheap if sold soon, and removed from premises. Inquire at 57 East South street.

HORSES—Three very good thin horses, 2 second hand buggies, 1 good second hand surrey.—Inquire at West Side Livery, Wm. Bantz.

HOUSE of seven rooms with furnace, at 85 Henry street. Will be sold on easy terms. Inquire of Thomas Laviers.

HOUSES—Braband house corner Walnut and Superior streets; Borden house W. Main street, both extremely cheap. Inquire of G. G. Paul, No. 8 S Erie street.

MINE MULES—Having recently erected a rope haulage plant at our No. 2 mine, Midvale, O., we will have several mules to dispose of. These mules are all mine broken and range in height from 50 to 62 inch. Will be sold cheap. First come, first served. Address Midvale Goshen Coal Co., Massillon.

PROPERTY—James Bayliss property in East Main street; lot 80 feet by 178 feet. Good place for business block. Cheap. E. G. Willison, Administrator.

WALL PAPER STORE—An established paying business and a fine store. A good chance for a practical man. Wm. T. Morrison 1117 Lorain St., Cleveland, O.

LOST.

WATCH—A small black faced watch, Saturday afternoon, on Charles street. Finder please leave at Independent office and receive reward.

FOUND.

MONEY—A sum of money tied in a handkerchief. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Call at 61 Park street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SPRING SEWING of all kinds, embroidery and modern lace taught or made; Ladies' underwear and infant's outfits a specialty. Inquire at 52 Duncan street; Bell 'phone 895.

WANTED.

MAN and WIFE to manage the Canton Branch office of a well established and profitable cash house. Exceptional inducements to the right parties. Personal interviews only at at rooms 1 and 2, 156 S. Main street, Akron, O.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

CLOSING OUT SALE

of our Entire Stock. In order to keep in pace with the fancy prices quoted by our competitors, we will mark down our Entire Stock, beginning

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 24

We will sell Trimmed Hats from 25 cents up, and untrimmed hats from 5 cents up. Pattern Hats that costs us $12.00 go at $5 00.

We don't put a fancy price on our goods and then quote a big discount from the same. We do an Honest, Legitimate Business and you can get BETTER VALUES for your money, than any other place in Stark county.

OUR RIBBON SALE

is attracting crowds of people. Don't be misled by prices quoted on old shopworn goods. We can't sell them to you at any price.

BLACK SAILORS AT COST—All black sailors at 25c, regardless of cost. $2.00 Walking hats at 50c. Children's Trimmed Hats from 25c up, and everything in our store goes in proportion.

Examine our Stock and be Convinced that we can Save You Money.

C. W. ZIMMERMAN,

COR. ERIE and TREMONT.
Opp. Hotel Sailor.

MASSILLON, O.

The Latest Things

in Stripes, in Dimities and Corded Lawns for

Shirt Waists and Dresses at

Crone's Dry Goods Store,

No. 1 W. Main St., - - Massillon, O. - - Next to Canal.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street. - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT is on sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad), and Bert Hankin's News stand in North Mill street.

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1899.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor.
GEORGE K. NASH,
of Franklin county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton county.

For Auditor,
W. D. GUILBERT,
of Noble county.

For Treasurer,
I B. CAMERON,
of Columbiana county.

For Attorney General,
JAMES M. SHEETS,
of Putnam county.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion county.

For Member Board of Public Works
FRANK HUFFMAN,
of Allen county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
WARREN W. HOLE.

For Representative,
JACOB B. SNYDER,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK.
CLARK W. METZGER,

For Probate Judge,
MAURICE E. AUNGST.

For Prosecuting Attorney
ROBERT H. DAY.

For Treasurer,
T. HARVEY SMITH.

For Sheriff,
JOHN J. ZAISER.

For County Commissioner
JOSEPH B. SUMMER.

For Infirmary Director,
ANDREW REESE.

Twenty-five hundred Indian fisherman at Vancouver are on a strike because the canneries refuse to advance their wages from six to ten cents per fish. And yet one of the chief arguments of the anti-expansionists is that we have failed in our efforts to civilize the red man.

The reopening of the Schley controversy will give that officer further opportunities for evincing that discretion which he has hitherto shown in declining to discuss publicly his personal stand in the matter, which, even if it fails to prove that he has been treated with injustice, is at least indicative of a desire to allow the question to be settled through the proper channels, which is entirely to his credit.

The Sun, of New York, maintains that the situation of the Democratic party remains now as it has been continuously since 1896, and that the outcome of its national convention in 1900 cannot be discussed intelligently except on the theory that the situation will be unchanged a year hence. Whether the candidate nominated is Bryan or another, the leader will still be Bryan and its animating impulse will be Bryanism.

Councilman Peter Smith, having allowed his name to be presented as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for sheriff, will for the next few weeks be busily occupied with the congenial task of breaking boxes of ointment over his own head and otherwise seeking to ingratiate himself with the Democracy of the county. While Mr. Smith is justified in taking to himself a certain amount of credit for the attainment of his present exalted position, he will doubtless never fail to re-call with due gratitude the fact that it was THE INDEPENDENT which first introduced him to the public as a reformer and a statesman.

Even the Cubans who are most hostile to American authority cannot fail to be impressed by the results of an honest administration of the finances of the province as shown in the statement that the amount of money now in Havana's treasury is unprecedented, no two years of the Spanish regime having yielded as much as the past five months. This statement considered in conjunction with the fact that business confidence is being restored and that trade and industry are recovering from utter stagnation to healthy activity, offers sufficiently convincing proofs that there may be a great future for Cuba under the restraining influences of a conservative American government.

The news that plain Horace Chapman is again to make the race he so narrowly missed two years ago is a great surprise, but is evidently a source of joy to the Democrats of Jackson county, and is a distinct shadow in the political future of either Kilbourne, Lentz, Rice or any other man. The friends of plain Horace can point exultingly to the fact that their candidate was only beaten by Governor Bushnell in 1897 by 28 000, whereas the Republicans carried the state in 1898 by 61,000. On this record they evidently base the prediction that plain Horace will be less badly beaten by Judge Nash than any of the other gubernatorial aspirants and that he is therefore the lamb best fitted for the sacrifice.

According to a dispatch from Berlin Emperor William has invented a new simile to describe the German nation. Speaking at the distribution of prizes won in the Elbe regatta, in which, by the way, his majesty steered his yacht Meteor into a mudbank, from which it had to be towed by a torpedo boat, the emperor said that "the German people are like a thoroughbred horse, which allows nobody to bridle him, but will maintain the foremost place." As this followed a declaration of Germany's ability to secure peace on the basis won by the emperor's grandfather and father, it is being asked whether the reference to a horse that cannot be bridled was not a covert allusion to Germany's attitude at the Hague.

The proceedings of the Democratic State Central committee at Columbus last week made it apparent that if John R. McLean is not a candidate for governor himself, he is in a position to control the convention and say who shall be the candidate. For the purpose of governing the selection of delegates to the coming convention the committee decided that in all counties, with the exception of Hamilton, the delegates should be selected at primaries or in mass convention. In Hamilton county the old rule of permitting the committee to name the delegates will be continued. This action in making an exception of McLean's own county shows the complete subserviency of the committee to the latter's wishes.

A New York editor is the authority for the assertion that if prominent persons in England really have at heart the drawing together of the United States and the British empire the quicker they drop talking and writing of an "Anglo Saxon" alliance the sooner they may gain their object. "There are mighty few Anglo Saxons in the British empire and scarcely any in the United States," he says. "In this country, Anglo-Saxondom, more or less spurious, is principally confined to the seekers after genealogies. But those Anglo-Saxons cut a very small figure at the polls. The great majority of voters strongly object to being so-called, but are proud of belonging to the English-speaking race." It is strange, but none the less refreshing, to find a New Yorker honest enough to acknowledge the fact that New York does not represent American public opinion.

The increased prosperity throughout the country is the best evidence of the result of three years of confidence in the principles of the Republican party and Republican administration. The indications are that the number of commercial failures in the United States for the second quarter of this year will be the smallest since 1881. The average amount per week now is but $955,000, or $155,000 more than the lowest average in 1881, while the volume of business in the country has doubled since then. Dun's trade review says in this connection:

"We have reached one of those exceptional periods in business which scarcely come in twenty years, when the chances of disaster are reduced almost to the vanishing point. At such times the foundations of great fortunes are laid, the greatest enterprises are with most safety undertaken, and the swelling prosperity of a great nation helps all who strive to contribute to the nation's well being."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists: price 75 cents per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures swollen feet, blisters and callous spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take in place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee, but is free from all injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

"Every well man hath his ill day." When "a bit off" or when seriously ill you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla and get well.

HENDERSON GUILTY.

The Jury Out Two Hours and a Half.

CLEAR CASE AGAINST HIM.

Martha Lewis, Charged With Cutting With Intent to Kill, is Bound Over to Court—Hallock—Carnes Case Comes up Thursday—Court Notes.

CANTON, June 21.—In the Henderson trial yesterday, before Judge McCarty, several witnesses identified the prisoner as one of the gang of five men who robbed the Bender family and brutally assaulted several of its members on the night of July 11, 1897. The most damaging testimony was given by Frederick Kiefer and Mrs. Rickard, both of whom recognized the prisoner as one of their assailants. The latter witness said she was positive that it was Henderson who struck her on the head with a club, knocking her down and rendering her unconscious for a time. Alice Williams, who kept a saloon in Massillon at the time of the robbery, testified that Henderson and another man were in her saloon the morning after the robbery, and had in their possession a bag filled with gold and silver coin. Witness said her life had been threatened because she was to testify in the case. A. B. Winnett, under sentence for obtaining money fraudulently, was called as a witness. He had been associated with Henderson in the county jail and proved a valuable witness for the prosecution.

The jury retired about 10:30 this morning, and at 1 o'clock this afternoon returned a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment.

Martha Lewis, charged with cutting Mrs. Emma Ammann with intent to kill, was given a hearing before Mayor Robertson Tuesday, and was bound over to court in the sum of $800. Mrs. Ammann, who is still suffering from the wounds received, identified the prisoner as her assailant, and four other witnesses gave important evidence. Attorney R. A. Pinn, of Massillon, appeared for the defendant, but offered no evidence in defense. In default of bail the prisoner was returned to jail.

Where the counterfeit silver now in circulation in this city comes from is still a mystery, notwithstanding the efforts of the police and detectives to discover the identity of the "shovers of the queer." The collector for a large establishment doing business here says that within a week he has refused as many as fifty counterfeit dollars, reputable business men having accepted them as genuine coin. A United States secret service officer has been in the city for several days.

The matter of appointing the ten policeman yet required seems to be as far from settlement as ever. Mayor Robertson asked the council to confirm the appointment of four Republicans out of the ten, but this request was refused. Had this demand been granted, the force would have consisted of seventeen Democrats and nine Republicans.

The case of the State of Ohio vs. Hallock and Carnes will be up for hearing on Thursday in Judge McCarty's court room.

Court will adjourn next week, and members of the bar association are making arrangements for the annual outing, which will be held at Congress lake.

George W. Doll has been appointed guardian of Mrs. Louisa Doll, of Massillon.

In the application for the appointment of guardian for Ernst Wissmar, of Massillon, the judge requested security for the costs.

On motion of petitioners, the case of the City of Massillon vs. Wm. Allen, et. al., to assess damages, has been dismissed.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Frank B. Silk and Mary Smith, Jacob J. Rippel and Clara Scharles, Chris. C. Franz and Flora C. Schaffner, of Massillon.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

The Winold Case Again Heard in Court.

CANTON, June 19.—A hearing of the habeas corpus proceedings commenced by Mrs. C. S. Winold, to recover possession of her two children, was conducted by Judge Wise in probate court last Saturday. Albert E. Winold, a brother of the defendant, was the only witness examined. He said that on the day C. S. Winold left Massillon with the children he accompanied them to the depot, but that he was not informed as to their destination. He said the father of the children purchased no tickets and said nothing to him as to where he was going with the children, and all he knew was that he had left Massillon with the children.

According to a resolution adopted by the Stark county Democratic central committee, the county primary elections will be held Saturday, August 26.

Final account in the estate of George Winterhalter, of Navarre, has been filed.

William Corl, sent to the county workhouse from Alliance, for train jumping, and whose sentence would not expire until July 15, walked out of that institution Saturday afternoon. No effort will be made to recapture him.

The Horse Shoers' Protective Association will hold a picnic at Meyer's lake on Thursday, June 29. Massillon horse shoers will be invited to attend.

The Lakeside Gun Club is arranging for an all-day shoot at their range on the Fourth of July.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Melchoir Seifert, by sheriff, to Catharine Stephon and others, 66 acres, Perry township, $7,700.

Barbara Shertzer to Milo N. Alden, lot in Massillon, $700.

Henry Schneider to Frank Kracker, part of lot No. 899, Massillon, $1,500.

An affidavit was filed against Martha Julius before Mayor Robertson, Saturday, charging her with cutting, with intent to kill, Mrs. Emma Amman. The injured woman received numerous severe gashes about the head with a knife or razor.

The will of William B. Schworm, of Massillon, which was filed in the probate judge's office, Saturday, bequeaths to his wife, Mary C. Schworm, all his property, both personal and real, and names her as executrix, without bond.

A marriage license has been issued to Lawrence Eberhardt and Anna Post, of Massillon.

PICNICS GALORE.

Grocers Looking up the Most Desirable Places.

BRADY LAKE IS FAVORED.

Cedar Point, Silver Lake and Meyer's Lake Have Been Proposed—The Committee Arranging for the Fourth of July Festivities.

The committee which the Massillon Retail Grocers' Association instructed to look up desirable places for holding the annual picnic on July 26 and make a recommendation at the next meeting is having a hard time coming to a decision. Cedar Point, Silver lake, Meyer's lake and Brady lake have been suggested. Chippewa lake has not been mentioned, it being deemed advisable not to hold the picnic at the same point twice in succession. The objection to Meyer's lake is that the place is so familiar that it would not have the same attraction for people as a more distant resort. Brady lake is the most interesting of the places now being considered, as it is here that the spiritualists hold their seances. Good railway connections are to be had to this lake, and people whose curiosity has been aroused by the many wierd tales in circulation concerning this beautiful body of water hope that it will be made the scene of the festivities. Cedar Point is near Sandusky, and is one of the most beautiful groves along Lake Erie. Cuyahoga Falls, glens and beautiful scenery are the attractions of Silver lake.

A JOINT MEETING.

Band and Tammany Hall Representatives Arranging for July 4.

The joint committee, representing the Military band and Tammany Hall, who will hold a picnic at Yingling's grove on July 4, has met and organized, with Peter Smith as president and George Frantz as secretary. The other members of the committee are Henry Kershner, William Knodel, H. Parnacott, A. Kessel, V. Clementz, John Seiler, Edward Ertle, John Paul and F. P. Eisenbrei. Messrs. Ertle and Seiler were appointed a sub-committee on printing, and Messrs. Knodel and Eisenbrei on grounds. Other sub-committees will be appointed at the next meeting of the joint committee. It has already been decided that a short concert shall be given in the park on the morning of July 4, and that the bicycle and foot races shall be held down town, thus to allow the business people to receive their share of the crowd's patronage.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

West Brookfield Board of Education Enjoined.

CANTON, June 20.—Peter Scharles has begun suit in common pleas court against the West Brookfield board of education and C. M. Smith, treasurer of the board, to enjoin them from erecting a school house on land recently purchased for that purpose, alleging that the land is unsuitable and the price for same exorbitant.

A motion for a new trial has been filed in the case of Myers vs. the village of Navarre, in which the plaintiff was last week awarded damages in the sum of $25. The amount sued for was $800 for alleged damages to property by reason of a change of grade and filling of a street. The defendant asks for a new trial on the grounds that the verdict is excessive, that the court erred in admitting certain testimony and in his charge to the jury.

United States detectives are to be sent here to locate the counterfeiters who are flooding the city with spurious coin. The counterfeit silver dollars are so perfect that several of the local bankers have taken them as genuine.

The case of the state of Ohio vs. Edward Henderson was put on trial in court room No. 1 Monday afternoon, Judge McCarty presiding. Henderson is charged with robbing the Bender family, near Massillon, and there is a probability that he will be held for trial as an accomplice in the robbery of the Massillon postoffice. During the trial this morning Adam Bender was on the witness stand, and identified some of the coins which he and his family had treasured as relics, and which were found in a Cleveland pawn shop by detectives. In answer to questions, Mr. Bender stated that it was impossible to state the exact amount the robbers secured, but it would reach $1,300 at least. In addition to the money, the robbers took a certificate of deposit, issued by the Merchants National bank, of Massillon, for $90.

FOR SALE—A binder as good as new 6 foot cut and all steel, will sell at a bargain. Inquire of C. J. Fortna, Massillon, O.

THE ENUMERATION.

An Increase in the Number of School Youth.

BOTH CITY AND TOWNSHIP

In Massillon the Increase is Eighty-four, and in the Rural Districts it is Sixteen—More Males of School Age Than Females.

The report of the enumerators, which has just been completed, shows an increase of 84 in the number of youth of school age in Massillon. This year there are 3,882; last year there were 3,798. In 1897, the enumerators' report accounted for 4,001 youth. That number has not since been reached. This year's report is as follows:

First ward—Youth between 6 and 8 years of age, 185; 8 and 14 years, 367; 14 and 16 years, 117; 16 and 21 years, 281; males, 470; females, 480; total, 950.

Second and third wards—Youth between 6 and 8 years, 434; 8 and 14 years, 854; 14 and 16 years, 307; 16 and 21 years, 674; males, 1,174; females, 1,095; total, 2,269.

Fourth ward—Youth between 6 and 8 years, 128; 8 and 14 years, 263; 14 and 16 years, 84; 16 and 21 years, 188; males, 329; females, 334; total, 663.

Totals—Males of school age in the city, 1,973; females, 1,909. Total number of youth between ages of 6 and 8 years, 747; 8 and 14 years, 1,484; 14 and 16 years, 508; 16 and 21 years, 1,143; total, 3,882.

The enumeration was made by John Ellis, A. B. Oberlin and Miss Nan E. Wiseman.

TOWNSHIP ENUMERATION.

The enumeration in the township was made by the school directors. The report shows an increase of 16 over last year. This year there are 629 youth of school age in the township, outside of Massillon. Following is the report:

Number of females in each district—No. 2, 38; No. 3, 31; No. 4, 21: No. 5, 41; No. 6, 34; No. 7, 31; No. 8, 17; No. 9, 67; No. 10, 22; total, 302.

Number of males in each district—No. 2, 52; No. 3, 22; No. 4, 27; No. 5, 35; No. 6, 37; No. 7, 42; No. 8, 20; No. 9, 64; No. 10, 28; total, 327. The males exceed the females by 25.

LACK OF FUNDS.

No Encampment of the National Guard This Year.

COLUMBUS, June 21—It seems highly probable that there will be no encampment of the state militia this year. The appropriation for the support of Ohio's military was great on account of the late war, and there is the further consideration that the state militia has not been thoroughly organized since the Spanish-American war. The legislature at its last session appropriated $140,000 to pay the expenses of the encampment of the National Guard this year, but the appropriation is not sufficient. It would be necessary to authorize the creation of a deficiency in order to hold a national encampment. The state emergency board has had the matter before it for consideration, but adjourned without taking final action.

Weekly Crop Bulletin.

According to the crop bulletin of the United States weather bureau, the wheat harvest has begun in the southern counties, and the grain is ripening fast in the central and northern portions. The reports are very variable and indicate that while some fields are better than expected, with long, well filled heads, others are very poor, and considerable damage is found from rust, etc., where it was not expected. The majority of correspondents report that the wheat is sound and of good quality. The harvest is several days earlier than usual. With few exceptions corn is making a good growth. It is uneven in places because of the replanting, but is of good color. Clover cutting is well along in some southern sections and has begun in northern. The crop is generally good, though weedy. Timothy fields and grass meadows have improved, except where rain is needed, but the yield is not promising in most sections. Barley and oats have improved. Oats is heading, with fine prospects in some fields and short straw in others. Barley promises well. The outlook for raspberries is very good, and for blackberries fair. Apples are dropping considerably, but most correspondents report a good crop in prospect.

Is the Steam Locomotive Doomed?

Men who know say that in the next ten years steam locomotives will disappear and electric motors will supplant them. They also say that with the new motive power trains will rush along at a minimum speed of 100 miles an hour. This will prove a blessing to those who wish to go quickly from one point to another, but no more so than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has proved a blessing to those who wish to go quickly from sickness to health. The Bitters act at once upon stubborn cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, billiousness and liver complaint. They improve the appetite, quiet the nerves, and induce sound, refreshing sleep. The trial of a bottle will afford convincing proof. Sold at all drug stores.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon, June 20, 1899:

LADIES

Printz, Mrs. Mary

MEN.

Jones, Fred E. — McGinnis, Geo.
Kopp, Nicholas — Marsh, John E.
Miller, Jas.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

Slusser's Sick and Nervous Headache Tablets will cure without fail. 10c. and 25c. at all druggists.

"Given Up

to die several times, yet I am spared to tell how I was saved," writes Mrs. A. A. Stowe, 237 N. 4th St., San Jose, Cal. "I had valvular heart trouble so severe that I was pronounced 'gone' two different times. The valves of my heart failed to work properly, and circulation was so sluggish that the slightest exertion produced fainting. 'There is no hope' said my physician, so I decided to try Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and the result I consider miraculous. I am satisfied it saved my life."

DR. MILES' Heart Cure

is sold by all druggists on guarantee first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free.
Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

FOURTH OF JULY.

How It will be Celebrated at the Hospital.

LEHMAN HAS BEEN FOUND.

Runaway Patient Now Near Uhrichsville—Many Patients Being Received Every Week—The Death Rate for the Past Six Months Unusually Low.

Plans for the observance of the Fourth of July are now being prepared by attaches of the Massillon state hospital. A picnic, a baseball game and fireworks have already been decided upon, and it is probable that there will be a dance. Those of the patients who are capable of thinking of anything at all are ardent picnickers, and they are looking forward to the Fourth of July festivities with the keenest anticipation. The picnic will probably be held in the orchard.

Charles Lehman, who ran away from the institution several weeks ago, is now with relatives near Uhrichsville. The relatives ask that the authorities send for Lehman, saying that they think the hospital is the best place for him. Lehman, though perfectly harmless, has a surly, disagreeable disposition, and for this reason his family do not enjoy his visits. He will be sent for.

The completion of at least one of the cottages under course of construction is becoming more and more necessary. Many patients are being received every week.

It is estimated that the death rate of the Massillon hospital for its first year, which will end on November 15, will not be more than one-fourth of that of any other state institution of similar character. The health of the patients has been remarkable, a fact that is attributable to the location of the institution and the excellent care which all the unfortunates receive.

Superintendent Richardson is in Columbus today, attending the annual meeting of the state board of charities.

Mrs. Melloy, stenographer to Dr. Richardson, is spending her vacation in Athens.

SCIO GENERALLY FAVORED.

Sentiment of the College's Board of Trustees.

The Rev. J. I. Wilson, of the First M. E. church, Monday evening returned from Scio, where he attended a meeting of Scio college's board of trustees, of which he is a member. Mr. Wilson says that the removal of the college was discussed, but that final action was not taken. Several of the trustees thought that one or the other of the big offers made by various towns should be accepted, but the strongest sentiment was in favor of the institution remaining at Scio, and this, Mr. Wilson thinks, will be the ultimate decision of the board.

A TRAINMAN'S ACCIDENT.

Brakeman Poland Falls Under His Train and Loses a Leg.

Brakeman Poland, of this city, a member of Conductor Kelley's W. & L. E. crew, fell under his train in the Orrville yards Saturday night, and one leg was crushed below the knee. His fall was caused by his foot catching in a frog. Poland has been brought to Massillon.

Drink Grain-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Now is the time to subscribe.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Corey, a son.

Mrs. John Arthur visited Canal Fulton relatives, Sunday.

Treasurer Smith has extended the payment of taxes until July 5.

Miss Mary Arnold, of Cleveland, is a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Arnold.

Jacob Bash, whose home is west of the city, has entered the regular army, enlisting at Akron.

Mrs. Jesse Davis, of Newark, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis, in Henry street.

Mrs. T. J. Parker, of Uhrichsville, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Fiegenschuh, in North street.

Mrs. Kate Putman, of Cleveland, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. F. Gardner, in West Brookfield.

Miss Mary Houriet, of Canal Fulton, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Heckert, in West Main street.

Miss Millie Kiehl, after an illness of three months, has again taken charge of her millinery store, in Canal street.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Shafrath and family, of New Berlin, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Shafrath, Sunday.

Mrs. F. K. Snodgrass has returned from Dalton to the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. W. Goudy, in South Erie street.

James Barton, an old soldier of Portland, this state, took poison on Saturday night and was found dead in bed yesterday.

Four car loads of horses were shipped from Orrville to New York last week. One car load will be sent to Frankfort, Germany.

Miss Jeannette Miller has gone to Wooster, where she will attend the summer school connected with the Wooster university.

Members of the Christian church will have a picnic at Meyer's lake on June 27. They will be joined by members of the Canton church.

Chris C. Franz and Miss Flora C. Schaffner will be married by the Rev. H. V. Kaempker at 8:30 Thursday morning in St. Mary's church.

A mad dog bit three children at East Palestine, Saturday afternoon. The children were sent to New York, Sunday, to be treated by a specialist.

Mary Ellen Maxwell, formerly a resident of this city, died at her home in Alliance on Saturday, aged 51 years. Mrs. Maxwell was well known as a clairvoyant.

Edward Zeeds, a prosperous farmer living near Columbiana, committed suicide Sunday. He was a Spiritualist and claimed his son's spirit told him to hang himself.

The marriage of Miss Lena Bittner and Mr. Richard Weise will take place at St. Paul's church Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. The Rev. L. H. Burry will perform the ceremony.

The Rev. Father Wonderly, who recently delivered a series of lectures at St. Joseph's church in this city, has been transferred from Cleveland to Shelby for ministerial work.

Work on four five hundred-foot steel vessels has been commenced in the Lorain ship yards. The Texas, a steel vessel which will be launched about the first of August, is 476 feet long and fifty feet in width.

Jacob Rippel, of this city, and Miss Clara Scharles, of West Brookfield, were married in Canton yesterday. They received their friends at the Bank street home of the groom's brother, George Rippel, last evening.

Edward Llewellyn, who was injured at the rolling mill several weeks ago, had his left eye removed by Dr. Morrow at the Aultman hospital in Canton on Monday afternoon. Mr. Llewellyn's condition is as satisfactory as can be expected.

Julius Whiting, jr., of Canton, has been re-appointed a member of the state Republican executive committee. This is the fourth time he has been honored by selection to this committee. He served last year and during the years of McKinley's gubernatorial candidacy.

Elisha Teeters, a pioneer resident of Alliance, and for years one of the most influential men of that city, died Saturday afternoon, aged 86 years. Mr. Teeters served a number of terms as county commissioner, and for many years has been one of the trustees of the Fairmount Children's Home.

The festival given by St. Mary's church on Tuesday evening was an unusually pleasant affair. Tastefully decorated tables were set out under the trees in the church yard, and sandwiches, coffee, ice cream, berries and cake were served to several hundred people. The Military band played during the evening. The net proceeds of the entertainment amounted to $187.

C. M. Rowlands, of Myers & Company, formerly state hospital contractors, now executing large contracts at Akron, was in Massillon recently looking for carpenters. He found all Massillonians of that trade employed. Mr. Rowlands's company must complete a certain contract before a given time or lose a considerable sum of money. Labor is so scarce that it is impossible to double the force and make up for lost time.

About two hundred people, seventy of whom were from this city, attended the strawberry and ice cream festival held at the Myers's school house, Saturday evening, under the auspices of the Myers's School Reunion Association. Two wagon loads of Massillon young people were taken to the festival in hay wagons by Messrs. Krider and Cormany, and a score or more went in private conveyances. The net receipts amounted to about forty dollars, which will be expended in arrangements for the next annual meeting of the Association.

The home of Dr. and Mrs. C. O. Carr was the scene of a pleasant gathering on Tuesday evening in honor of the departure of the Misses Clara and Florence Sanborn, who will leave in a few days for Chicago, where they will make their home in the future. Games and charades occupied the evening and refreshments were served, after which the Misses Sanborn were presented with brooches from the members of their Sabbath school class.

About sixty members and friends of the Independent whist club were pleasantly entertained by Miss Kate Webb and Mrs. Belle Reed at the Whipple farm, near Canton, on Tuesday afternoon and evening. Supper was served at a cresent shaped table under the trees. Among the guests was Miss Bertha Hoover, of Athens, O., who is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Schuckers, in East Main street.

KILLED INSTANTLY.

Lightning Causes Death of Enos Whitmer.

HE WAS IN A WOODSHED.

The Whitmer Farm is Five Miles Southeast of Massillon—Mr. Whitmer was Well Known in Massillon—A Destructive Monday Storm.

Enos Whitmer, whose home is about five miles southeast of Massillon, was instantly killed at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. He was in his woodshed when it was struck by lightning. His family were in the residence, within sight of the shed when it was shattered. They investigated immediately upon hearing the crash and noticing that the building was damaged. Mr. Whitmer was a farmer, and was about 45 years old.

The Monday afternoon storm, though consisting principally of dark clouds and light showers hereabouts, was a serious affair in the country southeast of the town. Four inches of hail fell, doing great damage to the wheat. A number of trees and barns were struck by lightning.

A HORSE KILLED.

Was Under a Tree When it Was Struck by Lightning.

A driving horse belonging to John Silk, of the Massillon Paper Company, was killed Monday afternoon, while standing under a tree near the Richville avenue residence of Taylor Desser. The tree was struck by lightning. The horse was hitched to a vehicle. The latter had no occupant.

SIX MEN SHOT.

Imported Miners Fired Upon From Ambush.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 21.—[By Associated Press]—Early this morning thirty negro miners were being taken into the Sunnyside mine when they were fired upon by unknown persons concealed in the bushes. Six men were badly wounded: James Moore, a stockholder in the mine, was shot in the back and seriously wounded; Henry Smith and John Phillips, colored, probably fatally shot; Edward Geiger, merchant, ear shot off; Charles Smith and John Norsweather, both colored, were badly wounded. The riot alarm was sounded and great excitement created. The governor may be appealed to to prevent the importation of miners.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made and that, too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery by purchasing a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night, and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz." Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00; every bottle guaranteed.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved,—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by Z. T. Baltzley, druggist. Guaranteed.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose stomach and liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful stomach and liver remedy, give a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insures perfect health and great energy Only 25c at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

He Fooled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Renick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering eighteen months from rectal fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. 25 cents a box. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

ENGLISH BAPTISTS.

The Massillon Church is Recognized.

PASTORS AND DELEGATES.

Many of the Churches of the Roundabout Towns were Represented at the Services—Congregation's Debt Decreasing.

Ceremonies in recognition of the recently established Massillon Baptist church were held in the church, at the corner of Mill and South streets, Tuesday afternoon and evening, about twenty-five Baptist pastors and delegates being in attendance. The Rev Dr. Leonard, of Granville, was chosen as chairman of the meeting, which was called to order at 2:30 o'clock. The minutes of the meeting at which the Massillon Baptist church was organized were read by Mrs. Elma Dunlap, the church clerk, and were approved, which action is equivalent to recommending the church for admission into the Wooster Baptist Association, whose next meeting will be held in New Philadelphia on August 22.

John Danner, of Canton, read a history of the first Baptist church established in Massillon forty years ago.

The paper of the Rev. Mr. Lister, of Newman, covered the history of the present Massillon church from the beginning of the movement till the organization, on February 9, 1899.

The Rev. Mr. Osborne, of Seville, delivered an address on "Baptist History."

Before adjourning for supper, the visiting delegates and pastors pledged the payment of $500 to the church. It was stated that the total debt of the Massillon congregation is $6,250, more than one-half of which has already been pledged. A canvass of Massillon has not been made. A large portion of the sum donated came from persons residing elsewhere. The pastor and others connected with the church feel very much encouraged.

After the evening session had been called to order, Dr. Leonard, the moderator, made a brief address, afterwards introducing the Rev. A. B. Whitney, of Salem, who spoke on matters relative to the church and its conduct.

The Rev. Dr. Chesney, of Wooster, spoke on the subject "To the Community."

The Rev. L. M. Roper delivered a sermon, his text being, "Behold I stand at the door and knock."

The meeting then adjourned. Most of the visitors left last night, though several remained in the city until today. The ladies of the church served refreshments in the dining hall in the afternoon and evening.

The pastors and delegates who attended the services, besides the Massillonians, were: Dr. George Leonard, of Granville, secretary of the Baptist state convention: the Rev. A. B. Whitney, W. H. Clark and J. B. Strong, of Salem; the Rev. J. M. Krisswell, of Alliance; the Rev. H. D. Osborne, A. F. Bostwick, A. A. Bostwick and A. E. Bostwick, of Seville; the Rev. E. Metzgar, of Sherman church; the Rev. Mr. Lister, Robert Ralston and Joseph Griffiths, of Newman; the Rev. L. M. Roper, John Danner and David Zollars, of Canton: the Rev. Dr. Chesney, J. F. Larwell and J. G. Sanborne, of Wooster. Six of the thirteen churches of the association were not represented. All the Massillon ministers had been invited to attend the meeting, but the Revs. Mr. Clokey and M. F. Fritz were the only ones who found it possible to do so.

MR. DANNER'S PAPER.

The following is taken from the paper of Mr. Danner:

"About sixty-five years ago the Ohio canal from Cleveland to Portsmouth was completed, and for want of better facilities for traveling, many people took passage on the boats of said canal. Rev. Orrin N. Sage, father of the late Judge Sage, of Lebanon, O., and of Rev. A. J. Sage, and Henry W. Sage, Esq., of Cincinnati, was the pioneers in Baptist church work in Massillon.

"The lot on the northwest corner of Mill and North streets was bought for the proposed new church and as speedily as possible a brick edifice was then erected; it was about 50x80 feet in size, with a nice tower and a good Menelry bell of 600 pounds might swung therein: for those times such a building was considered a great undertaking; under the brick audience room was a stone basement; the basement was entered from Mill street on the east, while the audience room was entered from North street on the south. Many and liberal were, the contributions from outsiders for this enterprise, yet quite a debt was incurred.

"In 1851 an old mortgage that had been neglected to be cancelled was resurrected and the property was sold at sheriff's sale, and was purchased by the First Methodist church of Massillon. They occupied the church building for some years as their place of worship, but after they located on East Main street, the old church building, so dear to many of the Baptists, was taken down, and not one stone left upon another to mark the place of the First Baptist church of Massillon."

The Transaction Closed.

The Rev. M. F. Fritz, acting for the East Ohio Conference of the United Brethren church, this afternoon gave the Massillon Baptist congregation the deed for the church at the corner of Mill and South streets. The sale was agreed upon some time ago, but the transaction was not closed until today. The consideration was $6,250.

SILK-SMITH.

A Wedding on the Plains Takes Place at Noon.

A pretty noon wedding took place today at the Smith residence on the plains, where Frank B. Silk and Miss Mary Smith were married by the Rev. John I. Wilson in the presence of the immediate relatives of both families. The drawing room, where the ceremony was performed, was tastefully decorated with ferns, lilies and roses. Miss Anna Silk, the groom's sister, and Master Benjamin Gans, a cousin of the bride, unwound white satin ribbons to form an aisle through which the bridal party passed. Miss Blanche Smith was bridesmaid and John M. Bachert, of Cleveland, was best man. The wedding march was played by Prof. Robert Geis, of this city. A wedding breakfast was served soon after the ceremony and later Mr. and Mrs Silk were driven to Navarre, where they took a C. C. & S. train for Cleveland. They will go to New York and will visit other points in the East. On returning they will make their home at the Smith residence, and will be at home to their friends after July 15. Many handsome presents were received among which were a case of table silver from Mr. and Mrs. John Silk, a set of fine china from the brother and sisters of the bride and many pieces of cut glass and bric-a-brac. The groom's gift to the bride was a diamond brooch.

WILL LEAVE OHIO.

The Standard Oil Company to Move to New York.

CLEVELAND, June 21.—The Standard Oil Company's headquarters will be removed from this city to New York and on July 1 its Ohio charter will be given up. The office force here will be reduced from about sixty men to less than one-tenth of that number. The recent incorporation of the company in New Jersey with a capital of $110,000,000 was the first step in the abandonment of Ohio. An officer of the company confirmed the report of the removal of the offices, and said that Cleveland would hereafter be only a branch office like those maintained in several cities. It was suggested that the action of the company was prompted by a desire to avoid further litigation such as was instituted by Attorney General Monnett, but the officer who gave the information denied that such was the case. Virgil P. Kline, the attorney of the company, also said there was no desire to escape litigation, and he scouted the idea that Attorney General Monnett had driven the company from the state.

ENGAGED TEACHERS.

Perry Township School Board Meets Monday.

The township board of education met in Massillon Monday, all members being present except Mr. Leifer.

The following teachers were engaged, at $2 a day each: District No. 2, William Graves, for a term of six months; No. 3, E. A. Stewart, eight months: No. 4, S. Smith, seven months: No. 5, L. C. Spidle, six months: No. 10, Miss Mary Frederick, eight months. E. O. Reed was engaged as music teacher at $45 a month.

It was agreed to purchase from Agent John Ellis, of Massillon, sixty Regal desks and a teacher's desk for the schoolhouse of district No 5. The Regal desks range in price from $1.95 to $2.15 each. The teacher's desk is to cost $10.

CRYSTAL SPRING SHOCKED.

News Received of Alex Sharp's Death at Joplin, Mo.

CRYSTAL SPRING, June 21.—A telegram was received last night announcing the sad death of Alex Sharp, at Joplin, Mo., whither he had gone about six weeks ago, in company with others from this place, to work in a lead mine owned by J. S. Coxey. The body has been ordered home and funeral arrangements will be made later on. The deceased is survived by a wife and seven children. He was 48 years old and had lived in Millport the past twenty years.

A LOWELLVILLE BOY.

Chauncey L. Fenton Selected for West Point.

The following telegram was received by THE INDEPENDENT today:

"Chauncey L. Fenton, of Lowellville, has been selected as nominee, and William L. Popo, of Limaville, alternate, to West Point military academy.

"R. W. TAYLER."

Before being admitted to West Point, however, the nominee must undergo another and even more rigid examinaton than that at Alliance.

"The Thorn Comes Forth With Point Forward."

The thorn point of disease is an ache or pain. But the blood is the feeder of the whole body. Purify it with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Kidneys, liver and stomach will at once respond? No thorn in this point.

Blood Poisoning—"The surgeon said when he took out the brass shell received in wound at San Juan Hill two weeks before, that it would have poisoned me if it had not been for my pure blood. I told him it was Hood's Sarsaparilla that made it pure." GEORGE P. COOPER, Co. G, 25th U. S. Inf., Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C.

Rheumatism—"Myself and a friend both suffered from severe attacks of rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured both. We would not be without it." WM. H. LESTER, 65 Leonard St., Fall River, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

GERMAN BAPTISTS.

A Convention of Delegates Now in Progress.

ADJOURN THIS EVENING.

Delegates are Present from Cleveland, Detroit, Alpena, Pittsburg and Elsewhere—The Association of Lake Erie and Vicinity.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

A convention of delegates from the churches of the German Baptist Association of Lake Erie and vicinity is being held in the German Baptist church, at the corner of Jarvis avenue and Green street. With the exception of Mr. Arndt, of Cleveland, and Mr. Sack, of Detroit, all the delegates are pastors of the church. They are: Pastors Zirbes, Walter, Grinnell, Sendbote, Ritter and Kruse, of Cleveland: Pastors Moehlmann, Buermann and Raebel, of Detroit; Pastor Bornschlaegel, of Alpena, Mich: Pastor Gleiss, of Pittsburg Visitors from Massillon, Canton and elsewhere are also present. The Rev. H. Sellhorn, pastor of the local church, yesterday took the chair as moderator of the association.

The church of the Rev. H. Gleiss, of Pittsburg, was received into the association yesterday, and the hand of fellowship was extended to the representative by the moderator. Two interesting papers were read yesterday afternoon: one on "Biblical Giving," by the Rev. W. Zirbes, of Cleveland, and another on "The Personal Responsibility of Each Member of the Church in Christian Work," by the moderator. Lively discussions followed both papers, in which all visitors were invited to take part.

The delgates called upon the brethren of the English Baptist church, and Dr. Grinnell delivered their greetings and congratulated the newly organized church upon the success which has attended its efforts.

Tuesday evening the Rev. Mr. Gleiss, of Pittsburg, preached a powerful sermon, an exposition and application of the fourth chapter of the book of James.

Immediately after the Wednesday morning session had been called to order the Rev. George Bornschlaegel, of Alpena, Mich., read a paper on "Christianity in the Family."

The Rev. J. H. Moehlmann, of Detroit, delivered an address on "Conditions of a Perpetual and Perennial Growth of the Kingdom of Christ."

Wednesday afternoon the Rev. H. C. Gleiss, of Pittsburg, spoke on "Why Baptists do not Take Communion with Christians of Other Denominations," and the Rev. F. Buermann, of Detroit, delivered a discourse on "Woman's Mission."

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

NEWMAN NOTES.

NEWMAN, June 21.—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Morgan and Richard Davis are spending the week in Youngstown.

Miss Sadie E. Griffiths is attending the summer term of school at Wooster university. The term lasts two months.

In the recent adjustment of postmasters' salaries at Washington ninety-six from Ohio welcome an increase of from one to five hundred dollars per year, while a few were compelled to suffer a slight decrease and the over-worked, down-trodden fourth-class postmaster was allowed to remain just where he was, depending on his cancellations for his bread and butter.

H. E. Kingsley, representing Contractor F. E. Smith, of Washington, was here Monday and sub-let the Newman mail route to the old, reliable present carrier, David H. Jones, for one hundred and twenty dollars a year. This was the fourth agent Mr. Smith sent to sub-contract his route which he contracted for at $102 96.

Through the kindness of Infirmary Director Wm. M. Hardgrove, Mr and Mrs. William Findley were in attendance at the meeting of the Northeastern Ohio Infirmary Officials' Association held at the county infirmary on Wednesday of last week, where a patriotic flag raising by the American Mechanics of Canton formed a grand feature of the day's proceedings. The association's programme was well and ably handled by the respective members, and much information was gleaned by the exchange of opinions on the different subjects. In the election of officers, Mr. Hardgrove, of this township, was elected vice president, and the Youngstown infirmary was chosen for the meeting next year.

Rodney Lewis, who had been employed at the brick works for a number of years, died at his home in Tuscarawas township, last Friday, of cancer of the stomach, aged 42 years. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon, services being conducted by the Lutheran minister of West Brookfield in our village church. The deceased leaves a wife and six small children, who are without any visible means of support, an aged mother, one brother and one sister to mourn their loss. The family has the deep sympathy of the entire neighborhood.

At a meeting of the board of education of this township, last Monday, a petition was presented asking that Newman be struck off into a special district, which was favorably considered by the board, but owing to the territory embracing a part of a joint sub-district, the petition was tabled until the next meeting, when it is expected that the boundary lines will be readjusted and the matter disposed of to the satisfaction of all concerned.

WANTS TO KILL LAWYERS

NAVARRE, June 21.—Joseph Myers, son of Urs Myers, is violently insane. He was greatly interested in the recent litigation between his father and the village of Navarre, owing to alleged damage to property, and was a witness at the trial. After a verdict in his father's favor, he expressed himself as well satisfied with the outcome of the suit, but the report that the defendant in the case would move for a new trial greatly excited him and his mind gave way. He is strictly guarded, and at times several man are required to hold him, his one desire being to reach Canton and kill some lawyers. Unless his condition improves he will be sent to the asylum.

WILMOT NEWS.

WILMOT, June 20.—Charles Fogle has been painting at Strasburg.

Conrad Haas sold one thousand bushels of wheat last week.

Prof. and Mrs. H F Koehler are taking a trip to some of the Northwestern states.

Capitalists wishing to invest would perhaps do well to look up the rocks on the farm occupied by E. Hoopingarner. Someone says they contain a large percentage of glass.

A FIRE NEAR GREENVILLE.

EAST GREENVILLE, June 20.—Sunday night the house occupied by the parents of Ernest Slusser, the young man who married Maggie Jorden, burned to the ground. The young man and his wife were staying there, but expected to move to Lisbon in a short time. The fire is supposed to have been caused by the explosion of a lamp which had been left burning.

FULTON WINS A GAME.

CANAL FULTON, June 19.—The Fulton baseball team defeated the Clinton club Saturday by a score of 18 to 2. Kittinger and Jones were Fulton's battery. During the game a bat slipped from the hands of one of the Clinton players, striking Arlond Blank, the young son of William Blank, on the head. For a short time the child's condition was considered serious, but today he is all right.

DALTON NOTES.

DALTON, June 22.—Charles E. Torbet, son of the Rev. Joseph Torbet, who has been attending school at West Farmington, O., is at home visiting his parents.

F. E. Horbach was in Wooster, Tuesday, attending to business matters.

Mrs. Martha Dunham, accompanied by her daughters, Mrs. Field and Mrs. Dole, of Muscatine, Ia., visited with Sadie Dunham, of Franklin township, recently.

The Dalton roller mill is making extensive improvements and a new smoke stack, which will be larger and better than the old one, will be erected.

Hay harvest is now at hand and the farmers are hunting harvest hands.

Martle & Blosser are drilling a well at the residence of F. E. Horbach, and the prospects are good for a fountain.

George F. Stuck had his house improved by the painters, Slusser & Stahl. The prospects are now very good for a grand and glorious Fourth here. The citizens are holding meetings and have selected a committee and raised money, so that the celebration will be one, that will be long remembered.

John Fiscus, of Orrville, presented his sons, Charles, Ray and Bert, with a fine wheel on Tuesday.

R. M. Gardiner, traveling agent for the Champion Machine Company, visited his family Sunday.

"For the Sake of Fun, Mischief is Done."

A vast amount of mischief is done, too, because people neglect to keep their blood pure. The mischief appears in eruptions, dyspepsia, indigestion, nervousness, kidney diseases and other ailments. This mischief, fortunately, may be undone by the faithful use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which cures all diseases originating in or promoted by impure blood.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. Non-irritating.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe dealers for 25c. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

First-class Steamboat Service Between Detroit and Cleveland and Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac.

D. & C. floating steel palace steamers are now running daily between Detroit and Cleveland. Two trips per week between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac Island. Regular service will commence on June 15th. Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes. Send 2 cents for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ G. P. A., D. & C. Line, Detroit, Mich.

The best of all pills are Beecham's.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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PECK ON PARIS FAIR.

OUR COMMISSIONER GENERAL SAYS THINGS LOOK ENCOURAGING.

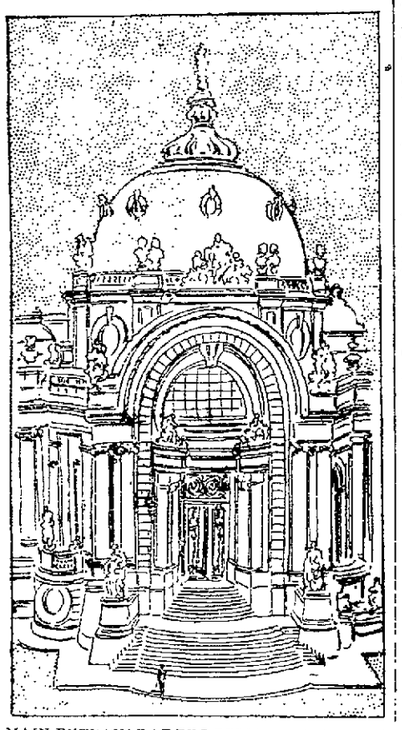
Preparations Now In Hand For the Agricultural Exhibit Which, It Is Believed, Will Astonish the World. Plans Ready For Our Buildings.

[Special Correspondence.]

CHICAGO, June 13.—Commissioner General Ferdinand W. Peck, who recently returned from Paris and is now in this city, speaks encouragingly of the preliminary work in connection with our exhibit at the world's fair in the French capital next year and is confident that when the gates are opened the United States will be represented in a manner creditable to a great nation. There is no end of detail to be planned and executed before the fair is opened, and matters are yet in a somewhat chaotic condition, but the commissioner says everything is moving along as smoothly and satisfactorily as could be expected.

Effort is now being especially directed toward preparations for the agricultural exhibit, which the commissioner and those associated with him hope to make a "world beater." Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture is deeply interested in this exhibit and is aiding the commission in every way possible. The work of gathering the material for this exhibit is no slight task. It is, of course, desired to secure the best products from every part of our wide domain. To this end agents will soon be sent out through the country to hunt up the products. Some of these agents will look over the stock farms, others will visit the ranges of the west, and still others will scurry around over the broad acres of the grain belt. No section of the country will be slighted. There will naturally enough be no end of products offered for the exhibit. The real trouble will be in deciding what not to select out of the great mass of "first fruits" which the husbandmen will proudly tender to the commission for display at Paris, as illustrating the agricultural greatness of their country.

Owing to the restricted space, it has been determined by Commissioner Peck to accept only the highest development of each product, and to discriminate between the bewildering aggregation of varieties will be no small task. After they have made their tours through the country the agents will concentrate at one point, probably in this city, and report upon what they have found. Then the trouble of Commissioner Peck and his aids will begin in real earnest—the discrimination between so much that it is of the best and that which could not be better. Every farmer will want his products shown, and there will doubtless be much disappointment because all the offerings cannot be accepted. The upshot of the whole business, however, will be the selection of an agricultural food exhibit that will surpass anything the world has ever seen.



MAIN ENTRANCE OF THE PETIT PALAIS, PARIS EXPOSITION.

During the year last passed the world has had something of an exhibit of our prowess in war, and it is now desired that we demonstrate how consummately great we are in the arts and accomplishments of peace. We're out for the markets of the world, and the excellence and extent of our exhibit at the Paris exposition will accomplish much in this direction. As it is already estimated that 60,000,000 people will visit the great fair next year, the importance of making a superior showing is apparent.

Commissioner Peck asserts that the plans for the American building at Paris are well advanced, though it is yet too early to give a minute description of them. There will be a large central building designed for headquarters for Americans. It will not be used for exhibits, but for the comfort and reception of visitors and exhibitors from the United States. This building will have an imposing dome, with an American eagle on top, and in the center of the rotunda will be a statue of George Washington. The Agricultural building will be an annex to this and will cost about $50,000.

A feature of the agricultural exhibit will be a 20 foot revolving plate glass refrigerator to be used to display perishable meats and dairy products. This refrigerator will be constructed of ebonized oak, and will be filled with the choicest cuts of American meats, which will give the foreigners a pretty good idea of what we produce in this direction. Much space will also be given to the display of poultry. Vegetables, cereals and fruits will form a considerable part of the exhibit, with which we propose to demonstrate our ability to feed the world. SAMUEL HUBBARD.

COMFORT FOR CHILDREN.

Gems In Dresses For the Hot Summer Months.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, June 12.—I do not believe there is a mother in the land whose heart will not rejoice to know that the dear little Mother Hubbard gowns are "in" again and that guimpes and short sleeved frocks are quite as fashionable. The Mother Hubbard is also often arranged to wear with a guimpe. One reason for the popularity of the guimpe frock is that the dress itself may be of quite thick material, strong and dark, and yet may be made not only cool, but dressy and pretty, by dainty little guimpes. These are of muslin tucked and trimmed with lace, embroidery or with ribbon run through the open spaces. There may be quite a variety of the pretty guimpes at little more than the cost of one entire dress, and the washing and ironing are also to be taken into account.

Some of the guimpes have the fancy part reach only to where the dress comes, with plain muslin down the waist. There are some guimpes made but very little longer than yokes, but these are always working up to the manifest discomfort of the child. They should have a waist portion, and also there should be silver safety pins to hold the waist and sleeves of the frock to the guimpe. A few guimpes have puffed sleeves, which reach only to the elbows, and these are finished off with a frill of lace. But, generally speaking, the sleeves reach the wrists. "Baby" waists with short puffed sleeves and low necks are the most often seen with

DRESSES FOR LITTLE PEOPLE.

guimpes. Mother Hubbards may be worn with them if so desired, but a Mother Hubbard is nothing anyhow but a yoke and full, straight lower part. So it is perhaps more satisfactory to have these all in one, especially when the material is thin.

Everyday Mother Hubbards are made of gingham, percale, pique and dark linens and crashes. A pretty way to make these is to have the yoke of a contrasting color sewed with lines of feather stitching or herringbone in red cotton, or white if that would be more effective. A narrow stitched band joins yoke and skirt together, and this and the plain cuffs and collar may be herringboned. Many of these little dresses are open all the way down the back and buttoned. This is for convenience in ironing.

Shepherd check ginghams, Japanese wash silks, foulards with polka dots and all sorts of calico and lawn are used for these dresses, the use to which they are put determining the quality. For Sundays and other grand occasions fine linen batiste is the prettiest and best. The yoke is a combination of fine tucks and valenciennes lace insertion, with a ruffle of the same lace to match. The elbow sleeves have a ruffle of valenciennes four inches wide. That on the yoke is but two. Around the bottom is a ruffle of the lace four inches deep, headed by tucks, hemstitching and valenciennes insertion. The whole is a marvel of daintiness. When these thin frocks are worn, there is usually a slip of light colored taffeta worn with them. A slip is a simple princess shaped garment with pinked self ruffles at the bottom or perhaps a lace ruffle. One such slip is usually all that is made, and it answers for many dresses.

Dotted swiss and challie and some of the most delicate organdies are all suitable for summer dresses. Lace and ribbon sashes and bows ornament them, but rather more lace than ribbon is seen. But wherever a bow can be put it is always of very rich ribbon. Scrim Mother Hubbards are very pretty when worked in Bulgarian cross stitch embroidery in dull reds and blues. This kind of trimming is expensive to buy, but many mothers delight in working it. It always requires straight edges and a well defined coarse mesh. A yoke, sleeve bands, a straight belt, if a belt is worn, and a band around the bottom about an inch and a half wide are what is considered the proper amount. It is very durable and always looks well and valuable, as all hand work does.

The yoke and guimpe dresses may be worn until a girl is 12 years old, taking note that over 10 there should be a belted waist, and under 10 the skirt may hang from the yoke. But the guimpe may be worn even by quite young ladies.

The hats for children have wide brims and low crowns and are trimmed with stiff bows of taffeta and quills for ordinary and large white plumes and a few field flowers for best. Some have stiff brims, but more are flexible. Girls over 10 can wear sailor shapes. Little girls under 6 wear big poke bonnets made of straw and silk mull and liberty; also muslin ones are made with much narrow lace and ribbon. These are nearly always white. The underwear is always white, no little girl ever wearing a silk petticoat. Hosiery is black for everyday and pink or blue only on very special occasions. Then they should match the slip or the ribbons in color. Very dainty little pinafore aprons of linen lawn, with tatting or crochetted lace edging, are seen often among the prettiest of things for children. These are worn on all but grand occasions and are really ornamental. They never have sleeves, but do have tiny pockets. OLIVE HARPER.

FARMING IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

One Crop that Never Fails and a Home Market for It at $1 a Bushel.

New Hampshire has a new crop. Grasshoppers. The State pays the farmers for the product. The price is one dollar a bushel. Mr. A. T. Burleigh, of Franklin, last year gathered ninety bushels for which he received ninety dollars. Of course the State does not pay for the extermination of the insects. They are a plague, and a bounty of one dollar per bushel is provided by law for their destruction.

The writer met Mr. Burleigh recently, and was led by curiosity to inquire how ninety bushels of the lively little fellows could be captured.

"The farmers have been troubled by the grasshoppers more or less for the past twelve years," said Mr. Burleigh. "We do not know where they originated or how they came, but they are here, and it seems that they have come to stay. They are worse some years than others. In 1885 I caught 119 bushels. My best catch was thirty-nine bushels in one day. In an area two miles long and one mile and a half wide 500 bushels were caught and destroyed, besides those ploughed in when too small to hop out of the furrow. These grasshoppers hatch about the first of June, and are so small one would not notice them were it not for the rustling noise they make hopping in the grass. At this period you can destroy them only by ploughing them in."

"Pardon me, but this process would bring you no bounty. What I wish to know is how you catch them."

"I was about to say that those which are not ploughed in we endeavor to catch. In order to do this they must be about half grown and able to jump or fly. We have constructed a machine which carries two pans of galvanized iron eight feet long, sixteen inches wide, four inches deep, and having a back eighteen inches high. These pans are divided into three sections and fastened to wooden shoes, into which they are set about one and one-half inches from the ground. This apparatus is attached to a pair of wheels, with a long axle—one that runs through the wheels about eighteen inches being the best. The pans are filled with an emulsion; either kerosene and water, soft soap and water, chloride of lime and water, or any of the soap powders are good. Each section of the pan holds about three gallons of water, and has to be refilled for each catch. To catch the grasshoppers to advantage one should take them early in the morning or at sunset, when they are on the grass feeding. Two men and two horses are needed for each machine, as one horse could not stand it to drag the heavy apparatus through the grass, for one must drive fast to catch the little pests."

"What is the extent of the injury they are are capable of inflicting?"

"To tell how much damage they do is like valuing something you do not have. In three days they will spoil a piece of grass that would cut two tons per acre, and in one day they have destroyed a half-acre of onions."

"They do not hesitate to eat onions, then?"

"They do not hesitate at tackling anything, hardly. They even devour old cloth, boots, and rotten wood. They do more damage to the potato than does the regular potato bug, and are fond of cabbage and turnips. They relish horseradish and rhubarb; in fact, I know of only two things I raised in my garden that they do not like—tomatoes and peas."

"Have you endeavored to get rid of the intruders by other methods?"

"Yes. The grasshoppers hatch every season. You can easily find their eggs in September or October, or in the spring. We have tried burning, rolling and drowning, as well as ploughing, but the grasshopper machine is the only thing that will conquer them. There is but a week or ten days that you can catch them, this being when they are about half-grown, and before they can fly far. The bounty of one dollar per bushel, which we receive from the State, just about pays for the time and expense of catching."

"I suppose the farmers generally are waging war on the hoppers?"

"To a greater or less extent all of them are fighting them. A neighbor of mine caught sixteen bushels last season."

"What was your loss last year?"

"They destroyed more than half of my hay crop, spoiled six acres of oats, ruined half an acre of onions, and damaged my carrots to the extent of forty or fifty dollars, besides clearing out an acre of beans so clean you would not know that anything had been planted on the land."

The New Hampshire law, offering a bounty for grasshoppers, was passed in 1891. At the office of the Secretary of State in Concord it was learned that "in 1884 there appeared on one or two farms in Franklin and one farm in Canterbury, a certain species of grasshopper, or locust, that was very destructive to vegetation. The insects did not move around much, but ate everything clean where they located, and became so thick that they could be collected in large quantities. They differ from the common grasshopper in that they are not so lively, and come in much greater numbers. It was to cause their extermination that the law was passed. Of the common kind of grasshoppers a bushel could hardly be collected in a season, but these locusts are so plentiful that they can be gathered by the bushel, and farmers rig up machinery for the purpose.—Boston Herald.

Spraying Cherries.

Reports from different sources speak favorably of the experiments which have been made in spraying cherries with arsenites. Their early season to ripen and mature makes an early return from the labor; and their entire smooth surface—not even a salyx cavity—gives them an advantage of easy washing of all sprayed matter from their glossy surface, by the dash of rains. The fact that the curculio devours exterior matter as well as sucks the juicy interior, is corroborated by the success of spraying. It commonly happens that the cherry crop is much thinned by the long rains that occur in many localities while they are in blossom, preventing the action of the pollen; but this year was an exception, a long continued period of dry and clear weather occurring at that time, and the consequence was that the trees were loaded with fruit, and the heavy crops were well taken care of by spraying.

MYSTERIES OF CATARRH.

Penetrating to any organ of the body, catarrh, though methodical, is mysterious. It is called by so many names that the mystery is deepened with every new phase. To be fully satisfied that indigestion and stomach trouble *are* catarrh, Dr. Hartman's books should be read. These books are mailed by the Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O., on application. They define catarrh clearly and scientifically. The following letter from the Hon. Charles N. Vallandigham of the Adjutant General's Office, Columbus, O., bears on this point directly. He says:

Adjutant General's Office,
Columbus, O., June 23, 1897.

To whom it may concern:

I have been troubled greatly with indigestion and decided to try the merits of Pe-ru-na as a remedy. I found it to be of great service, and heartily recommend it to any one so troubled. I feel assured that they will be benefited by giving it a trial.—C. N. Vallandigham.

Mr. Vallandigham is a son of Hon. Clement L. Vallandigham, has been two terms in the Ohio Legislature, was elected clerk of the Senate, and is now in the Adjutant General's Office. His letter is but one of many thousand on file, showing the sterling qualities of Pe-ru-na for catarrhal troubles.

RETURN LIMIT EXTENDED.

Seashore Excursion Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines Good Fifteen Days Returning.

The return limit on the low fare excursion tickets to Atlantic City, Cape May, Avalon, Anglesea, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Wildwood, Sea Isle City, New Jersey, Rehoboth, Delaware, and Ocean City, Md., to be sold Aug. 10th, from principal stations on the Pennsylvania Lines will be fifteen days including date of purchase. This is a longer limit than that granted on similar tickets sold in previous seasons, and will be ample for a delightful sojourn at the seaside. The extreme return limit will be August 24th, which will allow a week after returning home to prepare for school and other duties which begin with the opening of September.

The date of the excursion, August 10th, is the most convenient for an outing. Business is quiet all this season, crops are gathered, and office, store and farm duties are not exacting. The thermometer usually reaches the highest point about this time. It will be a pleasing diversion to spend a week's vacation in the invigorating ocean breeze and experience the unlimited pleasures at the command of the summer idler by the sea.

The round trip rate from Massillon will be $13 50. Tickets at the exceptional low fare may be secured to either of the ten resorts mentioned above, which are the most attractive along the Atlantic Coast. For illustrated descriptive matter about them apply to J. A. Shoemaker, local ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, who will also furnish information about time of trains, etc.

Lots! Lots! Lots!

16 lots on Chester street,.....$250 to $450
15 lots on Edwin street,..... 250 to 450
18 lots on Dwight street,.... 250 to 450
7 lots on George street,..... 225 to 250
13 lots on Johnson street,..... 200 to 275

$10 accepted as first payment, balance $5 to $10 a month according to location.

James R. Dunn,

STONE BLOCK.

PURE BLOOD.

Pure blood means life, health, vigor—no room for disease where the veins are filled with rich, red corpuscles.

Lindsey's Improved Blood Searcher

Makes pure blood—cures scrofula, erysipelas, pimples, boils, sore eyes, scald head—blood diseases of all forms. Here's proof:

MESSOPOTAMIA, OHIO.
Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher has worked wonders with me. I have been troubled with *Scrofula for thirty years* but I find that Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher will effect a permanent cure in a short time. It's wonderful.
C. W. LINSCOTT.

W. J. GILMORE CO.
PITTSBURG, PA.

At all Druggists. $1.00.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," *in letter*, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. *Name Paper.*
At all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., 2400 Madison Square, PHILADA., PA.

- - TRAVELER'S REGISTER. - -

Trains Arrive and Depart on Central Standard Time.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains-Central Time

Westward.	9	3	15	31	11	307
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM	AM
Pittsb'gh lv.	*7 00	*1 35	*6 30	15 00	*5 00	*8 00
Beaver Falls "	8 05	2 41	7 30	6 30	5 46	8 46
Columbiana "	.....	3 44	...	7 43	...	...
Leetonia..... "	9 09	3 51	...	7 53	...	...
Salem ..... "	9 21	4 05	8 34	8 08	6 37	9 37
Alliance { ar.	9 45	4 35	8 55	8 35	6 55	9 55
Alliance { lv.	9 45	4 40	8 55	8 40	PM	AM
Maximo..... "	.....	4 56	.....	8 55		
Louisville... "	.....	5 08	.....	9 06		
Canton ..... "	10 15	5 24	9 27	9 23		
Massillon..... "	10 27	5 42	9 40	9 40		
Lawrence..... "	.....	5 57	.....	9 52		
BurtonCity.. "	.....	6 05	.....	10 00		
Orrville..... "	10 48	6 15	10 06	10 10		
Smithville... "	.....	6 25	.....	10 20		
Wooster ..... "	11 07	6 34	10 26	10 29		
Shreve..... "	.....	6 50	.....	10 45		
Big Prairie.. "	.....	6 55	.....	10 55		
Lakeville .... "	.....	7 02	.....	10 59		
Loudonville "	.....	7 16	.....	11 15	39	
Perrysville.. "	.....	7 25	.....	11 22	AM	
Lucas ..... "	.....	7 40	.....	11 35	AM	
Mansfield ... "	12 15	7 53	11 30	11 50	6 30	
Crestline..ar.	12 45	8 25	11 59	12 25	6 55	
Bucyrus.....lv.	1 10	PM	12 27	4 03	7 33	
Lima ..... "	2 37		1 59	6 10	9 50	
Van Wert... "	3 21		2 43	7 05	10 46	
Ft. Wayne ar.	4 10		3 40	8 05	11 55	
Warsaw ..... lv.	5 33		4 50		1 28	
Plymouth... "	6 21		5 27		2 10	
Valparaiso.. "	7 22		6 22		3 23	
Chicago.....ar.	8 45		7 45		5 05	
	PM		AM	PM	PM	

Eastward.	20	8	6		
	AM	PM	PM		
Chicago ...lv.	†7 30	*3 00	*11 30		
Valparaiso . "	9 15	4 30	1 20		
Plymouth ... "	10 32	5 40	2 43		
Warsaw ..... "	11 20	6 20	3 34		
Ft. Wayne ar.	12 35	7 35	5 10		
Van Wert...lv.	1 52	8 41	6 25	32	
Lima ..... "	2 44	9 30	7 20	AM	
Bucyrus ... "	4 51	11 19	9 32	AM	
Crestline.. "	5 35	11 55	10 30	†5 20	
Mansfield.... "	6 05	12 20	10 55	5 46	
Lucas ..... "	6 20	.....	11 06	5 58	
Perrysville.. "	6 35	.....	11 18	6 12	
Loudonville "	6 44	.....	11 23	6 20	
Lakeville .... "	6 56	.....	11 36	6 32	
Big Prairie.. "	7 00	.....	11 39	6 35	
Shreve..... "	7 10	.....	11 50	6 44	
Wooster ..... "	7 23	1 30	12 08	7 05	
Smithville... "	7 41	...	12 20	7 15	
Orrville ..... "	7 55	1 51	12 35	7 30	
Burton City.. "	8 03	...	...	7 40	
Lawrence..... "	8 10	.....	12 48	7 50	
Massillon..... "	8 25	2 18	1 00	8 05	
Canton ..... "	8 45	2 34	1 22	8 25	
Louisville ... "	9 00	.....	1 40	8 42	
Maximo ..... "	9 10	.....	1 50	8 54	
Alliance { ar.	9 20	3 10	2 10	9 05	
Alliance { lv.	9 25	3 10	2 10	9 40	*9 35
Salem..... "	10 00	3 34	2 33	10 12	9 53
Leetonia .... "	10 12	...	2 51	10 28	...
Columbiana "	10 20	...	2 59	10 38	...
Beaver Falls "	11 25	4 45	4 10	11 55	10 41
Pittsb'gh..ar.	12 45	5 50	5 30	1 25	11 30
	AM	AM	PM	P M	AM

	10	306
	AM	PM
	*3 35	*3 45
	9 53	4 03
	...	a
	...	...
	10 41	4 51
	11 30	5 40
	AM	PM

*Daily, †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday. a To let off Cleveland passengers. ‖Meals. ¶Flag Stop.

Pullman Sleeping Cars on Nos. 8, 15, 306 and 307. Cars on No. 9 to Chicago, No. 6 to Pittsburgh where connection is made for the East. Parlor Car on Trains Nos. 10 and 11. Dark Faced Type denotes time from 12 noon to 12 midnight; Light faced, from 12 midnight to 12 noon.

At Orrville connection is made with C., A. & C. Ry. train for Cleveland by **Nos. 6, 8, 32** and for Columbus by **Nos. 4, 6, 9, 15, 20, 31** and **32. Nos. 9** and **15** connect at Mansfield with trains over the Toledo Division for Tiffin and Toledo. **Nos. 4** and **8** connect at Alliance for Niles and Youngstown.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.
5-21-99.-C PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

The Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Ry. Co.

Schedule in effect May 14th, 1899.

North Bound. Main Line.	2	4	6	8	*18
Standard Time	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Bellaire.....	.....	5 50			.....
Bridgeport..	.....	6 05	1 40	4 25	.....
Uhrichsville ...	4 40	8 10	3 45	6 37	6 25
N Philadelphia	4 58	8 27	4 02	6 56	6 42
Canal Dover....	5 05	8 34	4 09	7 03	6 49
Justus.....	5 34	9 03	4 38	7 36	7 18
Massillon.....	5 50	9 18	4 53	7 50	7 32
Canal Fulton..	6 08	9 35	5 09	.....	7 50
Warwick.....	6 15	9 42	5 16	.....	7 57
Sterling	6 37	10 04	5 33	.....	8 12
Seville.....	6 43	10 10	5 44	.....	8 25
Chippewa Lake	6 52	10 18	5 53	.....	8 34
Medina..... ...	7 05	10 30	6 05	.....	8 46
Lester...	7 18	10 45	6 16	.....	8 56
Brooklyn	8 04	11 24	7 00	.....	9 39
Cleveland.....	8 20	11 40	7 15	.....	9 55

Lorain Branch.	12	14	16	10
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lester	8 15	10 41	6 20	2 05
Grafton.....	8 35	10 59	6 38	2 23
Elyria	8 51	11 16	6 55	2 40
Lorain..	9 10	11 30	7 10	2 55

South Bound Main Line.	1	3	5	7	17
					P.M.
Standard Time	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	
Cleveland.....	7 10	1 00	5 10	.....	6 25
Brooklyn.	7 20	1 16	5 26	.....	6 41
Lester.....	8 12	2 02	6 22	.....	7 28
Medina.....	8 28	2 11	6 32	.....	7 38
Chippewa Lake	8 34	2 22	6 45	.....	7 50
Seville.....	8 43	2 30	6 55	.....	8 01
Sterling...	8 49	2 36	7 01	.....	8 06
Warwick.....	9 11	2 58	7 20	.....	8 26
Canal Fulton...	9 18	3 05	7 31	.....	8 33
Massillon.....	9 39	3 23	7 50	6 30	8 51
Justus.....	9 58	3 39	8 06	6 46	9 07
Canal Dover...	10 26	4 09	8 36	7 16	9 36
N Philadelphia	10 33	4 18	8 43	7 23	9 43
Uhrichsville....	10 50	4 35	9 00	7 44	10 00
Bridgeport.....	1 25	7 00	.....	10 00	.....
Bellaire	...	7 15	.....	.....	.....

Lorain Branch.	11	13	15	9
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
Lorain.....	6 15	1 05	4 25	9 45
Elyria.....	6 31	1 20	4 40	10 00
Grafton.....	6 51	1 38	4 56	10 16
Lester.....	7 10	1 57	5 15	10 35

*Sunday only.

Sunday trains between Uhrichsville and Cleveland and Uhrichsville and Lorain at Massillon, southbound, 9:39 a. m., 8:51 p. m. northbound, 7:34 a. m., 4:57 p. m. Electric cars, Bridgeport to Wheeling, Bellaire and Martins Ferry.

For through tickets or any information, consult any agent or address
M. G. CARREL, G. P. A., Cleveland, O

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.

"B. & O. System."
Taking Effect Oct. 2, 1898.
NORTH BOUND.

	* No. 46	* No. 4.	† No. 6.	* No. 10	† No. 8.
Massillon	A. M.	A. 7 30	A 11 30	P 3 30	P. 6 45
Canton ...	5 38	8 35	P 12 01	4 19	7 40
Akron.....	6 22	9 20	1 00	5 18	8 25
Cleveland	8 05	10 20	2 10	6 25	9 25

SOUTH BOUND.

	* No. 1.	† No. 3.	† No. 7.	* No. 5.	* No. 47
Cleveland	A. 7 25	A 11 00	P 2 00	P 3 30	P. 6 35
Akron	8 42	P 12 01	2 56	4 40	7 35
Canton....	9 56	1 08	3 35	5 44	8 40
Massillon	10 30	2 10	4 10	6 10	9 20

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
E. W. Busby, Ticket Agt. 40 E. Main St.

THE INDEPENDENT CO. will print you anything you need in the line of job work.

Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Ry.

Schedule in Effect April 3, 1899.

SOUTH BOUND.

Central Time	2 Day	28 Day See Note	38 Day Ex Sun	8 Day Ex Sun		
	a. m	p. m	p. m	a. m		
Cleveland....Lv	8 35	7 40	3 15	.....		
Euclid Ave... "	8 45	7 50	3 25	.....		
Newburg..... "	8 58	8 05	3 30	.....		
Hudson ..... "	9 30	8 40	4 15	.....		
Cuyahoga F.. "	9 43	8 54	4 27	.....		
Akron..... "	9 58	9 07	4 45	.....		
Orrville ... { Ar	10 48	10 00	5 40	.....		
Orrville ... { Lv	10 53	10 10	5 45	.....		
Millersburg.. "	11 34	10 57	6 30	6 00		
Gambier..... "	12 37	12 0	p. m	7 07		
Mt. Vernon { Ar	12 48	12 25	.....	7 20		
Mt. Vernon { Lv	1 1253	1 1280	.....	17 25		
Centerburg... "	1 18	12 59	.....	7 52		
Westerville.. "	1 48	1 37	.....	8 28		
Columbus.....Ar	2 10	2 00	.....	8 55		
	p. m	a. m		a. m		
Cincinnati.....	5 40	6 30	.....	.....		
	p. m	a. m				

NORTH BOUND.

Central Time	3 Day	27 Day	35 Day Ex Sun	7 Day Ex Sun		
	a.m	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.		
Cincinnati... Lv	8 30	8 00	.....	.....		
Columbus....Lv	11 45	12 35	.....	4 35		
Westerville.. "	12 10	1 06	.....	5 02		
Centerburg... "	12 46	1 51	.....	5 39		
M. Vernon { Ar	1 10	2 20	.....	6 05		
M. Vernon { Lv	1 15	2 25	.....	16 10		
Gambier..... "	1 28	2 40	.....	6 25		
Millersburg.. "	2 35	3 55	8 50	7 35		
Orrville... { Ar	3 17	4 45	9 35	p.m.		
Orrville... { Lv	3 22	4 55	9 40	.....		
Akron..... { Ar	.....	5 55	.....	.....		
Akron..... { Lv	4 15	16 05	1037	.....		
Cuyahoga F.. "	4 27	6 17	10 48	.....		
Hudson..... "	4 40	6 30	11 02	.....		
Newburg ..... "	5 15	7 05	11 42	.....		
Euclid Ave.. "	5 28	7 16	12 04	.....		
Cleveland....Ar	5 40	7 30	12 10	.....		
	p.m.	a.m.	p.m			

	114	Mls.	Dresden Branch	113
	a.m.			p.m
.....	†6.11	.....	Lv..Millersburg..Ar	†6 05
.....	7 00	0	" .....Killbuck..... "	5 80
.....	8 10	18	" .....Warsaw..... "	4 15
.....	8 55	27	" ...Cooperdale... "	3 00
.....	9 20	33	Ar.....Trinway..... "	2 25
.....	†1015	50	Ar....Zanesville...Ar	†12 40
	a.m.			p.m

† Daily except Sunday. ‖ Lunch.

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Nos. 27 and 28 carry vestibuled sleeping cars between Cleveland and Cincinnati.

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No. 28 has a local vestibuled sleeper between Cleveland and Columbus. This sleeper arrives at Columbus at 2:15 a. m. and is set at east end Union Depot. Passengers can occupy their berths until 7:00 a. m.

NOTE.—Until further notice, on Saturdays Train No. 28 will leave Cleveland 11:20 p. m. (Sleeper ready for occupancy 9:00 p. m.), and C., A. & C. Stations three hours and forty minutes later than time shown above, arriving Cincinnati 10:45 a. m.

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WHEELING & LAKE ERIE R'Y.

TIME TABLE—IN EFFECT FEB. 19th, 1899.

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

EASTWARD.	NO. 1†	NO. 3*	NO. 5*	NO. 7*
LEAVING	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Toledo Un. Dep.	7 15	1 20	4 00	.....
Oak Harbor....	8 15	2 17	5 05	.....
Fremont.....	8 36	2 40	5 32	.....
Clyde	8 51	2 55	6 47	.....
Bellevue.....	9 04	3 09	6 01	.....
Monroeville	9 17	3 23	6 15	.....
Norwalk.....	9 28	3 34	6 25	.....
Wellington.....	10 04	4 15	.....	.....
Spencer.....	10 15	4 28	.....	.....
Lodi.....	10 31	4 40	.....	.....
Creston.....	10 46	4 54	.....	.....
Orrville.....	11 11	5 19	.....	.....
Dalton.....	11 28	5 31	.....	.....
Massillon.....	11 41	5 48	.....	6 20
Navarre.....	12 01	6 08	.....	6 36
Zoar.....	12 22	6 30	.....	6 58
Valley Jct.....	12 29	6 40	.....	7 05
Sherrodsville...	12 57	7 04	.....	7 28
Bowerstown....	1 11	7 19	.....	7 44
Scio	1 24	7 32	.....	7 57
Brilliant	2 49	9 14	.....	9 29
Mingo Jct.	2 59	9 24	.....	9 39
Steubenville Ar	3 10	9 35	.....	9 50
Martins Ferry..	2 50	9 15	.....	9 30
Wheeling.....	3 00	9 25	.....	9 40
ARRIVE.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.

WESTWARD	NO. 4*	NO. 6†	NO. 8*	NO. 2*
LEAVING	A. M.	A. M.	P.

AMERICAN BONAPARTES.

THEIR AMBITION AND FAILURE TO RULE FRANCE.

Outlines of a Well Known Romantic Story Recalled to Memory—How Betsy Patterson Was Insulted by Napoleon and Learned to Despise Her Country.

The late Prince Napoleon was the son of Jerome, the youngest brother of Napoleon the Great. This fact brings nearer to us that great series of events beginning with "a whiff of grape shot" and ending with Waterloo. His death, moreover, has a peculiarly vivid interest for Americans, because it recalls the story of the first love of his father, Jerome, for a young American girl, Betsy Patterson, of Baltimore.

It is a sad tale of romance, imperial ambition, and diplomacy. Napoleon had already won undying fame in Italy when his young brother, Jerome, was but 13 years of age. He soon entered the French navy, for it was his great brother's ambition to make of him a fighter on the seas fit to cope with Nelson. It was an English frigate that destroyed this plan by driving the French frigate bearing Jerome into American waters. At Baltimore Jerome fell madly in love with and married Elizabeth, the beautiful daughter of William Patterson, a rich merchant and an Irishman by birth. Elizabeth, or Betsy, as she was called, had a consuming ambition, and when friends opposed the marriage she said: "I would rather be the wife of the brother of Napoleon for one hour than the wife of any other man for life."

Napoleon was highly displeased with this match, because he already saw himself on the throne and wished his brother to marry only "blue bloods." Jerome and his wife only learned of the establishment of the empire when about to sail from New York to beg the forgiveness of the first consul. They learned at the same time that both Jerome and his brother Lucien were debarred from the line of succession for marrying against Napoleon's wishes. Nevertheless the young couple, still hoping forgiveness and advancement, sailed for Lisbon in 1805.

There Jerome was arrested and taken to France, after a tearful adieu and protestations of everlasting fidelity to his wife, who was not allowed to land. She sent a message to the emperor which tickled him immensely.

"Tell the emperor," she said, "that Mme. Bonaparte demands her rights as a member of the imperial family."

She proceeded to England, where a boy was soon born to her and christened Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte. Jerome, the father, proceeded to Paris, little thinking that he would never see Betsy again, save as a stranger and with another wife upon his arm.

Napoleon positively refused to recognize the marriage, but promised Betsy an annual pension of $12,000 provided she would return to America and renounce the name of Bonaparte, which conditions she accepted. Many times in later years she returned to Europe and figured as the center of sensations in foreign courts, winning the homage, not only of her husband's mother and other members of the family, but also from the Duke of Wellington, Mme. de Stael, Byron, and even the gouty old Louis XVII, who tried to have her appear at court; but as she still received a pension from the exiled emperor she declined.

Her husband, Jerome, thus separated from her, was compelled by his brother to marry Catharine, the daughter of the king of Wurtemberg. Soon after he was made king of Westphalia. He then sent to America for Betsy's child, "Bo"—an abbreviation for Bonaparte. She refused to give him up, and in reply to the offer of her husband of a ducal crown, with an income of $40,000 a year, she sent back the scornful message: "Westphalia is too small for two queens; besides, I already receive $12,000 a year from the emperor, and I would rather be protected by the wings of the eagle than be dependent on the bill of a goose."

She ever afterward spoke with contempt of her husband although Bo" frequently visited his father's family in Europe, where he was treated as a son and a brother, his half sister, Princess Mathilde, being especially fond of him. Afterward "Bo" married a Baltimore lady, causing his mother, Madame Betsy, great anger by doing so. His cousin, Emperor Napoleon III, invited him to France, where he was legitimized and received as a member of the family. His half brother, the son of Jerome by Catharine, quarreled with the emperor, and there was at one time a strong intention to make "Bo" the heir presumptive, but ultimately "Bo" was declared ineligible. He declined a duchy, refusing the condition attached of surrendering the name of Bonaparte. On the death of King Jerome, in 1860, his American wife, Betsy Patterson, contested his will. She was, however, refused a share of his property.

The letters show a great contempt for her native land. She wrote to her father from Florence in 1829 as follows:

"A parent can not make a silk purse of a sow's ear, and you found that you could not make a sow's ear of a silk purse. It was impossible to bend my talents and my ambition to the obscure destiny of a Baltimore housekeeper, and it was absurd to attempt it after I had married the brother of an emperor. I had not the meanness of spirit to descend from such an elevation to the deplorable condition of being the wife of an American.

"I often tried to reason myself into the courage necessary to commit suicide when I contemplated a long life to be passed in a trading town, where everything contrasted so strongly with my wishes.

"I never could have degraded myself by marriage with people who, after I had married a prince, became my inferiors.

"The Americans themselves had sense and good taste enough to feel that I had risen above them, and have always treated me with the respect and deference due to a superior.

"When I first heard that my son could condescend to marry any one in Baltimore I nearly went mad.

"I repeat that I would have starved, died, rather than married any one in Baltimore."

In her old age Betsy's constant companions were a carpet bag and a red umbrella, the color of the Napoleonic dynasty. "Bo" died in 1870. His mother survived till 1879, dying at the age of 94 years, and leaving a fortune of $1,500,000 to Bo's two sons, Jerome and Charles J. Bonaparte.

Charles J. married Miss Nellie Day, of Boston, who is a granddaughter of Mr. James C. Dunn, a merchant of Boston.

Prince Victor, who succeeds to the Bonapartist claims, was born in 1862 and educated in Germany. He lives in Brussels, whence, no doubt, a bombastic manifesto to the French people may be looked for before long.

"Our Little Dot."

A writer in the New York *Sun* describes a scene which he witnessed late one evening, in the streets of St. Louis. A group of gamins were hanging about an old, gray haired woman, shabbily dressed, who carried a large package under her arm. The writer of the sketch followed, thinking to say something at the right moment.

The boys were jeering, and the woman was begging to be let alone. By and by she sat down on a doorstep. Then the young Arabs gathered thickly around her.

"Give us a song, old woman!"

"If you'll dance us a jig, we'll let you off!"

"Open the bundle and let's see what you've got!"

When there was a moment of silence she replied:

"Boys, come closer round me. I've got something here to show you."

They crowded up to her, and she removed the newspapers which concealed the object she was carrying, and held it up before them.

If a bombshell had dropped among them it would not have scattered them more quickly. What do you suppose it was? A piece of board about three feet long by a foot wide, painted white, and on it in black letters the epitaph—

OUR LITTLE DOT.
DIED OCTOBER 17, 1886.

It was the headstone of a child's grave—such a headstone as only the poor and lowly erect over the grave of a loved one. Out of pity for her poverty and sorrow the painter may have done the work for nothing.

The boys could read, and as each read for himself he turned and vanished in the darkness. The last one to go took off his ragged cap and said:

"We didn't know it, aunty; please excuse us."

Recipes of Longevity.

Freedom from care is about the only incidental advantage that has been universally recognized as a factor of longevity. About hereditary predispositions there is no doubt, but the comparative benefits of cold and warm climates are still controverted, and the possibility of averting a premature death by abstemiousness has been altogether denied by some physicians who claim that a tendency to consumption and kindred disorders can be counteracted only by a generous diet. Teachers, parsons, pensioned officers, and well to do farmers have attained longevity in all parts of the civilized world, but their health theories differ amazingly. Baron de Waldeck ascribes his century of physical vigor to the love for fresh air; a Roman pedagogue to the "respiratory atmosphere of young females;" a guant Dutch sailor to using tobacco in the form of quids rather than of cigars; the historian Fontenelle to his dread of late hours. Having worked himself into a fever in his 18th year by midnight studies, he ever afterward retired to a solitary but comfortable couch at 9 p. m., and divided his journeys into small trips rather than deviate from that rule. "To what do you chiefly attribute your continued health?" the Emperor Augustus asked a centenarian whom he found romping and joking with a party of young athletes. "Intus mulso, foris oleo," said the old fellow—"Oil outside, must outside," i. e., ointment of olive oil and unfermented wine for the inner man. Marshal Soult lived 83 years and died under the impression that he could have held the fort 10 years longer if he had not given up horseback riding at the advice of his physicians.—[Philadelphia Times.

Even Old Hickory Could Not Stop It.

Much amusement has been caused at Washington by the cabled news from Rome to the effect that King Humbert was highly indignant at the cartoons of him published in American papers and disposed to go to war unless an apology was made by the Government. The spectacle of Harrison and Blaine, who have suffered about as much at the cartoonists's hands as anybody, trying to protect King Humbert from the wit and sarcasm of American pencils would be refreshing. A State Department official recalls the fact that this same question arose years ago, in Jackson's time, and was settled by Old Hickory in characteristic fashion. The czar of Russia was being lampooned unmercifully in the American press, and the St. Petersburg government, accustomed to ordering editors about at its own sweet will, asked the President to interfere and suppress the offending publications. Jackson's reply was that with all his power as President of the United States he had no control over the newspapers; and that for every assault upon the czar in American newspapers he could show a thousand upon himself.—[Chicago Herald.

Invention of the Panorama.

About a century ago the panorama was invented by Robert Barker, a Scotchman. He was imprisoned for debt at Edinburgh, in a cell with one opening only, in one corner of the roof of the dungeon. It was so dark that he could not see to read, but he found that by placing the paper near the narrow shaft of light that fell through the hole in the ceiling the letters of the writing became surprisingly distinct. This set him thinking, and after he was released he began experiments on pictures strongly lighted from above in a dark room.

The man who throws dice for drinks generally finds that the drink turns around and throws him.—[Yonkers Statesman.

THE TAGALOS' HERO.

ELIZA ARCHARD CONNER WRITES OF DR. JOSE RIZAL.

He Is Described as the Washington of the Philippines—The One Heroic Figure in the Wretched Tagalos' History Killed by Spaniards.

[Special Correspondence.]

MANILA, May 1.—In the midst of the incompetency, the weakness, the childish vindictiveness and unsteadiness encountered on every hand among the Philippine natives around Manila a single character stands out, by contrast so strong, so brilliant and noble, that it must command the enthusiastic admiration of mankind.

Jose Rizal is the one heroic figure in this poor Tagalo history. He was born June 19, 1861, at the village of Calamba, some 30 miles from Manila. A Spaniard tells me Rizal was of mixed Chinese and Tagalo blood, Mestizo-Chino, as it is called here. The Mestizo-Chinos are the ones who lead the present insurrection. Aguinaldo is Tagalo-Chinese.

A rich Spaniard who has been here for a generation sends this message to the American people: "Tell the Americans not to let the Chinese and Tagalos

DR. JOSE RIZAL.

intermarry. Keep them apart or there will be trouble." I found afterward that the gentleman himself is married to a Tagalo-Chinese woman; therefore he ought to know.

One account I have read says Dr. Rizal was of pure Tagalo parentage. It is not probable. The eyes certainly look Chinese, the shape of the head is Tagalo, while the nose and the fine, spirited expression of the face give a strong hint of Spanish blood somewhere.

From infancy the Philippine leader and martyr showed a marvelous memory and capacity for acquiring knowledge. His memory was indeed phenomenal. A Jesuit father told me that Rizal once said to him: "Whatever information or knowledge comes before my mind once, that my memory lays hold of and stores away. There it keeps it forever in the storeroom of my brain. When I want any fact, I simply call it out of my memory and use it."

The child was so precocious that his education began at 3 years old. When he was 8, he wrote poetry that was marvelous, considering his tender years. Early he was brought to Manila and became a pupil of the Jesuit fathers. He was a favorite one, because of his docility and his intellectual brilliancy. His memory and his literary talent were his most distinguishing faculties at this time. When he was 14, he wrote a drama that was performed before a large and enthusiastic audience in Manila. About this time, too, he won the prize accorded by the literary and artistic lyceum of Manila to the best composition by a Filipino author.

Watching step by step the development of this remarkable intellect we find that at about the age of 14 a new note began to be sounded in his poems—namely, patriotism, an ardent and burning love of country that seemed almost absurd in a Tagalo breast. But it was inborn and ready to blaze out splendidly when it was kindled by events. If Rizal had lived, beyond all doubt he would have had sense enough to perceive that the grandest destiny possible to his country would be to become a state of the American Union.

After leaving Manila university the restless heart and eagerly acquisitive mind within him impelled him to go to Europe and obtain the highest and best learning possible in the profession he had chosen—that of medicine. But he added also studies in art, languages and philosophy, so that the proficiency he obtained in each made him a master in them all. A Spanish sketch of his life says of him at this time, "The characteristic of Rizal was his constancy and his affection for his studies." In Madrid, in Paris, in London, in Germany, Austria and finally in Belgium he learned and thought and dreamed. He was author, artist, linguist, philosopher and physician all in one. In his profession the oculist's specialty particularly attracted him, and here he became remarkably skillful.

At this point, too, the good Jesuit padres, whose pride he had been, began to disapprove of him. He learned more than science and languages during the years he spent in Europe. He lived there from 1882 to 1887. He learned what liberty of thought and enjoyment there are for the citizen of a country even comparatively free. He looked on the dazzling attainments of modern civilization among the people of Europe, and like the stab of a knife went through him the thought of his own ignorant, despised, poverty stricken, servile Tagalo people at home. He never forgot or forgave it that his family had been done out of their property by the friars. Such thoughts as these brooded and simmered in his impressionable soul till they forced for themselves an outlet. Rizal uttered them in his famous novel with the Latin title, "Noli Me Tangere" ("Touch Me Not"). It was an undisguised attack on the friars of the Philippines. He drew pictures of their lives and performances that were unmistakable.

The book was published in Belgium in 1886, but it quickly made its way to the Philippines, where it made a tremendous sensation. As to its literary merit, reports are contradictory. One side represents it as a work of dazzling genius. A Jesuit father, on the other hand, tells me it is coarse and common in its literary style, and of literary style the scholarly padre is certainly a judge. At any rate, whatever the literary style of his novel, it made his native land too hot to hold him when he came back to Manila in 1887, and he found it expedient to go to Hongkong and stay not on the order of his going. At Hongkong he organized the Philippine league to work against the religious orders and for the independence of the islands, an idea which by this time had taken shape in his mind. In 1885 he returned to Europe and wrote his second novel, "The Filibuster; a Sequel to Noli Me Tangere." At the same time he began writing a history of the Philippine Islands.

The fathers who were his former teachers speak regretfully of this period in Rizal's life. They cast the blame of it all on his residence and travels in Europe. "In Europe," one of the padres told me, "he associated with Protestants and Lutherans and bad people, and thus became unsettled in his principles." I find in a church record of him that the Freemasons are blamed for filling his mind with independent and revolutionary sentiments, the writer thus at one clever stroke giving a black eye to both Freemasonry and republicanism.

At any rate, the poor Tagalos bowed down to Rizal living as to a god and worship the memory of him dead as that of a blessed saint and martyr. He was of their own race and to them the finest flower it ever had produced or could produce. Indeed he was a character to call out the enthusiastic admiration of even a white man. Daring, gifted and generous, he had withal an executive and organizing power that would have done credit to a statesman of Europe or America. Night or day, too, his services as physician or oculist were ready for the poor free of charge, and he was ever as generous as if he had been a millionaire instead of a poor revolutionist earning his own living.

At length he ventured back to Manila, never ceasing his revolt against corrupt government and boss rule. The friars' ring on its part never ceased working either, and their object was his downfall. They still remembered "Noli Me Tangere." Finally, in 1892, they obtained a government decree banishing him from Manila to Dapitan, in the island of Mindanao. He could have escaped at any time and gone to Europe or America and been alive and prosperous today, but he refused to do so. He remained as near Manila as possible—working, planning still to free his poor Tagalos.

The unfortunate feature of the case was, however, that the Tagalos exceeded his instructions and precipitated the revolution before it was ripe. A secret deputation of natives from Manila visited him in his exile and told him of a projected rising.

"Do not do it," he said. "You are not strong enough. Wait, wait till all our brothers have been won over and we have arms and force large enough to annihilate our enemies at one blow." They did not take this excellent advice, however. But it is to be recorded and remembered that Rizal himself, the patriot of the Philippines, opposed the insurrection.

Meanwhile the friars, ever alert, got wind of the revolution, as they obtained so much other information, through the confessional. A Tagalo woman told the story in confession to the curate of Tondo. The friars roused the Spanish government authorities at Manila, and the untimely movement had as its only immediate result the putting to death of Rizal, the idol of the natives and the one wise counselor who had advised against it. The friars and the govern-

MRS. JOSEPHINE RIZAL.

ment held him responsible for it, however, and a decree was issued ordering him to be brought to Manila and shot.

Rizal had a ladylove, the daughter of an English officer, to whom he was tenderly attached. Through all his wanderings and perils she had accompanied him, devoted to him as passionately as he to her. The attachment was faithful enough and romantic enough to be classed as one of the great loves of history. The day before his death Rizal requested her to marry him legally, that she might bear the sorrowful prestige of his name when he should be no more with her. She consented, and the marriage service was performed by one of the Jesuit fathers.

Rizal was shot Dec. 30, 1896, on the Luneta, the favorite pleasure drive of Manila. Dec. 30 is observed each year as a memorial day among his fellow countrymen. So perished in the flower of his age and powers the Washington of the Philippine Islands.

ELIZA ARCHARD CONNER.

Boils and Pimples Give Warning.

AN UNFAILING SIGN THAT NATURE IS APPEALING FOR HELP.

When Nature is overtaxed, she has her own way of giving notice that assistance is needed. She does not ask for help until it is impossible to get along without it. Boils and pimples are an indication that the system is accumulating impurities which must be gotten rid of; they are an urgent appeal for assistance—a warning that can not safely be ignored.

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Mrs. L. Gentile, 2004 Second Avenue, Seattle, Wash., says: "I was afflicted for a long time with pimples, which were very annoying as they disfigured my face fearfully. After using many other remedies in vain S S S promptly and thoroughly cleansed my blood, and now I rejoice in a good complexion, which I never had before."

Capt. W. H. Dunlap, of the A. G. S. R. R., Chattanooga, Tenn., writes: "Several boils and carbuncles broke out upon me, causing great pain and annoyance. My blood seemed to be in a riotous condition, and nothing I took seemed to do any good. Six bottles of S S S cured me completely and my blood has been perfectly pure ever since."

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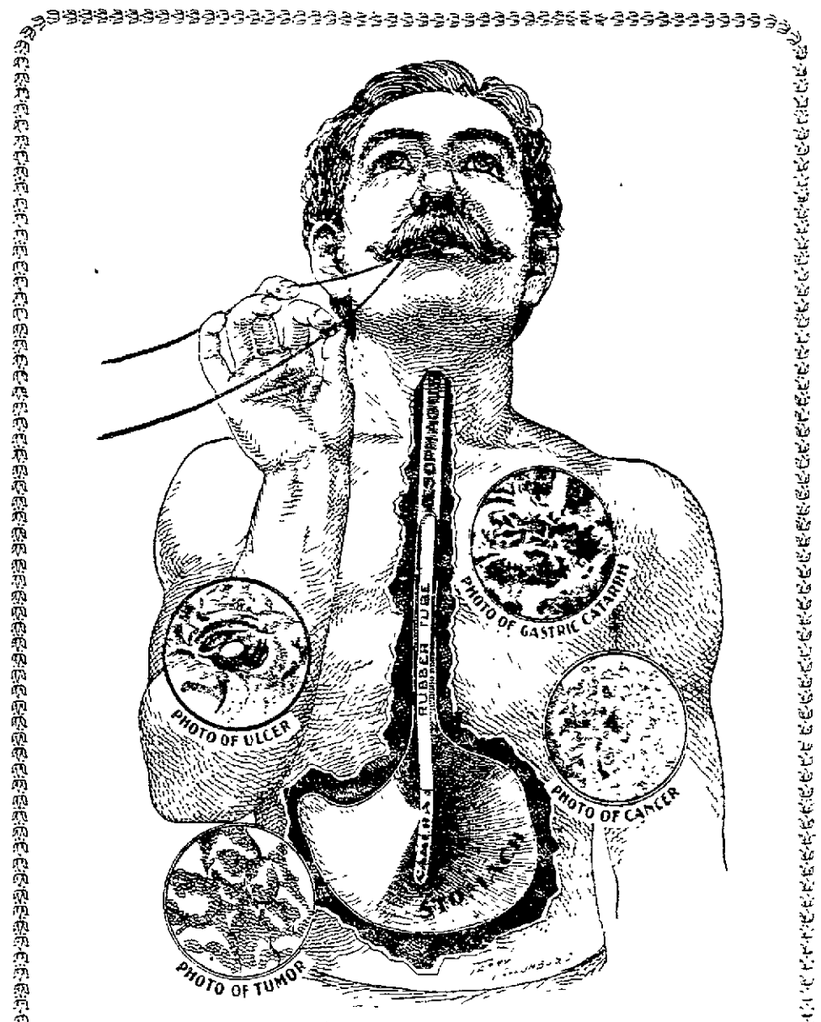

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WOMAN RAN A CAR.

MRS. MABEL BRIERLY OF PORT JERVIS N. Y. HANDLED THE BRAKE.

She Liked Running an Electric Car, But Her Husband Protested, and the Company Informed Her She Must Pursue Her Studies Else-where

A young woman has shown that her sex is quite capable of handling the electric juggernaut with skill and safety, says the New York Herald. She is Mrs. Mabel Brierly, of Port Jervis, N. Y., who has been learning in Middletown how to be a motor-woman. She has been accompanied by an instructor during the week she was on trial.

After one week of operating the brake her services were dispensed with, but she has determined to follow her newly adopted profession elsewhere. Her husband remonstrated with the superintendent, and the latter concluded that the woman's presence on the car was giving the road too much notoriety.

Mrs. Brierly was much depressed, but declared she would go to Port Jervis and get a position on the electric road there, as she was determined to make it a life business in spite of jeers and taunts.

The car from which Mrs. Brierly hoped to graduate belonged to the Middletown Goshen Traction Company, and was used as an express car between Middletown and Goshen. The forward end was used to convey boxes and bundles sent by express, while the rear was partitioned off as a smoking car.

Mrs. Brierly went on duty at 7 o'clock in the morning. The track leads out of Middletown through the streets and then among fields and woods to Midway Park and Goshen. As soon as the express car was out in the open, where there is little danger of accident, the motorwoman threw the cape of her mackintosh back over her shoulders and grasped the brake with one hand and the controller with the other. She answered the caution of her companion with the remark that if she could handle a bicycle she could take care of a trolley car.

She knew how to modify the current and take the car around curves without a jolt. If a cow got on the track, as sometimes happened, she jangled the gong until the animal fled in dismay. She likes the work and means to continue it.

Mrs. Brierly is tall and strong, and thirty years old. This is the account which she gives of herself and of the reasons which led her to engage in her novel occupation:

"My name before I was married was Mabel McCarty. My mother lives in Matamoras, where she is a nurse. My husband, Charles Brierly, left me, and I was forced to support myself and my three children as best I could.

"I tried first one thing and then another, working at almost anything that I could get to do. Finally I became an agent for a household article, and sold it all through this part of the State, using a bicycle to get around. I find I can do a man's work, and when I have learned all about running a car I am going back to Port Jervis to try for a position on the new road there. I don't think the work is hard. Anyway, it is a lot better than doing housework for some fretting woman."

Mrs. Brierly's entrance into a field which has hitherto been occupied exclusively by men has aroused some opposition among the latter. One of them wrote a note to her a short time ago and left it where she would see it, telling her that she had better go back to Port Jervis "and not be trying to run men with families out of jobs" in Middletown. Another man has offered her work cutting wood in Callicoon and promises not to charge her anything for board. A citizen of Middletown has written to her to say that he will give her a pair of boots if she will wear bloomers. She has not accepted the boots.

She has even had a proposal of marriage through the notoriety which her work has given her. A short time ago she received a letter from Scranton, Pa., signed by James Runyon, of that place, telling her that he has a good salary from the Scranton railroad and would like to correspond with her concerning matrimony.

Perhaps however, the motorwoman may come to the conclusion that it will be better to go back to her own home and resume her place in the ranks of matrons whose names are not heard beyond the circle of their friends. Her husband is anxious to have her adopt this course. He went to Middletown a day or two ago to ask her to return to Port Jervis, where he promises to establish a home for her. When he arrived he found that his wife had just left for Goshen on the express car and he was obliged to wait for an hour for her return.

Money We Spent Well.

Complaint is made that we Americans spend $20,000,000 a year upon amusements. But why not? Is it not the amusement worth the money to an overworked and constitutionally too serious people?

We are growing such crops as nobody ever heard of before. We are selling not only our grain and cotton and meat, but our manufactured goods, our steel, our iron, our machinery and the like abroad to such an extent that economists are actually feeling apprehension lest we grow rich too fast.

Why should we not see plays and buy pictures and decorate our habitations and in other ways lighten our lives at a cost that we can abundantly afford? Why should we not laugh? Why should we not cultivate the finer and softer side of our characters? What is money for if this is not a good use to make of it?—New York World.

A QUEER LITTLE QUARREL.

Two fine French dolls, with their frills and laces,
Their ribbons and curls and dimpling faces,
Went strutting around, with their airs and graces,
And said to an old rag doll:
"You raggedy, taggedy, jaggedy dowd,
Now don't you just wish you belonged to our crowd?
How hateful it must be to have inked-on hair,
And eyes made of beads simply stuck there to stare.
A figure all humpety, bumpety lumps,
As if it had had a bad case of the mumps;
No nice looking hands and no well slippered feet,
Too clumsy and dumpy to ever look neat;
Mere scraps for your clothes, with no trimmings at all—
It must be just awful to be a rag doll!"

The rag doll smiled, with a smile contented,
Which showed their sneers she had not resented—
She would have winked, but the beads prevented—
And said to the fine French dolls;
"I wouldn't change places with you folks at all.
Your faces will crack if you happen to fall,
Your hair will come out if it's given a twitch,
And your bodies spill sawdust if snap! goes a stitch.
You're dressed up so much you don't dare to sit down,
For fear you will rumple the frills on your gown.
You're too fine to hug and you're too fine to kiss.
Pray, what is the pleasure in living like this?
As well be a picture and hang on the wall—
It must be just awful to be a French doll!"

A New Game for Children.

Any number of children may join in this game, and it may be played in any room, or on a lawn or field. All join hands and go around singing, to the tune "Buy a Broom," these words: When I was a lady, a lady, a lady—when I was a lady, a lady was I." All then let go of hands and march around in single file, singing this chorus: "'Twas this way and that way, 'twas this way and that way, 'twas this way and that way, 'twas this way and that." During the singing of the chorus each child imitates as nearly as possible the attitudes and action of the person denoted in the first part of the song, which is changed every time by introducing a different character. All act together, and try to make the various parts as funny and as distinct as they can, and each one must look as sober as possible during the marching and acting. While they sing about the lady they must walk with mincing steps, and hold the dress daintily with the left hand, while the right seems to be waving a fan, and the head is turned archly sideways. All then go around again, joining hands in the ring, singing, "When I was a gentleman, a gentleman was I. 'Twas this way and that way," etc., as before. In this, as in all the choruses, they imitate the person, and they strut along with heads thrown back, the forefinger and thumb of the left hand making an eyeglass, and the right hand twirling an imaginary cane. Next they use the word schoolboy, and pretend to march slowly to school with folded hands and unwilling steps. The teacher is denoted by holding an imaginary book in the left and making signs with the right hand; the pianist, by playing on imaginary keys; the shoemaker by driving pegs into the shoes; and the chore woman, by kneeling down and scrubbing the floor or ground with both hands. The grandmother goes slowly with knitting work in her shaking hands, and grandpa, leaning his bent form on an imaginary cane, usually brings up the rear, and ends the long procession.

Willie's Patience Sorely Tried.

Willie, aged five, accompanying his mother to a dinner party, had been told to eat sparingly and to say "Thank you" when anything was passed to him. The older guests, however, demanded so much atention that Willie was almost wholly ignored. Finally he could stand it no longer and exclaimed in an audible whisper: "Mamma, I'm eating sparingly all right, but how can I say 'Thank you' when they don't pass me anything?"

His Liberality.

"Harry is horrid, mamma."
"Why daughter?"
"He gave me $10 for a birthday present, and then said I had better save half of it to buy his birthday present next week."—Chicago Record.

Joe's Ambition.

I don't want to be an angel,
And with the angels stand;
I'd rather be a drum-major,
And lead the village band.
—Chicago News.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 2 runs, 8 hits and 1 error; New York, 4 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Leever and Bowerman; Doheny and Warner. Umpires—Lynch and Connolly. Attendance, 1,500.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 3 runs, 6 hits and 1 error; Philadelphia, 2 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Phillips and Wood; Fifield and Douglas. Umpires—Burns and Smith. Attendance, 1,200.

At Louisville—Louisville, 1 run, 6 hits and 2 errors; Baltimore, 2 runs, 8 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Woods and Zimmer; McGinnity and Robinson. Umpires — Swartwood and Warner. Attendance, 1,200.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 3 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors; Washington, 5 runs, 16 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Powell and Kreiger; Mercer and McGuire. Umpires—Emslie and McDonald. Attendance, 2,500.

At Chicago—Chicago, 1 run, 7 hits and 1 error: Boston, 5 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Griffith and Donohue; Nichols and Clarke. Umpires—Gaffney and Mannassau. Attendance, 2,900.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 7 runs, 12 hits and 3 errors Brooklyn, 9 runs, 16 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Knepper and Schrecongost; McJames and Grim. Umpires—O'Day and McGarr. Attendance, 100.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Brooklyn	42	12	.778	Cincinnati	25	27	.481
Boston	35	18	.660	Pittsburg	23	28	.451
Baltimore	32	21	.604	New York	23	31	.426
Phila	31	21	.596	Wash'gton	18	37	.327
St. Louis	32	22	.593	Louisville	16	38	.296
Chicago	32	22	.593	Cleveland	9	41	.180

Games Scheduled For Today.

New York at Pittsburg, Brooklyn at Cleveland, Philadelphia at Cincinnati, Baltimore at Louisville, Boston at Chicago and Washington at St. Louis.

Interstate League Games.

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 2 runs, 7 hits and 1 error; Youngstown, 1 run, 3 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Miller and Belt; Roach and Trost.

At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 1 run, 8 hits and 2 errors; Toledo, 14 runs, 17 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Guese and Bergen, Cotes and Arthur.

Interstate League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Mansfield	29	16	.644	Y'n'gstown	23	25	.479
Toledo	29	19	.604	G Rapids	23	7	.460
New Castle	25	20	.554	Dayton	19	29	.396
Ft. Wayne	24	20	.500	Wheeling	19	30	.388

The First Anniversary.

It is just a year since the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road inaugurated its celebrated Pioneer Limited passenger train service between Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis. This service marked a new era in the railway world in the line of passenger accommodations. At a cost of a quarter of a million dollars that progressive company furnished the traveling public, in its Pioneer Limited train, comforts and facilities the best ever produced. This train has been described many times in newspapers and magazines, but should be seen and examined to be appreciated. In beauty of finish, richness and elegance of furnishing nothing equal to it has ever been attempted by any other road. The car builders were nearly a year in completing the Pioneer Limited trains (there are two—one leaving Chicago for the West and the other leaving the Twin Cities for the East every evening in the year) and they stand today a monument to the builder's art. No regular pasenger train service in America is as well known as the Pioneer Limited. From the standpoint of passenger traffic the past twelve months have been the most successful in the history of the St. Paul road, made so very largely by the Pioneer Limited. The patronage of this service is a striking illustration of the fact that the public appreciates a good thing.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. B. Arnold's exchange:

NEW YORK.

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Closing.
American Sugar	153½	152⅜	151⅜	151⅜
American Tobacco	95⅝	95⅞	88½	90
Atchison (Pfd.)	54⅝	54⅞	54⅜	54¾
C. B. & Q.	131⅝	131¾	131⅛	131½
Federal Steel	60¼	61¼	60¼	60⅛
U. S. Leather (pfd)	69⅜		69¾	
Manhattan	113	113½	112	112⅜
Missouri Pacific	41⅜	41⅜	40⅛	41
Louisville & Nashville	66¾	66¾	66½	66⅝
Northern Pacific (pfd)	74⅞			
Peoples' Gas	119¼	119½	119	
Rock Island	112⅜	112¾	112⅜	112½
St. Paul	126⅜	127	126	
T. C. I.	65⅜	65⅞	63⅞	
Western Union	89½	89¾	88¾	

CHICAGO, June 21.—Wheat acted weak on lower cables and some liquidation. Exports wheat and flour 759 000 bushels. receipts continue large; close was a fraction better. Puts 76⅞, calls 76¼ on September wheat.

CHICAGO.

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Close
Wheat				
July	75	75	73⅞	74⅜
Sept	76⅝	76¾	75½	76
Dec	78⅜	78⅝	77	77⅝
Corn				
July	34⅜	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝
Sept.	34½	34¾	34¼	34⅝
Oats				
July	24⅜	24⅝	24⅜	24½
Sept.	24⅜	24⅞	24½	24⅛
Pork				
July	8 22	8 25	8 22	8 22
Sept.	8 42	8 45	8 42	8 42
Lard				
July	5 02	5 02	5 02	5 02
Sept.	5 15	5 15	5 15	5 15

CHICAGO, June 21.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs active, $3.65@3.95; cattle strong; beeves, $4.50@5 00.

TOLEDO, June 21.— [By Associated Press]—Wheat 76¼

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.

Wheat	72
Hay, per ton	7 00 to 7 50
Straw, per ton	5 00
Corn	36–38
Oats	26–27
Clover Seed	3 00
Timothy Seed	1 00 to 1 15
Rye, per bu	40
Barley	50
Flax seed	1 25
Wool	15 to 18

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, per bushel	25–30
Onions, per bushel	65
Beets, per bushel	60
Apples	1 00
Cabbage, per dozen	50
Dried peaches, peeled	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled	04 to 05
Evaporated apples	08 to 10
Onions	65
White beans	1 25

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter	8–10
Eggs	12
Chickens, live	07
Chickens, dressed	10
Turkeys, live	08
Turkeys, dressed	14

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Sausage	06
Spare Ribs	06
Backbone	06
Ham	09
Shoulder	05
Lard	05½
Sides	06 to 07
Cheese	11

The following are retail prices:

Bran, per 100 lbs	85
Middlings 'per 100 lbs	90

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, June 20.

WHEAT—No. 1, 60-lb test, 74@75c; No. 2 red, 72@73c.

CORN—Shelled yellow, No. 2, 38½@39c; high mixed do, 37@38c. mixed, 36@36½c; ear No. 2 yellow. 39@39½c; high mixed, 37½@38c; mixed, 36½@37c. low mixed, 35@36c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 33@33½c, No. 2 white, 32@33c; extra No. 3, 31½@32c; No. 3 regular, 30@30½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $12.50@13.00; No. 2 timothy, $10.00@11.00; No. 3 timothy, $9.00@9.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $10.00@10.50; No. 1 clover, $9.25@9.50; No. 1 prairie, $9.50@10.00; No. 2, prairie, $9.25@9.50; No. 3 prairie, $9.00@9.25; No. 4 prairie, $8.00@9.00; packing hay, $8.50@9.50; No. 1 timothy from country wagons, $11.00@12.00.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 70@80c per pair; small, 60@65c; spring chickens, 25@65c., as to size; ducks, 40@50c per pair; turkeys, 7@8c per pound; geese, 90c@$1.00 per pair. Dressed—Chickens, 13@14c per pound; ducks, 13@15c; turkeys, 13@14c; geese, 7@8c.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 21c; extra creamery, 19½@20c; Ohio fancy creamery, 16@17c; country roll, 10@12c; low grade and cooking, 8@9c.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, new, 8@8¼c; three quarters, 7½@7¾c. New York state, full cream, new, 8½@9c; Wisconsin, 13½@14c; 25-pound brick, Swiss, 12@12½c, limburger, new, 9½@10c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 13@14c; southern, 12@13c.

PITTSBURG, June 20.

CATTLE—Receipts on Monday, about 60 cars on sale, market slow and prices 10@15c lower on best grades; other grades steady at last week's prices. Supply today light; market steady. We quote: Extra, $5.40@5.45; prime, $5.25@5.35, good, $5.10@5.20; tidy, $4.85@5.10; fair, $4.40@4.75, common, $3.50@4.25; heifers, $3.25@4.75; oxen, $2.50@4.15; bulls and stags, $2.50@4.25, common to good fat cows, $2.25@4.00 good fresh cows, $40 00@50.00, fair, $25.00@35.00, bologna cows, $10.00@20.00.

HOGS—Receipts on Monday about 35 double decks on sale; market active and prices a shade higher, especially on light weights; heavy hogs barely steady. Today supply about 10 loads, market unchanged. We quote: Best Yorkers, medium weights and good pigs, $3.95@4.00; heavy hogs, $3.90@3.95; common to fair Yorkers, $3 90@3.95; good roughs, $3.25@3.50 stags and piggy sows, $2.50@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday, 22 loads on sale; market steady. Prices on sheep 10c higher; yearlings steady. Receipts today 4 loads; market firm. Choice wethers, $4.75@4 80, good wethers $4.50@4.70 fair mixed, $4.00@4.35; common, $2.00@3.00, choice yearlings, $5.25@5.40; common to good, $4.50@5.50; spring lambs, $5.00@6.75; veal calves, $7.00@7.50; heavy and thin, $4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, June 20.

HOGS—Market active at $3.25@3.90.

CATTLE—Market steady at $3.25@5.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep strong at $2.25@4.25. Lambs—Market active at $5.25@7.00.

NEW YORK, June 20.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 2 red, 83½c to arrive f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 80⅞c in elevator; No. 1 northern Duluth, 83⅜c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 83⅜c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market weak, No. 2, 41⅜c f. o. b. afloat, spot and to arrive, 41½c in elevator.

OATS—Spot market weaker; No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 29½c; No. 2 white, 32c; No. 3 white, 31c; track, mixed western, 30@31½c; track, white, 32@37c.

CATTLE—None on sale. Feeling steady.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep firm; good to choice lambs steady to firm; common slow. Common to good sheep, $3.25@4.62½; common to choice lambs, $6.50@7.75; one car extra, $8.00; culls, $5.00.

HOGS—Market slow at $4.15@4.25.

WALTER BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

Costs less than One Cent a cup.

Be sure that the Package bears our Trade-Mark.

A Perfect Food. Pure, Nutritious, Delicious.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited.

Established 1780.

DORCHESTER, MASS.

TRADE-MARK.

We have a line of the

..Standard Bicycles..

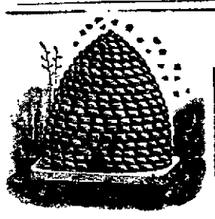
of the wor d.

Columbia, Imperial, Waverly, Crawford.

Call and see them and Get our prices and you will buy of us

Rider & Snyder,

DRUGGISTS. - - - 4 E Main St.



Millinery Stock TO BE Closed Out

At a late hour on Monday afternoon we purchased through R. W McCaughey, attorney for the large Jobbing House of Messrs. J. D. Bemd & Co., Pittsburg, Pa., for Spot Cash the entire Millinery Stock and fixtures, lately belonging to Miss Haas, of No. 17 North Erie Street, of this city.

The Stock is New, Fresh and Desirable,

and comprises the sort of goods kept in an

Up-to-Date First-Class Millinery House.

The deal was made under such circumstances that will enable us to name prices never before seen in this city.

The stock will be removed at once to the Millinery Department of the "Bee Hive" store, and the sale started on

Saturday Morning of This Week,

and continue from day to day until closed out.

ALLMAN & PUTMAN.

Legal Notice.

Kate Youngblood, nee Beck, George Youngblood, and John Youngblood whose residences are unknown, if living, and their unknown heirs if they be dead, as the heirs of Frank Youngblood, late of Stark County Ohio, deceased, will take notice that on the first day of June, 1899, Gustavus G. Paul, as the Administrator of the estate of Frank Youngblood, deceased, filed his Petition in the Probate Court of Stark County, Ohio, against the above named parties and others, praying for the sale of the undivided fourth part of Original Lot No. 75 in Kendal, New No. 481 in the city of Massillon, in said county, for the purpose of paying the debts of said decedent, there being no personal assets of said estate to pay the same.

Said parties are required to answer said Petition on or before July 29, 1899, or judgment will be taken against them.

GUSTAVUS G. PAUL as Administrator of the estate of Frank Youngblood.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY } ss.

F. Louis Hinderer vs. C. Frederick Von Kanel, } Order of Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, July 8, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark and State of Ohio, and known as, and being a strip of land thirteen and one quarter (13¼) feet wide off of the north side of lot number seventeen hundred and seventy-eight (1778), and a strip of land sixteen and three quarters (16¾) feet wide off of the south side of lot number seventeen hundred and seventy-nine 1779), in said city, as said lots are by those numbers designated on the original and duly recorded map or plat of Taylor Clay's Subdivision and Allotment of parts of original lots Nos. 30 and 31 in what is commonly known as and called the Wetmore, Binney and Fay Amicable Division or Partition of certain lands now in said city, the premises hereby conveyed fronting 30 feet on the east line of Francis Ave, and with that width extending back easterly 130 feet to the west line of an alley, and its south line being parallel with and distant 30 feet northerly from the north line of Green street, be the same more or less, but subject to all legal highways. House number three Francis avenue.

Appraised at Three Hundred and Fifty ($350 00) dollars.

Terms cash

Sale to commence at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J ZAISER, Sheriff.

Baldwin & Young, Attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss.

Edward M. Smith vs. Maria Anderson et. al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on

Saturday, June 24, 1899,

the following described real estate to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and described as follows: Lot number 263 in Wales's addition to the City of Massillon, Ohio, now known as lot number 475, according to the recent numbering of lots in said City; house number being No. 80, State Street.

Appraised at five hundred ($500) dollars.

TERMS:—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 1:30 o'clock p. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

R. A. Pinn, Attorney.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss.

The Peoples Building & Loan Company vs. Geo. T. Borden, et al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, July 1, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and known as and being a part of lot numbered thirty (30) of Wetmore, Fay and Binney's amicable partition of lands in Perry Township, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the south line of Tremont street six hundred and twenty-eight (628) feet west of the point of intersection of said south line of Tremont street with the west line of Jarvis avenue; thence southerly parallel with the west line of Jarvis avenue one hundred and thirty (130) feet; thence westerly parallel with the south line of Tremont street, sixty feet and four inches; thence northerly parallel with the west line of Jarvis avenue one hundred and thirty (130) feet to the south line of Tremont street, and thence easterly along the south line of Tremont street sixty feet and four inches to the place of beginning, which tract is now known as lot number twenty-six hundred and fifty-six (2656) of the City of Massillon, according to the new schedule of the lots of said city, and the house number is 320 West Tremont street, Massillon.

Appraised at sixteen hundred ($1,600) dollars.

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

R. W. McCaughey, Attorney.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Philip Dahlheimer, late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased.

Dated the 21st day of June, 1899.

JOHN DAGES, Administrator

C & B LINE

CLEVELAND TO BUFFALO "While you Sleep."

UNPARALLELED NIGHT SERVICE. NEW STEAMERS "CITY OF BUFFALO" AND "CITY OF ERIE," both together being without doubt, in all respects, the finest and fastest that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States.

TIME CARD, DAILY INCLUDING SUNDAY.

Leave Cleveland 8 P.M. Arrive Buffalo 6 A.M.
" Buffalo 8 " " Cleveland 6 "

CENTRAL STANDARD TIME.

Connections made at Buffalo with trains for all Eastern and Canadian points. Ask ticket agent for tickets via C. & B. Line. Send four cents for illustrated pamphlet. SPECIAL LOW RATES TO BUFFALO AND NIAGARA FALLS EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT.

W. F. HERMAN, General Passenger Agent, CLEVELAND, O.

DRAIN TILE

We have leased our works and in order to dispose of our entire stock of 80,000 tile until June 5th, will offer them at the following low prices:

2½ inch,	70c	per 100
3 inch,	90c	"
4 inch,	$1.50	"
5 inch,	2.50	"
5 inch,	3.50	"

This stock is first-class, well burned tile and must be sold to make room for the season's run.

Cope Bros. E Greenville

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY JUNE 26, 1899. XXXVIII—NO. 16

THE CLASS OF '99.

Commencement Exercises at the Armory.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY.

Half a Century Ago the Massillon Union Schools Were Organized and in June Was Held the First Commencement—This Year's Graduates.

The class of '99 of the Massillon high school was favored as no other class has been favored for several years past, in having a cool evening in which to make its bow to the public, and the public, which never fails to turn out en masse on these interesting occasions, was able, therefore, to enjoy the commencement exercises at the Armory on Wednesday evening in unusual comfort. The graduating class this year numbers thirty-three members; its colors are imperial blue and white, and its motto:

"Our todays and yesterdays
Are the blocks with which we build."

Following is the class roll:

Jennie Archer,	Lolo List,
Leila A. Bahney,	Blanche Matthews,
May R. Bartel,	Mary Miller,
E. Frances Coulter,	Vinnie Miller,
May Doxsee,	Edward A. Nill,
Minnie Ellis,	Ralph L. Oberlin,
Anna E. Flury,	Rose Paul,
Anna F. Griffith,	Katharine Reay,
Mabel A. Hoch,	Hazel M. Ryder,
John Howe,	Lucile Shoemaker,
Amie Inman,	Sadie J. Sibson,
Walter E. Jones,	Gertrude Smith,
Charlotte A. Keller,	William G. Snavely,
Charles D. Kline.	Floyd C. Snyder,
George Kratsch,	Edna L. Suhr,
Ida C. Lipps,	Cora Wendling,

James H. Young.

The exercises began with the singing of an anthem, "Jehovah Reigns," by the entire high school, led by Loyal G. Graves, the musical instructor, followed by the invocation pronounced by the Rev. John I. Wilson. The remainder of the programme was made up of sixteen essays and orations, solos, choruses and recitations. Miss Jennie Archer sang a serenade by Geibel. Miss Lolo List, the high school pianist, played Schumann's Wanderer with the quiet taste which has distinguished her performances upon other occasions. A recitation by Miss Ida C. Lipps, "The Regular Fighting Man," was given with spirit, and a humorous sketch by Miss Minnie Ellis, "Sonny's Schoolin,'" aroused much enthusiasm. Other musical numbers were a part song by the high school girls, a girls' trio, a double quartette and a chorus.

At the conclusion of the exercises Mr. Johns, principal of the high school, addressed to the class a few brief words of farewell in which he expressed regret at parting with the boys and girls who have so long been under his direction, and recommended for their future guidance a conscientious perseverance in the lines laid down by their years of systematic training. Superintendent E. A. Jones then addressed the class and audience, calling attention to the interesting fact that fifty years ago last October the union schools of Massillon were first organized, and that just fifty years ago this month the first commencement exercises were held. Members of the first board of education were the late Arvine Wales, Charles London and Dr. William Bowen The first school superintendent was Lorin Andrews. Continuing, Prof. Jones spoke of his gratification over the fact that of the thirty-nine pupils who entered the high school three years ago, only six had dropped out before finishing the course, and congratulated members of the class upon their arrival at the goal which persevering effort alone had enabled them to reach. The diplomas were then presented and the programme closed with the singing of the class song.

The honor roll of the class of '99 numbers eighteen, including Miss Jennie Archer, Miss Lola List and the graduates who delivered essays and orations. The subjects of the latter were well chosen and their delivery in each case was marked by distinctness of enunciation, due attention to dramatic effect and the absence of self-consciousness.

FOR CARRYING MAIL.

Stutz, of Mt. Eaton, Contractor Fisher's Successor.

J. H. Fisher's contract for carrying the mail between this city and Maysville will expire on July 1, after which date the present route will be made into two. Massillon mail will be carried by wagon no farther west than Mt. Eaton. Mayville will get its mail from Applecreek. James Stutz, of Mt. Eaton, has been awarded the contract for carrying mails between Massillon and Mt. Eaton, his bid being $250. Fisher, of Maysville, hauled mail between Massillon and Maysvile for $340. Stutz visited Massillon yesterday, and formed the acquaintance of men with whom he will come in daily contact. He has purchased a new wagon and good horses.

J. V. Hobbs, M. D., Fort Valley, Ga., says: "I have been practicing medicine twenty-five years and know piles to be one of the most difficult of diseases to cure, but have known DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve to cure numbers of cases, and do not hesitate to recommend it." Be sure you get "DeWitt's;" there are injurious counterfeits on sale. Rider & Snyder.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

Assignment for New Week's Session of Court.

CANTON, June 23.—The following assignment of cases for next week's term of common pleas court has been made out by Clerk Casselman:

Court room No. 1, Judge McCarty presiding—Monday forenoon, hearing motion docket. Afternoon, Mitchell vs. McConahy; Broker, receiver, vs. Parr.

Tuesday—Central Savings Bank Co. vs. Dougherty; Ohio vs. Hallock and Carnes.

Wednesday—City of Massillon vs. C. M. E. Railway Company.

Thursday—Putman vs. Putman's executor: Newhouse vs. Trustees of Marlboro Township.

Friday—Hering vs. Powers et al.; State of Ohio vs. Maudru's administrator.

Court room No. 2, Judge Taylor presiding—Monday forenoon, hearing motion docket. Afternoon, Whitmire vs. Rohn et al.; Chisler vs. Myers; Home Savings and Loan Co. vs. Duffy.

Tuesday—Sarbach vs Sarbach; Lynch vs. St. Clair; Hunt vs. Bayliss et al.; McKee vs. McKee; Labbe vs. Schario et al.

County Auditor Reed has tabulated the returns of the Canton city assessors, which show a total valuation of $2,111,338, an increase of $215,548 over the returns for 1898.

The damage case of George Younginger's administratrix vs. the Diebold Safe & Lock Company, in which plaintiff sought to recover $10,000 for the alleged wrongful killing of Younginger while in the employ of the defendant company, was concluded Thursday afternoon in Judge Taylor's court, the jury returning a verdict in favor of plaintiff in the sum of $5,700.

Proceedings have been begun against H. Haerlin, landscape gardener at the Massillon state hospital, for contempt of court, and the hearing is set for June 27. Mr. Haerlin was ordered to pay his divorced wife $1,500, which he has failed to do.

Judge McCarty this morning granted a divorce to Mrs. Berkheimer, of Massillon, from her husband, for willful absence for three years.

The first partial account in the guardianship of Jacob Nave, of Bethlehem township, has been filed.

HENDERSON SENTENCED.

The Case of Hallock and Carnes Again Continued.

CANTON, June 22.—William Henderson, convicted of robbing the home of the Bender family, near Massillon, was taken before Judge McCarty Wednesday afternoon for sentence. In passing sentence upon the prisoner, the judge said the verdict was highly satisfactory to him, and scored Henderson as a villain who would not even stop at murder to gain his ends. Judge McCarty said he was satisfied that two other members of the gang implicated in the Bender robbery were now in the penitentiary, having been sent there on another charge, and concluded his remarks by sentencing the prisoner to eight years in the penitentiary. This morning Sheriff Zaiser and Deputy Al. Kincaid took Henderson and A. B. Winnett to Columbus.

When the case of the state of Ohio vs Hallock and Carnes was called in court room No. 1 this morning, the prosecuting witness, Mrs. Ruwardi, of Massillon, failed to appear, and Prosector Pomerene announced that all efforts to discover her whereabouts had failed. Some weeks ago she left home, taking with her two young children, leaving a fifteen-year-old daughter to shift for herself. Judge McCarty expressed high displeasure when called upon to again continue the case, and notified interested parties that the case would not be not-prossed, and ordered that the prosecuting witness, when found, should be placed under bond to appear in court.

The total assessed value of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago railroad in the state of Ohio is $11,004,667, and the value in Stark county is $1,691,813—the largest of any one of the twelve counties through which it passes.

John Dages has been appointed administrator of the estate of Philip Dalheimer, of Tuscarawas township.

The guardian of Mary and Catherine Breitman, of Perry township, has been ordered to sell real estate.

TO START MONDAY.

Improvements at Neal's Mill Soon to be Completed.

M. Neal, the Canal street miller, expects to resume operations next Monday, after a suspension of about a month. Practically all of the old machinery of the mill has been taken out, and in its place is now one of the latest and best milling processes in use. Mr. Neal has bought a great deal of wheat during the past month, having on hand at present about 70,000 bushels, which, he says, will rapidly disappear after he has started to grind 400 barrels of flour a day, the capacity of the mill. Mr. Neal has orders for 17,000 sacks of flour, the greater part of which will be shipped to the British Isles.

Gun-shot wounds and powder-burns, cuts, bruises, wounds from rusty nails, insect stings and ivy poisoning—quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Positively prevents blood poisoning. Beware of counterfeits. "DeWitt's" is safe and sure. Rider & Snyder.

Backache should never be neglected, It means kidney disorder which, if allowed to run too long will result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure is guaranteed for kidney disorder. Rider & Snyder.

TEACHERS CHOSEN.

Supt. E. A. Jones is Reappointed.

BOARD MEETS WEDNESDAY

Realizing that the Erection of a New Building May Shortly Become Necessary, a Committee was Instructed to Take Matters in Hand.

The board of education, in session for three hours Wednesday afternoon, reappointed Superintendent E. A. Jones and practically all of last year's corps of public school teachers for next term. It is understood that several vacancies will be occasioned by the resignation of members of the corps. Teachers whom the board has decided to offer re-appointment will be notified immediately, and they will be expected to without delay give notice as to whether or not they will accept.

The matter of moving back the Richville avenue schoolhouse and grading the lot, so as to be prepared to proceed with the erection of a new building when this shall become necessary, was referred to the committee on buildings and grounds. The first ward is constantly growing. Many of the attaches of the state hospital have moved their families to Massillon, and as the first ward is nearest the institution they prefer to reside there. It has been prophesied that in two years all of the vacant portions of the first ward will be built up, and it is to meet the conditions which this increase in population will bring that the board is now making ready. Besides, one of the township schools, just south of town, having an attendance of but a dozen, would pass out of existence if Massillon were to accept its pupils, the directors thinking that it would be better and cheaper to pay tuition than a teacher. The pupils are quite willing to come to Massillon, but the crowded condition of the city's school has stood between them and admittance.

It was decided that the improvements at the West Tremont street building which the construction of the new sewer line will make possible should be brought about as soon as practicable.

CANAL DOVER'S MAYOR.

He is Under Arrest, Charged With Accepting Bribes.

The following special, sent out from Canal Dover, gives the details of the recent arrest of Mayor Streb, charged with accepting bribes from gamblers, and who was bound over to court to await the action of the grand jury: "The case took a sensational turn, yesterday, just after the hearing, when A. Goldice and J. F. Winters, the two hawkshaws from the Mintz detective agency, of Cleveland, who caused the mayor's arrest, were arrested on the charge of attempting to bribe a public official. The detectives aver that they went to his honor and told him that they were going to open a poker room here, and offered him $10 per week for protection. They testified that Streb accepted the offer, and identified a $5 bill that was found in the mayor's mouth, after his arrest, as a marked bill they had given him.

"Deputy Marshal Utterbach, who arrested Streb, corroborated the story about finding the marked bill in the mayor's mouth. The mayor admitted that Goldice and Winters approached him and offered him $10 per week for the protection of a poker room. He declared that he refused the offer, and that the men left him. One of them called back, the mayor claimed, saying, 'There's $10 in your pocket.' As soon as this was said, the mayor alleged, Mr. Utterbach stepped forward and arrested him. Mayor Streb declares that his arrest is the work of his political enemies, and says he will fight it out."

NOT IN THE TRUST.

Massillon Bridge Company to Paddle Its Own Canoe.

TOLEDO, June 23.—The Massillon Bridge Company, of Toledo, has decided to reject the offer of the trust syndicate, the directors deciding that the cash payment was not sufficient.

W. C Jacobs, secretary and treasurer of the Massillon Bridge Company, was seen at the works today. While not denying the above, he declined to make any statement whatever in connection therewith. The main office of the bridge company is in Toledo.

TAKEN TO THE HOSPITAL.

Myers Now Where He Can Find No Lawyers to Kill.

Joseph Myers was received at the state hospital from Navarre last evening. Myers lost his mind worrying over some financial troubles and a law-suit. He wants to be allowed to visit Canton and drink of the blood of certain legal gentlemen who were connected with his case. Dr. T. Clarke Miller, of this city, was called to Navarre Tuesday to make an examination of Myers's condition.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers expel from the system all poisonous accumulations, regulate the stomach, bowels and liver and purify the blood. They drive away disease, dissipate melancholy, and give health and vigor for the daily routine. Do not gripe or sicken. Rider & Snyder.

Now is the time to subscribe.

W. & L. E. HEADQUARTERS.

They Will Probably be Moved to Cleveland.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Wheeling & Lake Erie will be held at Toledo next Monday, at which the action of the board of directors in voting to purchase the C., C. & S. will be either ratified or annulled. In commenting on the result of the meeting, the Cleveland Leader says: "The outcome is known almost accurately, as there has been a canvass of the situation made which shows that the stockholders favor the proposition. The programme has been made out as to what course will be pursued in case the action is ratified, but it has not been made public. It is said, however, that following close on the stockholders' meeting the Wheeling will assume control of the new property. This will be an outright purchase, and hence no interchange of stock will be necessary. The Cleveland & Canton has no stock to exchange even if there would be such a provision in the sale. The policy of the Wheeling has not been mapped out, other than it is the intention to make some improvements at once, both on the track and in added equipment. This work will be entered upon almost immediately.

"Cleveland is immensely interested in the selection of the headquarters for the consolidated roads. It was thought that at the meeting Monday the headquarters would be provided for, but such is not to be the case. There is to be a meeting of the new board of directors in this city shortly after the Monday meeting, and either at that time or shortly thereafter the headquarters will be located. Every effort is being made to convince the officials that Cleveland is the place best suited for the headquarters of the two roads, and it is known that they are favorably impressed."

CONVENTION ADJOURNS.

German Baptist Ministers Leave Massillon Today.

The convention of the German Baptist Association of Lake Erie and vicinity, after a two days' session in this city, adjourned Wednesday evening. The Rev. Mr. Moehlmann, of Detroit, preached last night. It was decided that the next meeting should be held in Pittsburg on October 22-25. The delegates went to Canton this morning, from which place they will return to their homes.

NEWS FROM CANTON.

Traynor, the Alleged Pugilist, Arrested on a Charge of Forgery.

CANTON, June 24.—Peter Traynor, the Canal Dover athlete who met Moore at Meyer's lake last week, was arrested yesterday and brought to Canton on a charge of forgery, preferred by Lewis Ecker. Traynor had posted a forfeit of $25 that he would meet Moore, the money being in the hands of a third party. After the entertainment at the lake Ecker gave Traynor an order for the $25. He claims that Traynor changed the figure 2 to a 7 and collected $75. Traynor was taken before Justice Bowman who placed him under bond of $500 to appear in court next Tuesday.

Attorneys for the Diebold Safe & Lock Company have filed a motion for a new trial in the Younginger damage case, claiming that the sum awarded, $5,700, is excessive, that the verdict was rendered under the influence of passion and prejudice, that the court erred in admitting testimony, in his charge to the jury and that the verdict is not in accordance with the weight of the testimony.

The jury in the case of Sarah E. Blackburn vs. Frederick S. Maus in which the plaintiff brought suit to recover $1,000 damages, alleged to have been sustained by reason of an assault and battery committed by the defendant, returned a verdict for the defendant.

Nathan E Moffitt has been appointed guardian of Jacob Kurtz, of Massillon.

Final account has been filed in the guardianship of Henry James, of Massillon.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Sylvester Burd to Alma Flickinger, lot No. 990, first ward, Massillon, $50.

J. W. McClymonds to Nathan Lee, lot 743, second ward, Massillon, $240.

Ernest Wissmar to G. Rippel and P. Kelley, lot 717, second ward, Massillon, $1,200.

Drink Grain-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe dealers for 25c. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum dysentery, or summer complaint, if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

HOSE IS BOUGHT.

Committee Agrees to Pay $550 for 500 Feet.

THE CITY CLERK'S OFFICE.

Latest Developments in the Llewelyn Tree Matter—The Light Committee to Ask for Three Propositions—Other News of the same Sort.

Messrs. Kouth, Lewis and Haag, of fire committee, have purchased 500 feet of hose, paying $1.10 per foot, therefore, from the Chicago Fire Hose Company, through Clay Baird, of Troy, O. The committee was instructed to buy hose at the last meeting of the council, Chairman Kouth making the motion.

Messrs. Johns, Lewis and Smith, the special committee appointed to decide whether the opening and furnishing of a down town office for the city clerk is warranted, have not yet gotten together, and so but little has been done. A vacant room in the opera house block is favorably regarded as a location for the office. Mr. Seaman obtained an option on this room some time ago. As the council will not meet again for two weeks, Mr. Seaman will be in office before the next session.

H. E. Sinnock, obedient to the council's orders, went to the Llewelyn property, in Washington avenue, prepared to remove the tree stump which has caused so much trouble in councilmanic circles. The stump was gone. Some boys of the neighborhood had dug it out. Mr. Sinnock will now receive his fifteen dollars. His contract was to lower one tree and remove two. He lowered the one, and removed all but the stump of another. The third tree is to be left standing until fall, when he will sell it for twenty dollars. Still, it is claimed that, notwithstanding the fact that he has done but half the work called for in the contract, he is entitled to as much pay as if he had done it all. Some of the councilmen say they do not understand the matter, but the committee says it does, so there's an end of it.

The light committee and representatives of the Light, Heat & Power Company were to have held a joint meeting, the other evening, but did not. The committee will ask the company for figures for lighting the city on contracts for one year, three years and five years. Then will come the committee's trip. Councilman Jacoby, of the committee, remains firm in his decision not to go on the junket, as he believes it an unnecessary expenditure of money.

WHERE IT IS HOTTEST.

Days of Suffering for Glass Factory and Mill Men.

The intense heat is making life almost unendurable for workmen at the rolling mill and glass factory. The men at the mill suffer even more than the glass-blowers, as the latter, every hour or so, can leave their work and rest in the shade for a few minutes. At the mill, after work has once been commenced, the men must keep right at it. For one man to drop out would necessitate the idleness of many more, some of whom might be in a position where the heat was not unbearable and who would object to the cessation. The demand for iron is so great that most mills in the country will be operated throughout the summer. The new wage scale goes into effect on July 1. The glass factories will shut down on next Friday.

Resolutions of Respect.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
MASSILLON, O., June 14, 1899.

At a meeting of the directors of the Union National bank, held June 13, the president appointed C. M. Russell and H. H. Everhard a committee to draft resolutions respecting the death of J. P. Burton. The committee reported as follows:

Whereas, Our fellow director has been called from the labors of a long and ardouous business career to his final rest, and

Whereas, The directors of the bank realize with feelings of deep sorrow and distress the sad loss they have sustained in the death of their associate, and for the purpose of recording proper expression of their feelings, be it

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. Burton, after a long and successful life of business activity, identified closely with the best interests of the community, a void is left which cannot be filled.

Resolved, That we commend the example of faithful industry and devotion to duty exhibited in the daily life of the deceased as worthy of emulation.

Resolved, That we extend our heartfelt sympathy and condolence to the bereaved family and that the secretary be directed to furnish them a copy of these resolutions.

Resolved, That the secretary be directed to make a proper record of this action and furnish a copy to the city paper for publication.

C. M. RUSSELL,
H. H. EVERHARD,
Committee.

FOR SALE—A binder as good as new 6 foot cut and all steel, will sell at a bargain. Inquire of C. J. Fortna, Massillon, O.

See our self-opening umbrellas. J. W. Foltz.

AGUINALDO IN COMMAND.

He Will Try to Retake San Fernando.

MANILA, June 24.—[By Associated Press]—Aguinaldo did not seem to be satisfied with the attempt of the insurgents to retake San Fernando and he took command of General Luna's army and massed the largest rebel force yet mobilized, bringing 3,000 men from the Antipolo region. Thursday night his men wounded two members of the Seventeenth regiment. General McArthur's men were constantly on the alert to repel any attacks by the rebels, sleeping upon their arms. The general sincerely hoped that the Filippinos would give him another chance for a battle, for the soldiers really enjoy an opportunity to fight them when they can do so without wading through swamps to catch them. Railway trains between Manila and San Fernando were stopped for several days while permanent repairs were being made to the bridges along the route, but Friday traffic was resumed.

DELEGATION SEATED.

LOUISVILLE, June 24.—[By Associated Press]—The credential committee's report was read in the convention. All the contests were in favor of Stone in Geoble delegates, except in Calloway county and the Forty-fourth legislative district of Louisville, where Harden delegates were seated, and in Nicholas county, where the delegation was divided equally between contestant and contestee. A minority report was presented by the Harden people.

The platform was adopted with unanimity. Rhea nominated Stone for governor and Tarvin nominated Goebel. The Stone men were astonished to see a Harden delegate second Goebel's nomination, and the roll call proceeded with much disorder.

The minority report of the committee on credentials was rejected by a vote of 327 ayes and 441 nays. The majority report was then adopted unanimously. General Harden then appeared, and after thanking his followers, withdrew his name as candidate for governor and expressed hope for the undivided support of the party nominee. The temporary organization was made permanent and the platform outlined already was presented.

DREYFUS IN FRANCE.

LONDON, June 24.—[By Associated Press]—A correspondent of the Evening News at Rennes, France, says a special train arrived there at 5 o'clock this morning with four passengers, who entered a carriage which was surrounded by six soldiers and driven to a military prison where the coachman was detained. No information is obtainable from prison or railroad officials, but it is supposed Captain Dreyfus was in the party.

THE FOURTH IN SAN JUAN.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—[By Associated Press]—Citizens of San Juan, Porto Rico, have arranged for an elaborate celebration of the Fourth of July, with addresses and fireworks. At their request, fireworks will be sent free of duty on a government vessel.

ROUGH RIDERS' REUNION.

LAS VEGAS, N. M., June 24.—[By Associated Press]—More than a thousand visitors are already here to attend the first annual reunion of the Society of Rough Riders. Governor Roosevelt is the recipient of special honors.

MRS. RUWARTI RETURNS.

She is Now Ready to Appear in Court.

Mrs. Rosina Ruwarti, of 396 East Tremont street, prosecuting witness in the Hallock-Carnes case, has returned to Massillon. She has notified Prosecutor Pomerene of her return. She claims she did not leave to avoid appearing in court.

Deputy Sheriff McKinney came to Massillon this afternoon and subpoenaed Mrs. Ruwarti to appear in court when the case is next called.

A TABLE MANUFACTORY.

Proposition Concerning One Has Been Received.

The directors of the board of trade held a meeting last night to hear the propositions of two men from Niles, who want to bring an extension table manufactory to Massillon. They ask a site and a cash bonus of $12,000 or $14,000, agreeing to give employment to fifty men. The directors decided to investigate the matter more fully before acting.

Energy all gone? Headache? Stomach out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

Tetter, eczema and skin diseases yield quickly to the marvelous healing qualities of Banner Salve, made from a prescription of a famous skin specialist of world wide fame. 25c. Rider & Snyder.

4th of July, Chippewa lake grand celebration, C. L. & W. Ry. Excursion rates.

Truths Tersely Told.

Foley's Kidney Cure is a safe, sure remedy for all kidney and bladder diseases. Guaranteed 50c. Rider & Snyder.

4th of July, C., L. & W. Railway.

One fare for the round trip on July 3d and 4th, good returning until July 5th.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

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WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1853.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1857.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

BELL 'PHONE TELEPHONE.
BOTH 'PHONES NO 60.

THE INDEPENDENT is on sale at Hankey's Book Store, Hamilton's Cigar Store, Cor. Canton and Jail Streets, News stand in North st. street.

MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1899.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH.
of Franklin county.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton county.

For Auditor,
W. D. GUILBERT,
of Noble county.

For Treasurer,
I B. CAMERON,
of Columbiana county.

For Attorney General,
JAMES M. SHEETS,
of Putnam county.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion county.

For Member Board of Public Works
FRANK HUFFMAN,
of Allen county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
WARREN W. HOLE.

For Representative,
JACOB B. SNYDER,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK.
CLARK W. METZGER,

For Probate Judge,
MAURICE E. AUNGST.

For Prosecuting Attorney
ROBERT H. DAY.

For Treasurer,
T. HARVEY SMITH.

For Sheriff,
JOHN J. ZAISER.

For County Commissioner,
JOSEPH B. SUMMER.

For Infirmary Director,
ANDREW REESE.

According to a traveller who has made a ten thousand mile trip over the West and Southwest, covering twenty-three states, the return of prosperity has killed Bryanism among the farmers, who have had a profitable demonstration of the fact that there is no possible relation between the price of wheat and the price of a silver dollar.

An important object which is being pushed by leaders of the House of Representatives is that of adding to the list of committees one for the purpose of considering and reporting on all matters concerning the colonies of Porto Rico and the Philippines. Without such a committee the legislation affecting the new possessions would be in charge of various standing committees which, under the present arrangement, have jurisdiction over the different subjects. If all legislation for the islands were brought under one committee a great deal of confusion and debate on the floor of the House would be avoided.

There is cause for much satisfaction in the outcome of the deliberations of the Samoan commission, particularly in its action sustaining the decision of Chief Justice Chambers in favor of Malietoa Tanu's claim to the kingship. This is a victory for the United States, not only in the sense that Malietoa was sustained by this government, but because the decision was rendered by Chief Justice Chambers, an American citizen. Malietoa's resignation of the kingship in the commission's favor, now assures the indorsement by the three powers of the recognition of the provisional government and marks the beginning of the end of the disturbances in the islands.

Two people were killed at a railroad crossing, a man was stabbed with an umbrella and another man fell out of a balloon during a picnic of the Butchers and Grocers Union at Toledo on Thursday. While Cleveland and Columbus may present the fact that three unusual accidents occurred in one day in the city that proposes to entertain thousands of strangers during the coming centennial, as evidence in support of a theory that Toledo is "hoodooed," THE INDEPENDENT, having in the name of Massillon voluntarily resigned the exhibition out of a spirit of pure friendliness for the Toledo Blade, at once disclaims any intention of taking such undue advantage.

While representatives of the czar of all the Russias are attending the conference at the Hague, called to consider the proposition of their sovereign that the armies of the great powers be disbanded, other representatives of the same monarch are calling upon American manufacturers of war material and asking for prices on immense contracts. Within a few days, according to dispatches, Russian agents have requested the American Ordnance Company, of Bridgeport, Conn., to quote prices on one hundred field batteries, six guns each, rapid fire six and twelve pounders, with all necessary equipments, the cost of which, in round numbers, will amount to six million dollars. The czar may be sincere in his endeavors to promote the peaceful solution of all questions which may arise between the nations of the earth, but evidently means to keep informed on the market price of war munitions.

The mention of the name of John R. McLean in connection with the Democratic gubernatorial situation was the inspiration for a few remarks from an old Democrat the other day which are quoted in the Ohio State Journal as follows:

"In the Cincinnati courthouse riots in 1884, John R. McLean was, next to T. C. Campbell, the special object of the displeasure of the populace. The indignation meeting at Music hall, on account of jury fixing, aimed at Tom Campbell, a crony of McLean, reached out to the latter and his newspaper barely escaped raiding by the mob. After the riots and the ballot-box stuffing of 1885, McLean went to Washington and for years kept away from Cincinnati, to which he was afraid to return. Some of his aids went to prison, notably the notorious Eph Holland, found guilty by the United States court and kept in the county jail at Dayton two years. Holland never squealed and fared well in prison, and is reported to have been supported then and afterwards by McLean until he died. There are many episodes in the life of John R. McLean that will make very interesting reading in Republican newspapers if he concludes to take another fly in Buckeye state politics."

The Hon. John Barrett, of Oregon, our former minister to Siam, poured hot shot into the anti-imperialists at a meeting of the Boston chamber of commerce Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Barrett, whose speech was upon American interests in the far East, was well qualified to deal with the subject because of his stay in the Orient, and his recent return from there. The point which aroused the most interest was his attack upon the methods of the anti-imperialists, in which he said: "I have every consideration for those men who object to the acquisition of the Philippines and believe that discussion leads us to come to a clearer and truer understanding of the whole situation. I bring a message from the 30,000 soldiers there, and I say that the injury was not done in the way of hindering our men in their efforts on the field of battle, but in spurring on and giving new life to their enemies."

The director of the Ohio section of the United States department of agriculture is anxious to have voluntary observers send to the department interesting notes and short articles upon agricultural and meteorological phenomena, and it is to be hoped that his request will meet with a general response. Every farmer is constantly having certain phenomena come under his observation which would have a greater effect on his own mind and action, and would benefit hundreds of others if he would describe them through the columns of the department's publication. Farmers, gardeners and fruit growers derive great benefit from the reports, forecasts and warnings furnished by the weather bureau, and every effort should be made to assist the officials in extending this valuable service. The nature of the information desired will be seen from the following questions:

What is the location of your best producing orchard? Is it in the river bottom, upon the hillside, or on the sloping bench land where the cold air during the frosty spring nights may be slowly drained off into the lower land? In a late spring frost, which orchard is the most, and which the least damaged? Have you tried protecting your orchards or your garden crops from frost by smudges? And with what success? What is the combination of soil, moisture and location that has given your best or poorest potato crop during the past season?

WOULD YOU BELIEVE

The Testimony of Outsiders Sooner than the Evidence of Massillon Citizens.

Read every item in your local papers.
News notes, advertisements and market reports.
Mark this very important fact.
Don't forget it when compelled to buy.
Tell your neighbors who overlook it.
That one-not two-only one.
Of all the numerous remedies,
Put up for frail humanity
Is backed by local testimony.
Not Boston proof for Massillon people.
Nor tales from distant far off towns.
But Massillon proof for Massillon people.
Doan's Kidney Pills in this respect.
Exist unique-alone-no other can do it.

Mr. T. B. Arnold, clerk at the Hotel Conrad, says: "I had a miserable backache across the loins every time I went to stoop over or bend somewhat it would cause the greatest pain. For two or three weeks I thought I would have to give up work. I did not know for sure what was wrong but I blamed the kidneys and went to Baltzly's drug store at the opera house block and got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. They relieved me before I had taken an entire box. Doan's Kidney Pills are all right and I recommend them to anybody."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers, price 50c. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Scald head is an eczema of the scalp—very severe sometimes, but it can be cured. Doan's Ointment quick and permanent in its results. At any drug store, 50 cents.

BASEBALL

How the Big League Managers Get Themselves Disliked—Freedman of New York Stands to Lose $40,000, but Will Not Miss It. Good Work of Individual Players.

BY GEORGE E. STACKHOUSE.

Have Sunday games, Mr. Magnate, if you want to! That is your business. But don't adopt another schedule which will find the teams on the train bound for the west on a Saturday. Some people have religious scruples about playing baseball on Sunday, and others are not bothered with any such scruples. Whether Sunday games are played or not is a matter for the club owners themselves to decide, but don't give the general public to understand that the very existence of your organization depends upon the bountiful receipts which come into the club coffers on the Sabbath. It is that unhealthily developed, too conspicuously displayed desire to grab the bright shekels which come to the box office on Sunday and a too apparent desire to sacrifice everything else in order to get in those Sunday games which have done more to call the attention of the opponents to the practice than has the mere playing of the games.

If the club owners would go along in their regular routine and let the Sunday games come in the same way, people would accept such things as a matter of course and forget it. Even before the season started this year there was a pretty row on because the "big three" had it "in for Louisville" and cut off the Sunday programme of the Kentuckians. Then the row was discussed all over the country, and instead of publishing legitimate news about the coming of the championship season the papers were discussing whether Messrs. Hart, Brush and Robison would relent and allow the Colonels to have a few Sunday plums. Now, that is not healthy preliminary booming for the opening of the championship season. The second mistake was made recently, when it was found that the eastern teams would start for the west on their second tour on a Friday night and in consequence none of them would be able to play on Saturday. There have been some woeful slip ups in League schedules heretofore, but this break was the worst that the League ever made. Any other day in the week would have been preferable for "train day." In the east Sunday as a magnet is worth any other two days in the week. There is only one thing which could possibly have brought about such conditions, and that was that undisguised scramble for Sunday shekels.

GEORGE LACHANCE IN A CHARACTERISTIC POSITION.

I met Arthur Irwin, Ed Hanlon, Arlie Latham, Sam Crane and several other veterans the other day in earnest confab over the possibilities of the present season. All agreed that the receipts were good all along the line, even in the minor and the interstate leagues. They were unanimous also that the game had progressed in many ways and that better ball was being played than ever before. Then they switched off on the pennant question in the League, and to an outsider who had no positive preferences, business interests or local feeling the conversation was interesting. "New York is not in it, and Freedman will lose $40,000 on the season, at least," said Sam Crane. "Still, Croker's friend is making so much money on outside ventures that I don't think he cares much. Brooklyn has a chance, of course, but I tell you you want to watch that Boston team. They have a great lot of players up there at the Hub, and when they get settled down to steady playing they just about win everything in sight. St. Louis will finish well up, possibly, but not anywhere near where the fans out there expect. You see, they started off with too much hurrah at the beginning. There were some things which happened in Cleveland under the Robison regime which I trust for the good of the game will not be duplicated in St. Louis. It looks to me as if they are too prone to jump upon the players for the smallest transgressions. Tebeau is also face to face with that unfortunate proposition which every veteran manager meets sooner or later. His stars are getting old on his hands, and they are going in a bunch. The same thing happened to New York several years ago, when Ewing, Keefe, Welch, Connor and other stars went up in a balloon at the same time. Tebeau does not seem to have realized his dilemma until it was too late."

Of course Arthur Irwin considered that his Quakers had a good chance, but he admitted that Boston had a better one. Hanlon would not admit that the champions had any license to beat out his Superbas, but it did not take much diplomatic probing to determine that Hanlon had frequent nightmares in which Boston bean fed goblins played an important part. He is watching every game that the bean fed outfit plays, and he is watching them mighty closely. Latham, the clown, thought that it was pretty nearly a toss of a coin between Boston and Brooklyn, but he admitted that if he called heads, and heads meant Boston, he would be satisfied with the toss and would stand pat and not hedge.

Then the talk turned to that wonderful little Baltimore team. Before the first ball was pitched the Orioles were placed anywhere from ninth to twelfth by those who pretended to know much about pennant picking. The wise ones, however, seemed to forget that Baltimore had in Robinson and McGraw two of the brainiest as well as hustling ball players in the country. McGraw has shown that he is a capable manager, and more glory accrues to Hanlon, who is responsible for the development. Robinson is an honor to the game and at the same time a mighty valuable man to have around. It was a wise business move to leave McGraw and Robinson in Baltimore when the consolidation with Brooklyn took place. George Lachance, the first baseman, is also playing baseball down in Baltimore in better shape than he ever did before. In Brooklyn George always felt that there was a faction against him in the club, and he never did the work that some of his friends were convinced that he was capable of doing. Now Lachance is playing all departments of the game right up to the handle, and his old friends are rejoicing in consequence. Tom Daly is another player who has caught his second wind this year. The work that Daly is doing is really remarkable. He looks ten years younger than he did two years ago, and I don't think that he was ever in such condition. The skin on his face is drawn tight across the bones like that of a football player at the end of the intercollegiate championship struggle. It simply shows what careful attention to diet and to the physical requirements of a man will accomplish when the aspirant for athletic glory goes about his work in the proper way. Tom was determined to win back his place in the major league and he has done it nobly. There is not an infielder in the League who is doing any better all around work.

Several of the managers are discussing at present some plan by which they can curb the appetites of their players on the road. It is the custom of clubs to put up at the best hotels, and the cuisine is such that the palates of the players are tickled to an unhealthy and abnormal extent. In other words, they eat too much of fancy dishes and forget the wholesome diet they get at home. It will only be a matter of time before many of the managers will give more or less attention to the gastronomical orders of their players when the teams are on the road. They talk about it now, but few of them have dared to suggest such a thing to their players. I knew one ball player who generally skipped from fish to dessert, and, when he arrived at the sweets, he went through the whole list.

It was not many years ago that star third base men were scarce. That position was the stumbling block of most of the managers. Now there are stars galore, and third is as easy to fill as short or second. The League today has in Collins, Wallace, McGraw, Casey, Lauder, Williams, Wolverton, Cross and Irwin the finest array of third base men it ever had in its history.

Ed McKean was a great ball player, but there are those who think that he has seen his day as a League star. He simply pays the penalty of those who allow their tempers and desires to run away with them. McKean gave little attention to physical requirements, and he pays the penalty.

Some of Jimmy Manning's friends down in Kansas City were getting a bit nervous over the poor showing of the Cowboys. By securing Gettman and Hulen, Manning appears to have made a ten strike, and the team ought to move toward the front ranks from now on.

Fly Fishing.

The secret of success at fly fishing is knowledge of the game. The angler who expects to catch the fish must use small flies, and the rest of his tackle must be in proportion. A wide assortment of flies is not necessary to success. A few standard patterns will suffice for all purposes, but they should be attached to leaders which have been tested and in which the angler has all confidence. The angler never knows when he will fasten to a big fellow, and it is small satisfaction to regret the defects of a leader after it has parted and the fish is gone. The flies necessary for small stream fishing are few in number. A collection suitable for almost any stream include the coachman, the royal coachman, gray and brown hackle, professor, cocho boudhn, red spinner, black ant, red ant and the mosquito fly. Leaders should be of light gut, but strong, the line of not more than medium weight, the reel an ordinary click, able to carry from 25 to 50 yards of line, and the rod of weight to suit the fancy, not, however, to exceed eight ounces. The man who uses a heavier rod on small streams punishes himself unnecessarily.

Why Jockey Sloane Is Losing.

Students of the turf are losing confidence in Jockey "Tod" Sloane's style of riding, which was accepted last season as invincible. Many now believe that he sits so far forward that the weight of his body comes upon the most fragile bone of the horse's anatomy. It is alleged that that is how he broke Holocauste's leg. The accompanying illustration shows the three prominent positions in riding.

THREE STYLES OF RIDING.

SICKNESS WILL DISAPPEAR AND HEALTH WILL BRIGHTEN WOMAN'S LIFE IF SHE USES Dr. Pierce's FAVORITE Prescription IN ALL CASES OF FEMALE WEAKNESS.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, } ss.
The Peoples Building & Loan Company vs. Geo. T. Borden, et al. } ORDER OF SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, July 1, 1899,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the City of Massillon, County of Stark, and State of Ohio, and known as and being a part of lot numbered thirty (30) of Wetmore, Fay and Binney's amicable partition of lands in Perry Township, bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on the south line of Tremont street six hundred and twenty-eight (628) feet west of the point of intersection of said south line of Tremont street with the west line of Jarvis avenue; thence southerly parallel with the west line of Jarvis avenue one hundred and thirty (130) feet; thence westerly parallel with the south line of Tremont street sixty feet and four inches; thence northerly parallel with the west line of Jarvis avenue one hundred and thirty (130) feet to the south line of Tremont street, and thence easterly along the south line of Tremont street sixty feet and four inches to the place of beginning, which tract is now known as lot number twenty-six hundred and fifty-six (2656) of the City of Massillon, according to the new schedule of the lots of said city, and the house number is 320 West Tremont street, Massillon.

Appraised at sixteen hundred ($1,600) dollars.

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

R. W. McCaughey, Attorney.

The best of all pills are Beecham's.

Give the Children a Drink

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take in place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee, but is free from all injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

Thomas Rhoades, Centerfield, O., writes: 'I suffered from piles seven or eight years. No remedy gave me relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, less than a box of which cured me." Soothing, healing, perfectly harmless. Beware of counterfeits. Rider & Snyder.

Had Kidney Disease 27 Years.

Mr. G. A. Stillman, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "Foley's kidney cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face today is a living picture of health, and Foley's kidney cure has made it such. I had suffered twenty-seven years with the disease, and today I feel ten years younger than I did one year ago. I can obtain some wonderful certificates of its medical qualities. Rider & Snyder.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers benefit permanently. They lend gentle assistance to nature, causing no pains or weakness, permanently curing constipation and liver ailments. Rider & Snyder.

Cured When Others Failed.

S. A. Ingalls, Crown Point, N. Y., writes: "My wife suffered from kidney trouble for years. She consulted several physicians and tried a number of kidney cures without getting relief. She was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure and in less than a week after she began using it, she was greatly improved and three bottles cured her. Rider & Snyder.

Pure, clean blood and a healthy liver result from the use of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the "famous little pills." They cure constipation, biliousness and sick headache. Rider & Snyder.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures swollen feet, blisters and callous spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

"What might have been"—if that little cough hadn't been neglected—is the sad reflection of thousands of consumptives. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds. Rider & Snyder.

Unfortunate People

are they who while suffering from Kidney Diseases are prejudiced against all advertised remedies. They should know that Foley's Kidney Cure is not a quack remedy, but an honest guaranteed medicine for Kidney and Bladder troubles. 50c and $1.00 a bottle. Rider & Snyder.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Lackamp, Elston, Mo., write: "One Minute Cough Cure saved the life of our little boy when nearly dead with croup." Rider & Snyder.

KIDNEY DISEASE

is little understood. Its symptoms are peculiar and often cannot not be traced to the kidneys even by the astute physician. If you have doctored your nerves, your stomach, your liver, your heart or other organs, and have not found health, it is safe to say your mistake has been in interpreting the symptoms of disease.

Try treating your kidneys.

The kidneys are the strainers of the blood. You must depend on them to purify the current that supplies every tissue and organ in the body. They ***should*** excrete all waste matter from the system.

If they fail to do this perfectly, it is not reasonable to expect good health. With healthy kidneys, disorder in other organs will be nullified. With diseased kidneys, every bodily organ is soon affected and good health is impossible.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes healthy kidneys.

The pains of childbirth in women are due to imperfect action in the kidneys—the presence in the blood of urea, which should be excreted, and which would be if the kidneys were right. Most of the other ills peculiar to women are due to the same cause. Every case of irritation, ulceration or similar affection of the organs may be cured by proper attention to the kidneys.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys.

Scarlet fever produces an effect on the kidneys similar to that seen on the face, a sort of eruption or rash, and very often is the beginning of Bright's disease, which may not manifest itself for years.

Foley's Kidney Cure Prevents Bright's disease.

The use of injurious minerals or other strong medicines often brings on congestion and irritation of the kidneys, known as ***Nephritis.*** Gravel is a common result of kidney disease and is one of the most agonizing of ailments. Chronic irritation or catarrh of the bladder follows these troubles and if neglected will bring added misery and probably death from enlargement of the prostate gland.

Foley's Kidney Cure prevents all kidney troubles.

Diabetes may occur at any age, from kidney derangement, and its end is often pulmonary tuberculosis or consumption. In the last stages cataract of both eyes often occurs.

Foley's Kidney Cure CURES.

Foley's guaranteed ***Kidney Cure*** is a pleasant and harmless vegetable medicine and is unconditionally guaranteed because we know it will cure all diseases resulting from kidney derangement. Below is one testimonial. We have hundreds, but rather than ask you to believe these, we ask you to buy one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure and become a ***living testimonial*** to its merits. Your money back if it does not cure.

W. L. YANCY, prominent in Paducah, Ky., writes: "I had a severe case of Kidney disease and three of the best physicians of southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy and will cheerfully answer any letters on the subject."

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

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COLLEGIATE OARSMEN

△ △ △ △

How the Different Crews Have Been Developed. Features of Favorite Strokes.

▽ ▽ ▽ ▽

BY LEO ETHERINGTON.

The last week of June will be memorable for rowing races between college crews. The Intercollegiate Rowing association, composed of Cornell, Columbia, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin, will hold its annual regatta on the Hudson river opposite Poughkeepsie, and Yale and Harvard will have their annual contest on the Thames at New London.

The Intercollegiate Rowing association's carnival will take place on June 26 and 27. There will be three events, as follows:

The freshmen eight oared race between the crews of the four universities on June 26, the four oared race between Cornell and Pennsylvania also on the 26th, and the varsity eight oared race between the four college crews on the 27th of the month.

The four crews have been practicing diligently for this event, and one of the

CAPTAIN KINTZING OF PENNSYLVANIA.

finest races on record is expected to result. Last year Pennsylvania won the race over the four mile course on Saratoga lake, after Cornell had defeated Yale and Harvard the previous week on the Thames. Old Penn thus clearly established her title to the championship, although it must be admitted that the Cornell crew was in no condition to enter the second event after their grueling in the first.

This year Pennsylvania is said to have developed a fast crew under the guidance of Coach Ellis. The Cornell boys have been doing some very fast miles on their home waters and will be the favorites with the public, especially on account of their record. The crew is made up as follows: Fay, bow; 2, Holloway; 3, Sweetland; 4, King; 5, Perkins; 6, Beardslee; 7, Dalzell; stroke, Robbins; cockswain, Fisher (captain). They are pulling the well known short, snappy, Courtney stroke that has put so many victories to the credit of the red and white.

Columbia has this year a crew that is said to be even faster than the famous one of 1895. Dr. Peet, their veteran coach, has drilled his men till they are well nigh perfect, and he hopes great things for them. The knowing ones predict that they will give Cornell a great hustle for first honors. The varsity eight will probably be as follows: Bow, Thomas; 2, Lawrence, 3, Meyer; 4, Le Prince; 5, Nash; 6, Mackay (captain); 7, Erdal; stroke, Falconer; cockswain, Bogue. Andy O'Dea's successor as head coach of the Wisconsin crew, C. C. McConville, declares that his pupils will open the eyes of the easterners on the day of the great race. This year the Badgers will start east about two weeks before the contest, so as to have about ten days' practice over the course and time to get used to the new conditions. It is possible that if the water is rough on that day of the race the westerners may make their competitors take their wash, for they have rough water to practice on as a general thing on their home lake and consequently are used to such conditions. Coach McConville has had a good deal of experience with the famous "Yarra Yarra" stroke under O'Dea's eyes and is well competent to teach it.

The Yale crew that will try conclusions with Harvard's representatives on the Thames on the 29th of the month are, with one exception, men who have seen service on former varsity eights. The solitary exception is F. G. Brown, the big football guard, who last year captained the winning freshmen eight. The characteristics of the crew are that the men are unusually big, very young and very tall. There are five six footers and five who weigh over 170 pounds. One man weighs 190 pounds and another 190. It is not expected that the crew will be wonderfully fast this year, but it is believed that it will be very strong. Dr. Gallaudet, the head coach, has been with the crew every day since training began. The idea of the coaches this season has been to teach the crew the old Bob Cook stroke as used in 1888 and 1892. Notwithstanding the fact that the eight is not expected to be very fast, the general impression among Yale men is that it will be able to whip Harvard. This belief is based on the fact that with two exceptions Yale has won every race she has rowed with Harvard for the past 15 years. If Cornell were to be a participant in this year's race, Yale would not be so confident, but with the Ithacans out of it Yale looks forward to the result as a certain victory for the blue.

The changes that have been made in the stroke have been in the length of the slide, which has been increased, and in the method of catching the water. These changes have been very slight, and it is doubtful if any one but Bob Cook could detect them. The main fault with the men has been that they are slow on the catch, and to obviate this is the principal effort of the coaches. Here are the names and positions of the crew: Stroke, Williams; 7, Niedecken; 6, Allen (captain); 5, Brown; 4, Flint; 3, Griswold; 2, Wickes; bow, Greenway.

The Harvard crew as at present arranged is as follows, though the order of the men is liable to change any day: Stroke, Higginson (captain); 7, Sheafe; 6, Bancroft; 5, Lawrence; 4, Tilton; 3, Wood; 2, Perkins; bow, Harding. Snap shot pictures taken of the crew while at practice show a peculiar unevenness of the men, which is owing to the fact that some of them have been trained in their preliminary work by O'Dea and others by Donovan. The form of the crew, it is said, is not as good as their speed, and that is a source of gratification to old Harvard men who have been going to Cambridge year after year to enthuse over the good form of the eight before the race only to feel more sad after it was over owing to the lack of speed. The chief fault of the crew as a whole is that it is slow on the shoot and unsteady on the recovery. These faults are not evident all the time, but occasionally when the men get into bad habits and the boat gets off its even keel. Mr. Storrow, the head coach, is working hard with the men and hopes to have the faults remedied to a great degree before the all important day of the race.

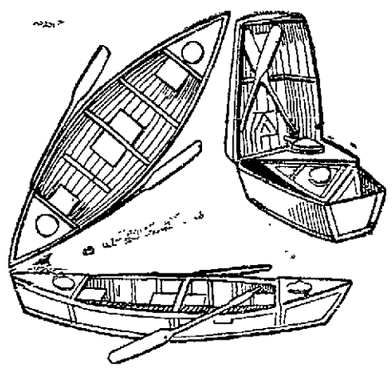
Besides the varsity race Yale and Harvard crews will engage in two other contests on the Thames on June 29. The freshmen eights of the two universities will race, and the substitutes of the varsity crews will row in a four oared contest. These two events will be over a two mile course.

An interesting feature in connection with the races on both the Hudson and Thames river courses and one that shows the popularity and interest that is taken in the races is the fact that two observation trains will follow the Yale-Harvard race, one on each side of the river, while an extra long one will follow the course of the crews on the Poughkeepsie course.

Winged Golf Balls.

A golf ball with wings, one that can fly 800 yards when hit by a stove poker, is the latest freak invention to be tried by experimentally inclined golfers. William J. Harley of the Fall River Golf club is said to have devised a ball which is full of levers and other things so adjusted as to go just about where the player wants it to. You hit the ball and the levers do the rest. Steel spirals and cogs regulate the wings when a drive is wanted. In putting, the wings may be detached. The device is too uncanny to be Scotch. No patent has yet been taken out.

A Boat That Folds.



FOLDING BOAT.

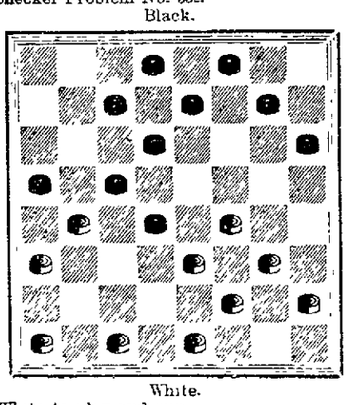
A new style of folding boat for hunters, fishermen and explorers has just been invented. It is in four parts, which bolt securely together.

Exercise For Women.

It is regular, daily exercise that counts, and if a woman will take ten minutes after rising and ten more before going to bed for deep breathing and some simple, effective exercise she will be benefited beyond money value. Ten minutes for exercise, ten for a sponge bath and ten for dressing are enough for any active woman to spend in preparing for the day before her.

CHECKERS AND CHESS.

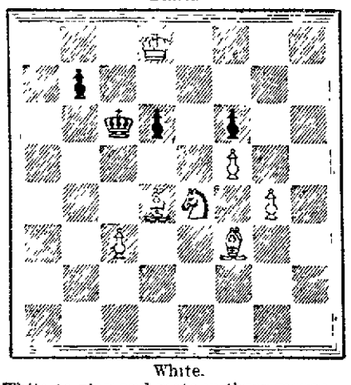
Checker Problem No. 532.
Black.



White.

White to play and win.

Chess problem No 532.
Black.



White.

White to play and mate in three moves.

SOLUTIONS.

Checker problem No. 531:

White.	Black.
1..22 to 18	1..13 to 17
2. 28 to 24	2..17 to 21
3..24 to 20	3..16 to 19
4 23 to 16	4..12 to 19
5..26 to 22	5..21 to 25
6 18 to 14	Drawn

Chess problem No. 581:

White.	Black.
1..B x Kt ch	1..K to Q 2
2..Kt to K 5 ch	2..K to Q 3
3..Q to Q 5 mate	

WHY CABBAGE FAILS.

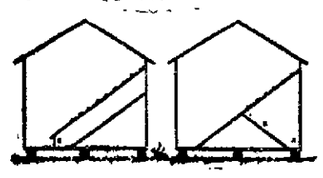
The Value of Good Seed and Careful Transplanting.

For a good crop of cabbage a deep, rich loam is necessary, and for a heavy crop it must not succeed other than grass. The best crops are secured by turning under sod about the first of June, and about the first of August spreading liberally well-rotted stable manure, and working it in with the cultivator. In cabbage-growing districts this method will give an abundant crop of large and perfect heads. With good seed, of the best strain, under these conditions, fully 95 per cent. of the plants set should produce marketable heads. In fact I have seen better results than this. On the contrary, take plants grown from the same stock seed, set them on a light soil that has been heavily cropped for a succession of years, the vegetable matter being pretty thoroughly exhausted, the climatic conditions being equally favorable, this soil would not yield half the crop of that of the former. Again, take plants from the same seed-bed, of the same stock, set in a field when the atmospheric conditions were favorable, say just before a heavy rain, and an equal number of plants just after the rain, if it comes off very hot and dry after the planting, the result will show two crops so different in appearance that even an expert, not knowing the facts, would say there were two distinct kinds of seed sown—the one good, the other poor.

Cabbage more than any other plant is injured by receiving a check in transplanting. Plants set just before a heavy rain will not receive a check, because the earth becomes so thoroughly packed about the roots that the air cannot reach and destroy the feeding roots, while those set after a rain may suffer because the earth is not pressed firmly about the roots. To guard against this the better plan is to puddle the plants and to set them in clear weather, when there is no necessity for haste, and the work can be perfectly done. This plan I have never known to fail, and I believe more failures are due to improper transplanting than to all other causes combined.—F. Park, New York.

Improved Poultry Perches.

It will be found a great convenience, more cleanly, and a great saving to so arrange the poultry house that the droppings will all be concentrated in a limited space, instead of being scattered over the entire floor. This may be done in several ways, one plan of which is shown in Fig. 1, and consists in simply building an inclined plane of boards beneath the perches. About one foot from the floor edge of the inclined board is nailed a strip, G. Thus the droppings are all retained in

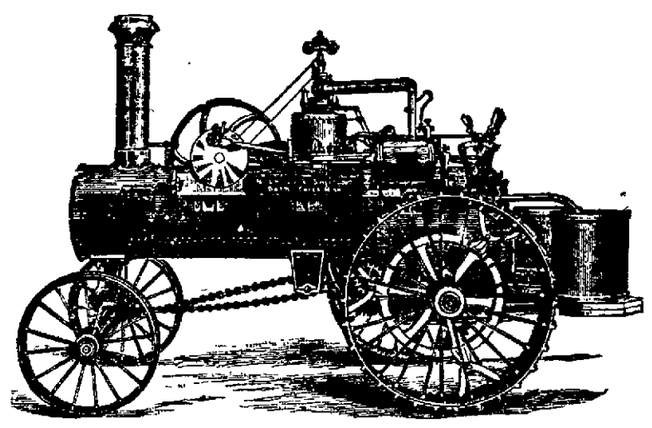


a small space and can be easily removed with a shovel, or muck, earth or other absorbents may be added at any time. In Fig. 2 the incline B, slants toward the back wall, near the floor of which is hinged a long door, A, through which the droppings are removed without entering the building. The incline should be set at an angle of forty-five degrees, and steeper if possible. Any of these improvements may be added to nearly all poultry houses now in use.

The Blackberry and Whortleberry.

Those who find it difficult to get good ripe blackberries and whortleberries may be glad to know that they can be grown in their own gardens as well as the strawberry, and that with the right treatment they will surpass in flavor and size any which may have grown in their grandfather's day. The low-bush or running blackberry grows best on a warm soil of either sandy loam or gravel, and when properly grown and well ripened is much better than any of the high bush varities. The plants should be set in May, in rows three feet apart and two feet in the rows. Care should be taken to select good strong young roots, and those which bear large sweet berries, avoiding those which bear the sour berries that ripen later in the season; it is best to mark the plants when the fruit is ripening, or secure the assistance of one who knows where the right variety grows. For garden culture the ground should be well hoed the first part of the season, and mulched with leaves or hay about the first of August. If properly cared for the first year, but little needs to be done the next spring; the crop will be large if the vines are well supplied with water during the ripening season; during this time they require quite as much water as the strawberry. The berries should not be picked until fully ripe, and to be in the best condition for sauce should be picked but a short time before eaten; when thus picked, they surpass in richness and flavor the strawberry; as it cannot be transported when fully ripe, any better, if so well as the strawberry, its good qualities are known only to those who cultivate it in their own garden, and understand the right time to pick it. But few dishes can be placed upon the table so acceptable as a dish of good, well-ripened blackberries of the variety which grow on the low running vines. To keep the garden clean, new vines should be set every year, and the old ones removed as soon as the berries are picked. The whortleberry, both the high and the low bush, requires a different treatment from the blackberry; it will grow on almost any soil. Bushes should be selected that are known to produce large-sized and good flavored berries; they should be set near enough together to shade the ground; a large portion of the top should be cut off; the ground be mulched with a heavy coat of leaves, and should not be disturbed by cultivation, but should be kept well mulched until the bushes are thick enough and large enough to shade the ground, and thus they protect themselves; when once established they require but little care. When the bushes seem to have too much old wood to bear well, they should be cut down to the ground in the autumn; the next year they will make a vigorous growth, and the year after bear some very large berries, but not a full crop until the following year.

When a man becomes so bad that women desert him, it is time for him to be heading toward a graveyard.



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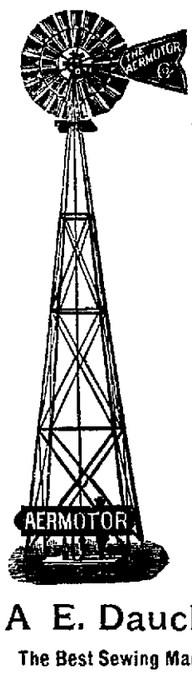

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